THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

FOREIGN.

The Alabama Claims—France's Internal Troubles—Cabinet Crisis Imminent—The Pope Packing Up—Church Affairs in Germany.

GREAT BRITAIN.

EXCITEMENT IN KINGSTON.

LONDON, March 2.—There was considerable excitement in Kingston, Surrey county, last night, over the sudden termination of a Republican meeting which was being held in that town. While Mr. Oderger, member of Parliament, was speaking, a party of royalists attacked the building wherein the people had congregated, broke the windows and dispersed the meeting. The royalists were particularly threatening in their demonstrations toward Oderger, who was compelled to scale a wall and seek safety in flight.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

LONDON, March 3.—The "Observer" to-day, in an article on the Alabama claims, expresses the opinion that in case England should renounce the Treaty of Washington, the United States would take no immediate action in consequence, but would insist on the validity of right hitherto claimed for American seamen to fish in Canadian waters, and on that point would meet with opposition from England. The reply of the American Government to Granville's note is expected to reach London in a week from Tuesday.

[Special to the N. Y. World.]

LONDON, March 3.—There is the best reason to believe that the British Government is prepared to consent to allow the arbitration of the Alabama claims to proceed under the agreement that in no event shall the sum awarded for damages exceed a certain stipulated amount.

PERSONAL.

Russel Guerney, of the British-American Mixed Commission, will leave New York in the steamer of the 30th inst. for home, but intends to return to America in November to complete the work of the Commission.

FRANCE.

TREATY NEGOTIATIONS INTERRUPTED.

PARIS, March 2.—The reported negotiations in regard to the commercial treaty between France and Italy have been interrupted, through Prussian interference, though the two first mentioned Governments deny that Prussia had anything to do therewith.

RAISING OF NEW LOAN DENIED.

Thiers denies that France has no intention of raising a new loan immediately, and that the recent utterance of La Franc, Minister of the Interior, which gave rise to the rumor, was wrongly interpreted.

PROBABLE CABINET DIFFERENCES.

It is reported that there will be differences in the Cabinet on the question of adjournment of the Assembly and in regard to Catholic petitions in reference to diplomatic representation of France.

TRIAL OF AN EMBEZZLER OF RELIEF FUNDS.

PARIS, March 3.—The ex-Prefect of the Department of the Eure, charged with the embezzlement of funds for the relief of France, is now on trial at Rouen. He was appointed to office under the Emperor, since the fall of which he has been conspicuous in the defence of the ex-Emperor. Pouyer Quertier, Minister of France, appeared before the court last week as a witness, and his testimony was strongly in favor of the accused. His conduct in this matter produces a feeling of great dissatisfaction on the part of some of his colleagues in the cabinet, and it is understood that M. Dufaure and other members threaten to leave it unless he resigns.

MINISTERIAL CRISIS IMMINENT.

A ministerial crisis is believed to be impending from other causes. In addition to the conflict between the executive and the legislative departments, on Catholic petitions and the question of adjournment, a difference has arisen between Thiers and the Committee of the Assembly on the bills proposed by Minister LeFranc granting the Government additional powers and for the control of the press. The committee insist on an amendment giving journals the right to discuss the constitution, which the President is not willing to concede.

PATRIOTISM.

A correspondent of the Liberte newspaper reports an interview with the private Secretary of the Count De Chambord in the course of which the Secretry said his master was ing will to risk his life to save France.

GERMANY.

DIPLOMATIC DINNER.

BERLIN, March 2.—Bismarck dined the French, Austrian, English and Russian Ambassadors to-night.

CHURCH AFFAIRS.

The *North German Gazette* says the latest communication of Cardinal Antonelli to the Concordat, in its application to Alsace and Lorraine, does not alter the situation. Each party desires to have the present arrangement abrogated, as it seems now instituted, by the Pope. The *North German Gazette* further says, apparently by authority, that the German Government will seek to arrange matters by legislation as favorably as possible to the interest of the Church in Alsace and Lorraine.

GREECE.

THE ROYAL VISITORS.

ATHENS, March 2.—The King and Queen of Denmark, who have been visiting their son, King George of Greece, have returned to Copenhagen.

THE ELECTIONS.

The elections for members of the Greek Chamber of Deputies occur on the 9th inst.

CANADA.

THE LEGISLATURE.

TOTONTO, March 2.—The Lieutenant Governor to-day addressed the Legislature. In his speech he expressed himself pleased that the House had resumed control of the surplus funds. He hoped the measures taken to promote immigration would be successful. He congratulated the members on the great prosperity of the country.

ITALY.

THE POPE MEDITATES LEAVING ROME.

ROME, March 2.—It is now believed that the Pope meditates departing from this city at an early day. Archives and jewelry in the Vatican are being securely packed so as to be in readiness for removal. It is said he will go to the city of Trent, in Tyrol.

SWITZERLAND.

RESIGNATION REFUSED.

BERNE, March 2.—Notwithstanding that the Assembly refused to accept the resignation of Dr. J. Dubs as Minister of the Interior and Public Works in the Federal Council, Dr. Dubs persists in his determination to withdraw.

AUSTRIA.

PAPAL INFALLIBILITY.

VIENNA, March 2.—Emperor Francis Joseph issued a decree declining to recognize the old Catholic Bishop, or the opponents of the dogma of papal infallibility, as a portion of the Roman Catholic Ecclesiastical hierarchy of Austria.

CONGRESS.

Prosecution of New York Merchants.

WASHINGTON, March 2, 1872.

SENATE.

PROSECUTION OF NEW YORK MERCHANTS.

Mr. BAYARD moved to take up his resolution asking for copies of instructions given the District Attorney at New York, relative to the prosecution of merchants.

Mr. CONKLING said the instructions were fully published in the newspapers. There was, therefore, no need to pass a resolution hurriedly. He thought it would be better to wait until he and others could express their views of the resolution, and of Mr. Bayard's motives in offering it.

Mr. BAYARD replied that if he had based such resolution on a mere newspaper item, Mr. Conkling would have been the first to call him to order. The allusion to his motive he thought ungracious and unnecessarily ignorant, as Mr. Conkling had no means of ascertaining them except from his public remarks yesterday. Besides, judging from Conkling's action in reference to the organization of the Retrenchment Committee and its investigation, he found that the Senator from New York could hardly understand his (Bayard,) motives. He did intend to comment on the conduct of the officers who had given instructions, but he wished to base his comments on authenticated information. He had asked for it in the usual and only proper way.

Mr. TRUMBULL moved to adjourn, which was carried—yeas 22, nays 21.

LEGISLATURES.

Missouri Savings Banks—Board of Railroad Commissioners—Twenty Years Registered Coupon Bonds—Statues of Eminent Men for Old House of Representatives—Kansas Legislature Adjourned—The Tax Levy.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, March 2.—Governor Brown has signed the bill to increase the savings banks' capital, which he vetoed a few days ago.

A bill to create a Board of Railroad Commissioners at a salary of eight thousand dollars each, was killed in the Senate yesterday.

The Senate passed a bill providing for the issue of twenty year registered coupon six per cent. bonds, redeemable after five years at the pleasure of the State, wherewith to pay the State indebtedness, excepting the bonds of the Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad.

KANSAS.

TOPEKA, March 2.—Both Houses of the Legislature adjourned "sine die" at 3 P. M. The tax levy was fixed at six and one-half mills, which will pay all appropriations and leave a balance of four hundred and forty thousand dollars for current expenses of the State. The Governor vetoed the bill providing for semi-annual payments of taxes. A large number of local bills failed to receive the Governor's signature. He signed the bill, however, which provides that persons convicted of murder shall be confined to the penitentiary for one year before being hung, and not then, except the Governor issues a warrant for the prosecution.

The Senate did not reach the bill abolishing capital punishment.

NEW YORK.

ALBANY, March 2.—The Governor sent a communication to the Legislature calling attention to the invitation of Congress to the States to furnish statues of their eminent citizens for the old House of Representatives. The Governor suggests that George Clinton and Robert Fulton would be fitting subjects to represent New York.

THE CAPITAL.

Treaty of Washington—Bond Purchases—The President to Visit Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON, MARCH 2, 1872.

PRESIDENTIAL VISIT.

The President will visit Philadelphia about Thursday next, to attend a wedding. He will remain two or three days.

NATIONAL BANK CIRCULATION.

The Treasurer holds as security for National Bank circulation, $173,825,250; for deposits of public money, $15,659,000; National Bank circulation outstanding at this date, $331,180,792.

THE JAPANESE.

Congressman Brooks will dine the Japanese next week. Gen. Myers yesterday drew from the Treasury $15,000 of the appropriation of $50,000 recently made by Congress to pay the expenses attending the official entertainment of the Japanese Embassy.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

Gentlemen in prominent positions express the opinion that the articles which are being telegraphed hence and published in newspapers indicating a difference of opinion in the Cabinet on the answer which has been sent to the British views on the Treaty of Washington, are calculated to weaken the position of the United States abroad; in point of fact, there has not been a shade of difference of opinion as to the former conclusion of the answer, which goes out very nearly in the identical language in which it was prepared and submitted in the Cabinet by the Secretary of State. It has been ascertained that the changes made therein were verbal, in order to give the clearest expression to the thought which it was designated to convey. The consideration of the paper at successive Cabinet meetings was, it appears, rather an excuse for the delay in its being forwarded, in the belief that time was having its effect in allaying the excitement in Great Britain. This is not regarded as an unfortunate circumstance.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, March 2, 1872.

SUMNER RAMPANT.

Mr. Sumner's allies in making war against the administration seem to have succeeded in holding him to the compact of fathering the movement concerning the sale of arms investigation. Though he had previously asked leave to withdraw the preamble, on account of the false statements it was found to contain, he yesterday again charged upon the conduct of the administration in the sale of arms to France that he believed there was great wrong and crime in it.

He spoke in high terms of the Marquis De Chambrun, who he said was intrusted with the delicate task of presenting the American case before the Geneva Conference in the French language. It seems to me that the mention of this engagement in the presentation of the American case was a very questionable argument on the side of Sumner & Co., who are are doing all in their power to show that the American Government has been contemptuously violating the same neutrality law under which its claim for damages is now to be presented by this identical spy or voluntary witness against us on the part of France.

Mr. Sumner's speech was powerful in its vindictiveness against the administration, and pleases the Democratic press and their correspondents here amazingly. The same denunciatory and acrimonious spirit in which they still palliate or justify the assault of Mr. Brooks upon him, is now made his special glorification by the Democracy. He is petted and patted on the back, applauded and pitted against administration men by his life long enemies, so long as he continues his diatribes upon his life long Republican friends, but the moment he votes for a Republican measure, they uniformly vote against him. His growing weakness in the estimation of the people is becoming daily more apparent, and he was yesterday obliged to bolster his waning popularity among Republicans by reading letters from his professed friends in different parts of the country. What a falling off is here, when Senator Sumner is required to defend his views as a Republican before the Senate of the United States.

CARL SCHURZ AS A CIVIL SERVICE REFORMER.

Senator Schurz is hammering away at the President and all who sustain or defend him. When Mr. Schurz was Minister to Spain, and subsequently a Major General, he was known as a supporter of Lincoln's administration. If he had been charged at that time with supporting the administration because he was "bought up," or obliged to sustain it to keep his place, he would no doubt have branded the insinuation as a calumny. But now he is guilty of the same offense. He reads a public criticism in a newspaper and at once denounces the editor as a "collector whose opinions are entitled to no weight." Mr. Schurz is too well informed not to know that arguments have inherent force, which cannot be augmented or diminished by the standing of the author. There may be more selfishness in seeking to wreak personal vengeance upon the President, than in volunteering a defense, in so far as he is unjustly assailed an indiscriminate abuse of the civil service is not the best way to reform it, and in point of fact, silence and indifference to political affairs are more likely to render office-holder's positions permanent than taking sides. The Senator has contributed much to make American politics more repulsive than ever before.

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

Under ordinary circumstances it is not safe to make political predictions, but the Republicans of New Hampshire are in the habit of making their political caucus with so much care, that their predictions are generally reliable. They predict one thousand majority in the State, and count upon a legislative majority of twenty.

INVESTIGATION OF THE DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

The House Committee on the District of Columbia has been in session for three weeks, and taken testimony equal to two thousand pages of printed matter, which no one save the proof reader will ever read. Thus far some minor blunders and extravagance have been shown, incident to all new systems, but no corruption or corrupt practice whatever. On the contrary, contractors have been held strictly to the terms of their contracts.

NUMBER OF MALCONTENTS IN THE SENATE.

I have just ascertained that there are thirty anti-administration professed Republicans in the Senate. Some deny this, but figures never lie, and the cyphering contained in the following tabular statement proves the numbers correct to a dot, viz:

Trumbull, Schurz and Sumner	3
Tipton	0
Total	30

FIRT GUN FROM MICHIGAN FOR COALITION.

Austin Blair has declared his opinion in favor of the nomination of Trumbull by the Cincinnati convention. It is rumored that he has hopes of being placed on that ticket for Vice President. Trumbull and Blair are good—very, but Seymour and Blair were better.

POSTAL TELEGRAPHY.

Now that most of the appropriation bills are out of the way, the House Committee on Appropriations intend to take up the postal telegraph system, and decide whether they will report in favor of the same to the House.

Like almost all other questions, this doubtless has two sides to it, but it cannot be denied that cheap communication between American citizens through reduced rates of postage has done much to benefit and increase the convenience and intelligence of the people. The interchange of ideas by telegraph bears a very close relation to that of postage, and is still more in accord with the spirit of the nineteenth century. To allow a monopoly to put an embargo on the brains of the country, by charging enormous rates for its transportation by electricity, is an undoubted public imposition, and if there are any questions of equity to the monopolizers, they should be worked out in Congres asnd impediments to the encouragement of progress in mental power by lightning, should be effectually and finally disposed of without delay. I hope to see Congress give this subject a full and fair consideration.

INTERESTING ITEMS.

A new street railway is about to be built in Washington. The requisite amount of stock has been subscribed to the Union Street Railway, $55,000, and the company will be promptly organized, and the work commenced in the spring.

The Medical Department of the Howard University holds its annual commencement on Friday evening, at the Congregationalist Church. A number of young men and one young lady will graduate, and one gentleman will graduate in pharmacy. These commencements always attract large audiences.

It is rumored that Mr. Joseph W. Dwyer, Supervisor of Internal Revenue for the Northern District of Ohio, will shortly retire from the internal revenue service, to accept the position of Librarian of the Interior Department, made vacant by the confirmation of D. C. Cox as Pension Agent for the District of Columbia.

AGATE.

CHICAGO.

Infanticide — Stealing Corpses — Whisky Men in Council.

INFANTICIDE.

CHICAGO, March 2.—Charlotte Johnson was arrested here, charged with having murdered her infant child at Laport, Ind., by crushing its skull with her fist.

STEALING CORPSES.

F. Schaefler, a medical student, and Wm. Pembrane, employed for the occasion, were captured before daylight this morning in charge of an express wagon containing five corpses—probably disinterred at Potters fields. They had two revolvers, two picks, two shovels, a lantern and two long black masks. They were held for trial in $2,000 each.

WHISKY MEN IN COUNCIL.

CHICAGO, March 3.—The Protective Association of Liquor Dealers held a meeting on Saturday evening and adopted resolutions denouncing as false and injurious to the trade the dispatch from Louisville which said that a house in that city had effected a corner in old Kentucky whisky. They say such a corner is impossible, but they do not say how much old Kentucky whisky there is in the country.

KANSAS.

Revival Meetings at Lawrence.

LAWRENCE, March 2.—The revival meetings of Rev. E. P. Hammond, which have been held here for some time past, continue with unabated power. Drunkards, infidels and professional gamblers are among the numerous converts. No church or hall in the city will hold the crowds which flock to the meetings. From six to seven hundred people attend the morning prayer meetings. The city was never half so stirred religiously.

NEW YORK.

Trial of Stokes—St. Patrick's Day Celebration—Bankrupt Insurance Companies—The International Society—Court of Special Sessions.

NEW YORK, March 2, 1872.

STOKES' CASE.

Judge Cordoza this morning decided the issue raised in Stokes' case, as to the constitutionality of the Grand Jury, which indicted him for the murder of Fisk, to be one of law, and without permitting the question to go to the jury ordered a verdict to be entered for the people, and against Stokes. If it was decided that the Grand Jury was illegally organized, he says that serious consequences might ensue as respects a large number of criminals already under indictment.

When the case was opened this morning, McKeon, of the counsel for Stokes, referring to the demonstrations of the spectators yesterday when he (McKeon) had announced his belief in Stokes' innocence, said a similar scene had occurred when the Erie power was on trial in the person of Fisk, at the Yorkville Police Court. He had reason to believe that now, as well as then, the court room was packed with the retainers of that power. He asked of the Court protection for himself against them.

Judge Cardoza said he thought he had heretofore taken the right course in the matter.

Mr. Graham said that he was informed that there was a hired gang of twenty-five men employed with these proceedings, that they (counsel) had the name of a man on Eighth avenue who was employed to control this matter when they went before the Coroner's jury, and were consulting on preliminary points. There was scarcely anyone in the room, and while they were interested in the conversation he had not paid any attention to the audience; but upon looking up, he had seen such a gang of cut throats that he sent at once to the police office for a platoon of police, who had been furnished to protect them in the court room. He supposed that in an effort to dispose of Stokes these men would stand at nothing, and Stokes' counsel might receive a shot in the back intended for Stokes. These men were quite capable of shooting. Stokes' counsel had been dogged in the streets; there had been eavesdropping on their consultations, and had to go into corners to consult in quiet. He seconded his associate (McKeen).

The Judge said that he thought everything had been done. In the prosecution of Stokes he would take any course to protect the counsel. No one who knew John Graham would suspect him of any cowardice on account of his personal safety.

McKeon said he had always lived among thieves, robbers and assassins, and he had no fear at all of what might happen to him in the presence of the court. He did, however, fear what might happen to counsel outside of the court house. He knew that Gorman B. Eaton had been attempted to be assassinated; if it was necessary to remove any one of them, the same means would be employed. He would ask the court to direct the Sheriff to place half a dozen men among the audience to control them.

Judge Cardoza, after consulting with the Sheriff, said that the Sheriff told him he already had a dozen men among them.

When the Judge's decision had been given, one of the jurors, Van Hollan, in a demonstrative manner, presented to the Judge a newspaper article, stating that money would do almost anything in cases of this class. To this the juror excepted.

Considerable merriment was created when he announced that he would never consent to serve his country again until the jury system was broken up.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

The petition of Alexander E. Orr to have the Manhattan Insurance Company adjudicated an involuntary bankrupt, has been withdrawn by consent, the distribution of assets being left in the hands of the receiver, who, it is said will be able to pay about forty per cent of the company's debts.

The petition of this same person to have the New York and Yonkers Insurance Company adjudicated a bankrupt for its failure to pay its losses by the Chicago fire, was to-day put over until next Saturday.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

The Court of Appeals in this State is shortly expected to decide whether the Court of Special Sessions, which is a criminal court, is constituted according to law. The point raised is, that it is illegally organized, on account of the fact that the justices therefor are designated by the Mayor. If the unconstitutionality of the court is decided, a large number of prisoners will be unjailed.

THE TARIFF ON TEA AND COFFEE.

At a meeting of the Importers and Grocers Board of Trade, this afternoon, the committee appointed to petition Congress in reference to the proposed change in the tariff on tea and coffee, reported that although it was impossible to foresee whether these duties would be abolished, early Congressional action has been promised.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

The representatives of the Irish societies last night formally decided to celebrate St. Patrick's day by a parade on Monday, March 18th. The Sixty-ninth Irish regiment will accompany the procession. The Police Commissioners have offered an escort. Mayor Hall has consented to review the procession from City Hall.

DISCHARGED AND REARRESTED.

One Kenney, who was arraigned to-day on a charge of attempted forgery on a prominent banking house, was discharged, there being no evidence against him. Kenney was, however, rearrested on an old charge by order of the United States District Attorney.

UNDERGROUND CENTRAL RAILWAY.

At a meeting of the Citizens Reform Committee to-night a resolution was passed endorsing the Underground Central Railroad as a means of rapid transit in the city, at an expense of about twenty millions.

TAMMANY.

It is understood that the Tammany meeting last night resulted in an agreement for a new election, at which entirely new general committees will be chosen.

EMIGRATION BUREAU ABUSES.

The legislative investigation into alleged abuses in the Emigration Bureau, which was resumed this morning, disclosed nothing of importance.

SMALL-POX.

The small-pox has recently been on the increase. There was one death to-day and twenty-four during the week.

NEW OIL EXCHANGE.

The dealers in oil to-day effected preliminaries for a new Oil Exchange.

DIED.

Rev. Edward Fitzpatrick died in Brooklyn last night.

NEW YORK, March 3, 1872.

THE INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY.

Garibaldi accepted with thanks the honorary membership of section 35 of the International Society. The letter bears the date Caprera, February 6. The organization has arranged for a mass meeting in Tompkins Square, on the 7th instant, to advocate the employment by the Government of all persons out of work.

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION.

The seventeenth anniversary of the accession of Alexander to the Russian throne was celebrated by a solemn "Te Deum" in the Russian Greek chapel yesterday.

FUNERAL ESCORT.

The Seventy-first Regiment will act as an escort for the funeral of General Anderson in the latter part of March.

UTAH.

State Admission Convention.

SALT LAKE, March 2.—The Convention for a State Constitution, after two weeks' work, completed their labors to-night. The memorial to Congress was reported this evening. Col. Akers' resolutions pronouncing for the members of the Convention, declare, first that the legislature proposed for the State should, if the same be admitted as a State in the Union, provide legislation for absolute freedom of the ballot; second, the right of a citizen to express his will at the polls freely, without surveillance of the sacred privilege, which will never be called in question; third, that no law should ever be enacted whereby an elector may be intimidated or prevented from the free exercise of the elective franchise.

SALT LAKE CITY, March 3.—The Convention adopted a memorial to Congress which seriously criticizes the territorial form of government, claims a wonderfully exaggerated increase of population, which facts do not bear out, and express loyalty of the Mormon people, which is not confirmed by history. A resolution was passed authorizing the Probate Judges to take the census of the territory by counties, commencing on the third Monday in March, the returns to be sent to Delegate Hooper at once. Strong hopes are entained of swelling the population on paper sufficient to bring the territory in as a State. This movement is regarded as intentional fraud on the part of Fitch and brother Mormons by the Gentiles. The most exaggerated estimate now places the population under one hundred thousand. The Mormons hope to make it thirty thousand more.

CINCINNATI.

Pork Packing Statistics—Board of Trade Election.

PORK PACKING STATISTICS.

CINCINNATI, March 2.—The Superintendent of the Chamber of Commerce to-day made a detailed report on 'Change of the pork packing in this city from November 1st to March 1st, from which it appears that the aggregate net weight of hogs packed is one hundred and forty-six million pounds; average net weight, two hundred and thirty-one pounds and thirty-six hundredths; aggregate yield of lard from leafs and trimmings, eighteen and one-half million pounds; average yield of leaf lard per head, twenty-nine and six-tenths pounds; aggregate cost, eight million dollars; average price per hundred, net, five dollars and forty cents and five-sixteenths; mess pork packed, sixty-two thousand barrels; prime mess, one thousand; rumps, pork, two thousand four hundred bbls.

BOARD OF TRADE ELECTION.

Robert Mitchell was elected President of the Board of Trade to-night.

—Advices from Arizona show that the massacre at Martinez Station was committed by Indians who entered the premises on pretence of being friendly and cut the occupants to pieces with knives. They are believed to have been from the Dale Creek reservation.

LOUISVILLE.

Steamer Falls City Run into and Burned to the Water's Edge—Heartless Conduct of the Officers of the J. W. Garrett.

STEAMBOAT COLLISION.

LOUISVILLE, March 2.—Near midnight last night, the steamer Falls City, Captain J. V. Sproule, bound for Green river, passed out of the mouth of the old canal with a big freight list and fifty cabin passengers. Just below the mouth of the new canal she came up to the J. W. Garrett and barge Rachel, which had passed through the new canal and stopped at the bank as the Falls City came up. The proper signals were given and replied to by the Garrett, when the Garrett started out from the shore and collided with the Falls City and the barge Rachel, striking her amidship in rear of the boilers, cutting into her hull, and letting in water freely. The Falls City swung around and struck her stern against the barge, injuring the wheel and engines so that she became unmanageable. The pilot, Geo. Dally, blew the signal of distress repeatedly. Capt. Sproule and Capt. Warmeter, a passenger and stockholder in the Falls City, ran to the after part of the boat and shouted to the officers of the Garrett to come to their assistance and take off the women and children, as the boat was sinking rapidly. It is claimed that the officers of the Garrett must have heard the call, as the boats were not then more than fifty yards apart. The Garrett, however, passed on down the river. The Falls City drifted over to Sand Island and lodged against some coal barges about fifty yards from the bank, and the passengers were taken to the shore over the barges. A number of passengers, especially the ladies, &c., escaped only in night clothes. The night was cold and the ground covered with snow, and despite the efforts of the officers of the Falls City, much suffering ensued. The boat sunk soon after the passengers left, careening to the starboard, upsetting the stoves in the ladies' cabin and texas, from which she took fire and burned to the water's edge in less than half an hour. The light was seen in this city, but was supposed to be a fire in New Albany. After remaining on the bank about three hours, the passengers were taken to Portland by Captain Moses Irwin with the ferry boat Conner, from New Albany.

The Falls City was built four years ago by the Louisville and Green River Packet Company at a cost of $26,000. She was one hundred and ninety tons burden, one hundred and fifty feet long, thirty feet beam, five and a half feet hold, three boilers, sixteen inch cylinders, with five and a half feet stroke. The cabin had been recently overhauled, and all the Government appliances added. Insured for $40,000 in the Andes of Cincinnati. The risk placed only last nigh about six o'clock. The cargo was insured for about $10,000 in Louisville companies, except $1,200 in the Andes. The cargo was worth from fifty to seventy-five thousand dollars. The loss will fall heavily on the owners, but they will immediately secure another boat and put her in the trade.

Probably there will be nothing saved from the hull. Capt. Robinson thinks the boat and cargo a total loss. An official investigation into the cause of the disaster will be held before the local Inspectors on Monday forenoon at nine o'clock.

The flames from the burning boat spread to and destroyed two barges belonging to N. J. Bigley. Loss about $1,000. A negro man named Anderson Pearson, belonging to the Falls City, is missing, and it is feared was lost on the burning boat. Double the amount of insurance would have been placed on the boat last night, but the insurance offices were closed.

IOWA.

Accident to a Well Known Citizen—Temporary Bridge to be Abandoned.

ACCIDENT TO A WELL-KNOWN CITIZEN.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, IOWA, March 2.—Albert Williard, well known throughout the western country as the pioneer of the freight railroad across the plains, and more recently as a farmer living four miles east of this city, while proceeding home on Thursday night, became lost on the prairies, and trying to return to the road, his team was precipitated down an embankment ten feet high, throwing Mr. Williard headlong into a deep and narrow washout at the foot of the embankment, in such a manner that he was unable to extricate himself, in which position he was found yesterday morning at five o'clock. He was alive when found, but when taken out, after two hours' hard work, he had just breathed his last. Mr. Williard was for many years connected with the Western Stage Company and widely known.

BRIDGE TO BE ABANDONED.

The temporary bridge across the Missouri river at this point will be abandoned on Monday, caused by a pressure, the warm weather and the moving out of the ice. The Union Pacific Railroad Company have completed their tracks on this side of the bridge. They commence the regular traffic of passengers and freight over the great highway immediately after the temporary bridge is abandoned.

CALIFORNIA.

Chinese Mining Tax—Suicide—Heavy Suit.

CHINESE MINING TAX.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.—The California Assembly passed a bill giving Sheriff Jackson five thousand dollars for his fine and expenses when convicted in the Federal Court for the collection of the Chinese mining tax, contrary to the amendments to the Constitution of the United States.

HEAVY SUIT.

Thomas C. Robinson sues Alvinza Haywork for a half interest in the Amador and Badger gold mines, valued at three million dollars, which he claims was obtained from him by fraud.

SUICIDE.

J. B. Cordon, agent of Wells, Fargo & Co., at Margeville, blew his brains out with a shot-gun yesterday. He was insane from neuralgia.

TO LET.

TO LET.—A THREE STORY BRICK house, containing six rooms, at No. 71 Logan street. Large yard attached. Rent moderate. Inquire of E. HOUSTON, Corner Fifth avenue and Cherry alley.

TO LET.—THAT LARGE WAREHOUSE No. 77 WATER STREET. Apply on the premises to GEORGE W. HAILMAN. fe10:k13-tf

TO LET OR LEASE.—THE WAREHOUSE, No. 199 Liberty street, from April 1st next. The same to be remodeled. Apply at 227 Liberty street, or 59 Federal street, Allegheny. fe29:18

TO LET.—ROOMS ON FIFTH AVENUE, in First National Bank Building. ... SCULLY, Cashier.

TO LET.—FROM APRIL FIRST, TWO DWELLING HOUSES ...

TO LET.—HOUSE NO. 7 TOWNSEND STREET ...

TO LET.—AT EDGEWOOD STATION, P. R. R. ...

TO LET.—AT SHADY SIDE.—A BEAUTIFUL residence ...

TO LET. That Desirable Business Stand on the corner of Taylor and Montery street, Allegheny City, with Dwelling, ... TWO STORIED PRESSED BRICK DWELLINGS, eight Rooms each; Gas and side shutters, with French ... Inquire of ALEXANDER KING, 94 Water and 120 First avenue. fe22:123

TO LET, Storage Rooms In BINGHAM & CASSELL'S WAREHOUSE, 361 and 370 Penn avenue.

TO LET. DRY CELLAR, With Hoisting Apparatus. ... Warehouse.

TO LET, Stores, Rooms, Offices, BASEMENTS, ROOMS. INQUIRE OF WM. H. LOWE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, No. ... FIFTH AVENUE. ja21

POLITICAL.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF PENNSYLVANIA, PHILADELPHIA, February 20, 1872.

IN PURSUANCE OF THE RESOLUTION of the REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, adopted January 18th, 1872, a REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION, composed of Delegates from each Senatorial and Representative District, in the number to which such District is entitled in the Legislature, will meet in the Hall of the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, at 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of April, A.D. 1872, ... Governor, Judge of the Supreme Court, ... eral (should the Legislature ... one by the people), and an ... elect Senatorial and Representative ... sent this State in the REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, to be held ... 1872. RUSSELL ERRETT, Chairman.

WM. ELLIOTT, D. F. HOUSTON, EZRA LUKENS, P. M. LYTLE, Secretaries.

WANTS.

WANTED.—PROPOSALS FOR TOWING ...

WANTED.—BOARDING IN A FAMILY ...

WANTED.—1,000 TONS OF WROUGHT SCRAP ...

WANTED.—GIRLS FOR THE CITY ...

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—BUILDING LOTS IN HATFIELD ...

FOR SALE.—DRUG STORE.—A FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE ...

FOR SALE.—ENCLOSED BIDS WILL be received ... FORBES STREET ... WOOD SCHOOL HOUSE ...

FOR SALE. 1,000 Bbls. ... JAMES O'BRIEN, No. 213 Liberty street.

FOR SALE. 100 Bags ... JAMES O'BRIEN.

FOR SALE. 100 Cases ... JAMES O'BRIEN.

FOR SALE. Butter, Eggs, Cheese, ... Green Peas, ... Cider, Green Apples, ... Shaker Corn, &c.

FOR SALE.—10 ACRES IN CHARTIERS township ... THOS. F. STEWART ...

FOR SALE. HAND STREET PROPERTY, Corner Hand and Penn Streets.

FOR SALE.—123 ACRES, THE FARM, OF ABOUT ...

FOR SALE.—1st. A LOT OF 6 ACRES ...

FOR SALE, School Bonds.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A. Y. M.—A MEETING OF SAINT JOHN'S LODGE, No. 219, A. Y. M. ...

MONONGAHELA BRIDGE COMPANY.—THE MANAGERS OF THIS COMPANY ...

EWALT STREET BRIDGE CO. ...

PITTSBURGH NATIONAL COAL & COKE COMPANY. ...

DESIRING THAT THE PUBLIC ...

NOTICE TO Plumbers and Gas Fitters.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SOLID SILVER TABLE SPOONS, DESSERT SPOONS, TEA SPOONS, ... J. R. REED & CO.

LACOCK, HAWTHORN & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF ...

Oldest Ins. Co. in America, ASSETS, $3,212,175.00. Insurance Co. of North America OF PHILADELPHIA.

79 R. A. HALL, HUMAN AND ARTIFICIAL HAIR 79 ...

STAINED GLASS. Batchelor, Marshall & Co., ... No. 5 MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUDSON'S PATENT Engine Governors & Registers, PATENT GAUGE COCKS. M. B. COCHRAN, Dealer in Machinery and Supplies, 143 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Artificial Stone Co, Straub, Blunck & Gross, Manufacturers of all kinds and styles of Artificial Stone.

Fine Silver Ware, FOR WEDDING PRESENTS, AT Wattles & Sheafer's, 101 FIFTH AVENUE.

Western Insurance Company OF PITTSBURGH. Incorporated April, 1849. CAPITAL, $225,000. Fire and Marine Insurance.

J. A. McKELVEY. CARRIAGE AND HARNESS BAZAAR ...

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ... NATIONAL BANK ... (bank condition statements, Pittsburgh and Allegheny national banks, February 27, 1872)

ALLEN KIRKPATRICK & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Seed Dealers, 231 Liberty Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bargains! Bargains! ... MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN, 21 Fifth Avenue.

Selling Off at Cost! ... MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN, 21 Fifth Avenue.

Moorhouse & Carsten, Dry Goods Store, will be removed from No. 21 Fifth avenue, to their New Store, corner of MARKET STREET and FOURTH AVENUE ...

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, AT HORNE & CO.'S, RETAIL. MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS. Spring Underwear. KID GLOVES ...

Spring Goods ARRIVING EVERY DAY AT OUR RETAIL STORES, Nos. 197 & 199 Penn Ave.

COAL LANDS For Sale. 3,000 ACRES In Somerset County, Fronting on Connellsville Railroad. ... John A. Carothers, 108 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Orphans' Court Sale OF REAL ESTATE.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS ...

JUST RECEIVED, NEW STOCK

Hats and Caps AT PALMER'S, No. 84 Wood Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHICAGO AND WHEELING. ADDITIONAL TESTIMONY OF THE Excellent Qualities OF THE Burke & Barnes Fire Proof Safes.

OFFICE AND WORKS OF THE Burke & Barnes Fire and Thief Proof Safes, 129 AND 131 THIRD AVE. PITTSBURGH.

SPRING GOODS Now Arriving AT HORNE & CO.'S RETAIL. LATEST STYLES. Ladies' Black Cassimere Sacques ... Swiss Dresses ... MILLINERY GOODS ... Ladies' Underwear AT POPULAR PRICES. NOS. 197 AND 199 PENN AVE.

CONFECTIONERY STOCK AND FIXTURES, Piano-Forte, &c., 24 Sixth Street. ... A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO. ... CARPETS EVER SHOWN IN THIS MARKET ... Spring Stock of Domestic Goods DAILY ARRIVING. OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO., 23 Fifth Avenue.

NOTICE TO FOUNDERS AND TINNERS. ... GAS POSTS ... GAS LAMPS ...

NOTICE TO BANKS, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS. ...

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. ...

[...]Y GAZETTE.

GAZETTE BUILDING,
[...] Avenue and Smithfield Street.

[OF]FICIAL PAPER
[...], Allegheny City and Alle[gheny] County.

H. M. LONG,
N. P. REED.
KING, REED & CO., Proprietors.

[Ter]ms for 1872.
[D]AILY GAZETTE.
[...]$10 00
[...]5 00
[...]2 50
[...]1 00
[...]able to Agent or Carrier 15
[...] should be made by express or in mon[ey order]. [...] so forwarded will be at our risk.

[WE]EKLY GAZETTE.
[...]$1 50
[...]1 25
[...]1 15
[...]ed gratuitously to the getter-up of a [club]. [Post]masters are requested to act as agents.
[...] postoffice, county and State, also, [...]ice, in order that there may be no [...]ding papers.
[...]g to subscribe for the GAZETTE—[...]-will, upon application, be supplied [...] free of charge.
KING, REED & CO.

MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1872.

[...] Frankfort 95⅞.

[...] in New York on Saturday [...]

[The Phil]adelphia *Press* has just learned [...]h wants a new Postoffice.

[...] So we have the pleasure of [pres]enting the GAZETTE in an entire new [...] very considerably enlarged in [...]

[...] significant paper which the [...]ists sent recently to the Leg[islature] [...]ny change of [...] strong drink. [...] remonstrants [...]ffering to the [...]

[It is] greatly to the credit of our German [born popula]tion that they take no stock in [...] of bad faith, made by Carl [Schurz agains]t the Government which he [...] support and defend. He is a [...]nfair politician, who will not [...]ding his proper place.

[...]FYING statement is made that [...] debt is still decreasing, last [...] paid off twelve million three [hundred thou]sand dollars, in round num[bers] [...] such pleasing results contin[ue] [...]anifest to the people, General [Grant wi]ll afford to remain quiet under [the atta]cks of paper politicians.

[T]he decided vote of the House on the subject of a reduction [...]

[...] formation that a bill has been introduced into the Legislature establishing for us, on the permanent basis of a fixed capital, an Academy of art and design, similar in every respect to that which for more than half a century has clothed Philadelphia in glory. The incorporators, Messrs. William Thaw, Joseph Horne, Charles J. Clarke, Thos. N. Miller, Geo. W. Backofen, John A. Harper, P. H. Hacke, Alex. Laughlin, T. B. Swearingen, Charles Linford, W. H. Edgerton, Frank Rahm, C. M. Johns, James McH. Reinhart, D. P. Corwin, William Schoyer, Thos. P. Houston, Geo. B. Edwards, and their associates, mean business and their movement marks a new era in the history of art in the west. It is simply designed in the creation of the society to afford a place for the exhibition of foreign artists' work, and to educate the people to a true appreciation of the fine arts, and to stimulate and encourage home talent wherever found. The association start out with a healthy financial balance, and to-morrow throw open, for public inspection, their elegant gallery of paintings, gathered during the winter from various art centres, and valued at nearly $200,000. It is to be hoped that the exposition will entice such liberal patronage as to encourage future efforts in the same direction, and at the same time assert the truth of the statement that the hard-working people of this city can and will sustain an Academy of Art equal in all respects to that of any other in the country.

PITTSBURGH, VIRGINIA & CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

About a year ago we asked B. F. Jones, Esq., is it true that you are going to resign the Presidency of the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad? His reply was, "No, not till it is completed." If such a declaration had been made by many other men, we would have looked upon it as an empty boast, especially, as in our opinion, there was not a very brilliant prospect of the road being built within the present generation. But when it was made by a gentleman of the financial calibre, energy, and influence of Mr. Jones, we were at once convinced, even without an exhibition of facts and figures, that the work would be speedily pushed to completion. We knew when he said so he meant it. And we have now the proof before us. About fourteen miles of the road are already nearly graded, and the iron is being laid as fast as the unfavorable state of the weather will permit. A connection has been formed with the "Pan Handle," and a construction train is at work in South Pittsburgh. In a very short time the iron-horse will overleap the barriers which the severe winter has kept so long in his way, and Birmingham and the towns and villages on the South Side of the Monongahela will be greeted with his wild snort, and be enlivened by his merry prancings through their streets.

The Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston road is almost ready for the iron as far as Dravosburg, and will be open for traffic to that point the first of May or June. No contracts have been let beyond Dravosburg, but the line has been surveyed and located as far as Monongahela city, and it is expected that the construction of that portion will be commenced in a very short time.

Beyond Monongahela city the route has not been determined. Surveys have been made on both sides of the river, but the Board of Directors have not come to any conclusion in the matter. Much will depend on the report of the engineers. But much more will depend on the people along the routes which have been surveyed. Other things being equal, we suppose the directors will run the road on whichever side of the river the people hold out the strongest inducements. We have no doubt they will give railroad facilities to whichever side appreciates them best. In this matter the people should bestir themselves, for in addition to the conveniences which the road will give, it will enhance the value of property from fifty to a hundred per cent., and in some places much more, so that the people on the line can afford to grant the right of way gratuitously, and subscribe to the capital stock, or take the bonds of the company, and be large gainers in the end. We believe it was the illiberality of the property holders and capitalists on the north bank of the Allegheny river, that prevented the Allegheny Valley Railroad from being laid on that side. But it was not long after the road went into operation until they saw their error, and when it was proposed to build the West Penn on the bed of the "Old Canal," those who refused to aid the Allegheny Valley road were the first to subscribe liberally, and offer the greatest inducements to the building of the West Penn, and some of them have already been paid more than five hundred fold by the enhanced and still enhancing value of their property.

We have been induced to make the above remarks in response to the numerous letters and inquiries addressed us by our subscribers and others living on the proposed routes of the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad, beyond Monongahela City, and we believe they will find matters to be just as we have stated. Now is the time to make the effort.

THE COAL QUESTION.

Since the discovery of the famous block coal fields of Western Indiana, the three interior cities of Chicago, St. Louis and Cincinnati are engaged in organizing schemes, through which they hope to divert the product of the valuable mines to themselves. Being almost equi-distant from the new El-Dorado of black diamonds, the competition will be strong and noteworthy between the three young manufacturing giants of the west. Cincinnati has for a long time been inclined to complain of the treatment received at the hands of the "coal kings of Pittsburgh," and has more than once threatened to release herself from dependence upon the coal of the Ohio River, by opening up railroads to the new fields of Indiana and Kentucky. Whether her claims in this regard are founded on truth and justice, we shall not at this time stop to discuss, as it has frequently been shown in these columns that the enterprise of coal-mining in Pennsylvania's fields is open to all comers, not excepting the manufacturers and large consumers of the Queen City; but of one thing all may be well assured, that the claim held by the *Gazette* of that city is correct, viz: that Cincinnati must ever look to Pittsburgh for a full supply of fuel suitable for manufacturing, and in this she has an immense advantage over her less fortunate rivals.

Indeed it is agreeable to know that Pittsburgh coal is appreciated by Cincinnati people, and that they to a large extent pride themselves [in th]e possession of full [...] [an]d therein find their [...] all rivals. It may [...]e day, and at no [...] one either, whether Pittsburgh had not much better keep her coal at home for future use, than continue to distribute it throughout the west and south, thus affording those sections motive power to compete with our own mills and factories, when little, if any profit results to the coal dealer, or thanks either. In other words, whether Pittsburgh is not fast wasting her greatest vital strength by giving her coal away, without a corresponding profit. The west and south cannot compete with Pittsburgh in manufactures unless we keep them supplied with our coal; therefore is the present system a suicidal one, and a reasonable profit at least should be returned to us, for our unselfishness in delivering fuel at their very doors, taking all the risks upon ourselves.

A writer in the Cincinnati *Gazette* says:

It has been assumed that no bituminous caking coals west of Pittsburgh have been so far developed as to make the west independent of Pittsburgh, and hence able to manufacture without the drawback of excessive transportation. This has been peculiarly true as to the manufacture of illuminating gas, coke and charcoal of the open forge.

This is a broad undeniable fact; the west up to this time, (and doubtless the same condition will continue, unless the Indiana block coal fields shall prove of greater magnitude than has yet been claimed for them) has been wholly dependent upon Pittsburgh for fuel and for gas-light. This being so, it becomes a question of great magnitude and interest to our manufacturers how to conduct the coal trade, in order that the greatest possible benefit shall be obtained for ourselves. This is nothing but fair, the western people insist that the "Pittsburgh coal kings" should lay their valuable product down at their very doors, with little, if any profit, talk loudly of giving us the go-by when reasonable prices are insisted upon; hold excited meetings, whereat Pittsburgh is denounced and speeches are made by penniless politicians, calling loudly for new railroads to new coal fields, and why, in the face of this should we not pause and consult as to the best course to be pursued?

The same writer continues: Professor Cox presented a caking coal from Sullivan County, showing a percentage of fixed gas two per cent. greater than that of the Pittsburgh coal. This is a matter that interests Cincinnati, no less than Indiana, since the Ohio river embargo has not rarely developed a coal famine that should turn the attention of her citizens to every field that will render a similar condition impossible.

It is claimed that the newly discovered Indiana coal is fully equal, if not superior to Pittsburgh coal for coking and manufacturing purposes, whilst a well known writer has stated that the coal as it comes from the ground is exactly what is required in the Bessemer steel process.

The new discovery is creating a wonderful sensation throughout the West, and no less than three lines of railway are already projected, and this before the extent of the deposit is known.

One of these, the city of Indianapolis proposes to build, in the interest of its citizens, for the purpose of supplying fuel. This road will be sixty miles in length and the cost of coal laid down in Indianapolis will not exceed eight to ten cents per bushel. Another runs from Cincinnati 150 miles in length, and another connecting the coal fields with the present lines running East and West.

Now let Pittsburgh look well to her own interests: we can outstrip all competitors, for we have boundless fields of coal at our own furnace doors, whilst they must suffer from an inadequate supply, and expensive transportation.

OHIO RIVER IMPROVEMENT—CINCINNATI CONVENTION.

MESSRS EDITORS GAZETTE: A careful perusal of your answer to the several inquiries which we had the honor to propose to you, covering your strictures upon the action of the recent Convention, held in Cincinnati, in the interest of the Ohio river, discovers but little that is exceptional, indeed, with some slight modification, we heartily approve all you say. The spirit of your article is hearty and generous, and your broad endorsement of the great enterprise, which we trust, with few exceptions, all have at heart, will give fresh courage to those who are laboring to secure an improvement, the importance of which cannot be overstated.

A number of "plans" have been suggested for the permanent and substantial improvement of the Ohio river, each having its friends and advocates, hence, in regard to any one special plan there is a great difference of opinion. Eminent engineers, who have given the subject careful attention differ in their views—practical river men do not agree as to the merits of any one of the proposed plans. The lock and dam system, as an illustration, is viewed by some, indeed, by the great majority, as utterly destructive to the heavy transportation interests of the river. The reservoir system, as advocated by some, is deemed by many as visionary and wholly impracticable, involving an expenditure of money so enormous as to place it outside of serious consideration. Doubtless it is this want of agreement, as to the "best plan," which gives a coloring to the charge of indifference on the part of the general coal interest. But the navigation of the Ohio river *can be* improved, and when the great communities interested are fully stirred up, some feasible plan will be agreed upon, and it is the primary object of these conventions to awaken this interest and adopt such preliminary measures as will lead to union, harmony and earnest effort.

In view of the existing difference of opinion, and in the absence of any conclusive information upon the subject of river improvement, as applicable to a water course of the magnitude of the Ohio, with a commerce of such immense tonnage, demanding such unusual facilities, the convention did not deem it prudent to enter upon the discussion of specific plans, which would create division and thus defeat the ultimate object had in view. But the convention did not ignore the subject, inasmuch as they ask Congress to authorize an elaborate examination of the whole subject of river improvements, in this country and in Europe, by a competent corps of Government engineers, that the "best plan" may be officially determined, and the *weight* of such an official endorsement secured in favor of adequate appropriations. It seems to us that the convention could not have wisely acted otherwise, and therefore we do not conceive it to have been derelict in this particular.

It would perhaps have been wise in the Convention to have asked for State aid to assist this desired improvement, and yet this very end is covered by the appointment of committees, to confer with their executives, that the sympathies and help of Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Indiana, Kentucky, Illinois and Tennessee may be more directly and earnestly enlisted in this great work than heretofore. The question as to who should furnish the means to make the improvement so imperatively demanded by the wants of this national highway, can have but one answer—and it is "but supreme selfishness, on the part of the Chicago "Tribune," Boston "Post" and other portions of the eastern press" to object to Congress making the required appropriations. Congress appropriates millions every year for harbor improvements, not any more national or important for defence than the Ohio, and then our claims are largely enhanced by the consideration that Congress, in authorizing the construction of bridges, has seriously impaired navigation, crippled commerce and imposed vast individual losses, and therefore, on the grounds of common equity, they are bound to make good what they have destroyed, aside from the claim founded upon the national character and importance of the work. We need not extend the limits of this article by reciting the important part which the Ohio river served in the suppression of the Rebellion, and which it may be called upon to serve in a war of defense.

All great undertakings require time to secure co-operation and union of forces. We have made some progress in securing national recognition, with a fair prospect of a much more liberal recognition in the years to come. Now to undertake to secure any competent aid from States or corporations, in the way of financial help at all adequate to the work to be done, would only delay the work, divide the friends of the movement, weaken our forces and limit our claim on Congress. The unanswerable argument that this is a national highway—that Congress claims and exercises jurisdiction, would defeat all attempts of local effort. We therefore think the Convention acted wisely in steadily looking to Congress for that recognition in such ample appropriations as the national character of the work demands while it sought at the same time to secure corporate and State aid in preliminary movements. The report of the Committee on the Louisville and Portland Canal was an able one, and we think will very largely assist in inducing Congress to exempt the commerce of the river from excessive taxation in the shape of tolls, and if so, the Convention did not assemble in vain. Other "immediate practical results" will follow, river men are much more hopeful, there is much more general interest felt, there will be more union of effort, and we think larger and more liberal appropriations will be made by Congress. True the claims of the Louisville and Portland canal will be in our way for this year; but if so, this is part of the improvement required, and we do not doubt that the action of the Convention assisted those directly interested in obtaining the favorable action reported in the morning papers of this day.

In regard to coal men furnishing the "bulk of the means," we have only to say that all proposed improvements of the river contemplate leaving it a free highway, not subject to tolls or restrictions, and it cannot be supposed that individuals are going to invest millions of capital in an enterprise that does not promise individual returns. Private parties do not build railroads and then turn them over free to the public, nor will they do a like thing in this case; but the great majority of coal men are willing to give time, means and influence, as they have been doing, to secure that just conception of the importance of the subject—that impartial recognition of our claims which will lead to adequate national appropriation, and the adoption of the "best plan" which promises to give the most substantial improvement of the Ohio, even if it should facilitate competition to such an extent that every considerable consumer should become his own shipper.

There are other points, suggested by your acceptable article, which we must omit, lest we consume too much space, but with your permission we may refer to them we have more leisure, and in closing beg to say who ever else may have made this a "political hobby," the writer has made it his "life hobby."

March 2d, 1872. D.

SO LARGE a portion of the bulk of the jelly fish consists of Water that one of no less than thirty-four pounds weight, being left to dry in the sun for some days, was found to have lost ninety-nine per cent. of its original weight. Writing of the not very attractive appearance of the huge jelly fish, Agassiz observes that "to form an idea of his true appearance, one must meet him as he swims along at mid-day, rather lazily withal, his huge semi-transparent disk, with its flexible-lobed margin, glittering in the sun, and his tentacles floating a distance of many yards behind him. Encountering one of those huge jelly fishes, when out in a row-boat, we attempted to make a rough measurement of his dimensions upon the spot. He was lying quietly near the surface, and did not seem in the least disturbed by the proceeding, but allowed the oar, eight feet in length, to be laid across the disk, which proved to be seven feet in diameter. Backing the boat slowly along the tentacles, which were floating at their utmost extension behind him, we measured these in the same manner, and found them to be rather more than fourteen times the length of the oar, thus covering a space of some hundred and twelve feet." This huge mass is produced by a hydroid measuring not more than half an inch in length when full grown.

MATTERS OF MOMENT.

The "Woman's Journal" and the "Woodhull Weekly" are dying, and the *Revolution* is dead. From which we might perhaps argue that the interest taken in the suffrage-by-force movement is not quite as great as it is self-asserting.

S. T. SUIT & Co., of Louisville, have tried to make a corner in whisky by buying all they could. There is nothing singular in this, and half the drunkards in the country are following Suit when they go into a corner and buy all the whisky they can carry.

"BEFORE the Pittsburgh GAZETTE again accuses a contemporary of stealing from its columns, it should, for the first time in its life, print something that is worth stealing." We should have done so long ago if we had not seen every day that the Louisville "Courier-Journal" stole the worthless just as cheerfully as it would the valuable.

WE congratulate Judge Davis on the recent change which has taken place in him. As a student and a brain-worker it is to be presumed that his rest was disturbed and his sleep broken, but now all that must be different, for we have Scriptural authority for saying that, "the sleep of a laboring man is sweet," and that's what he is now, you know.

ONLY five human lives were sacrificed out of thanksgiving for the recovery of the Prince of Wales. Civilization is a great thing, for a similar occasion in the land and time of the Montezumas would have been signalized by hundreds of human sacrifices. On republican thanksgiving days there are millions of lives taken but they are only those of gobblers crammed.

THE "Bellestristische Zeitung," probably the most influential literary paper published in the German language in this country, has come out in strong opposition to Schurz. It asks him if he deemed the sale of arms so contrary to German interests, why he did not oppose it when he could have done some good, instead of bringing it up now when it can merely gratify a personal spite?

WE FEAR that Mr. Galbraith, of Erie, has failed to secure his annual pass for 1872, because he wonders that the people of Pennsylvania do not go in a body to Harrisburg and overthrow the Legislature, which permits and encourages the Pennsylvania Railroad. It would doubtless be a capital thing for the New York roads, which enrich Mr. Galbraith's property, if their great and successful rival were overthrown.

"A BOY named Robert Chambers, was found yesterday lying in the cellar of the Central Market, at the Junction of Flatbush and Fulton avenues, sick with the small-pox. He had lain there since Saturday night last, with no covering but an old blanket and a few potato-bags." Ever since we read the above in the New York "Times" we have been thinking how nice the next lot of potatoes put in those bags will be.

BISHOP FOLEY, Roman Catholic prelate at Chicago, denounced the secular and sectarian press of this country in bitter terms in a lecture the other evening. The Bishop is brave for he is only one small man against the most powerful engine in the world, and in the immediate neighborhood of one or two of the most unfeeling and unprincipled representatives of that engine. The Bishop would find it easier to run *with* the machine.

THE N. Y. "Tribune" one day last week had no less than three disagreeable, hateful sort of remarks about France. We scarcely think it is just for Mr. Greeley, just because our Government sold arms to France, to conclude that President Grant is interested in that country, and that therefore it is proper to persecute it. There is really scarcely any evidence at all that Grant cares especially for France, so why can't the "Tribune" let the poor country alone until it is sure?

LAST WEEK Mr. Sample, in the lower house at Harrisburg, read "an act to repeal an act entitled "An act to prevent cattle, horses, sheep and swine from running at large in the County of Allegheny."' We do not know much about this bill, but presume it is a move on the part of the "bulls," to put themselves on an equality with the "bears" and perhaps aided by some one who thinks it a shame to keep the swine penned up when they would luxuriate so in our streets if they were only allowed to wallow.

SOMETHING which shows very plainly and sadly whither the New York *Tribune* is drifting is the list of names of the papers which it now quotes to show the drift of public opinion. On Friday, for instance, the list contained only the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, the Memphis *Appeal*, the Memphis *Avalanche*, the New York *World*, and the Providence "Press, all prominent Democratic papers, so that we scarcely feel like denyidg the rumor that the controlling interest in the *Tribune* stock has been purchased by Democrats.

THE other day we made a pleasant remark about the Louisville "Courier-Journal," and this is the way it shows its gratitude: "The Pittsburgh GAZETTE complains that it has received a copy of the "Courier-Journal" burned at both ends. Such a thing will happen occasionally in cold weather. The Postoffice clerks, in the hurry and excitement of lighting their fires, sometimes pick up the "Courier-Journal" thinking it is the Pittsburgh GAZETTE, and the ends are now and then singed before the mistake is discovered."

"BY the death of a rich uncle in New Orleans, Miss Nellis Mellon, lately employed in a millinery shop in East Saginaw, Mich., has fallen heiress to a fortune of $200,000. Miss Mellon for several years has supported her widowed mother by her own industry." In fact there are few people so industrious. Several years ago she was in Fort Edward, N. Y., inheriting millions; not long before that she was busy in the same way in Troy, and she has persistently and industriously inherited in a great many places. We hope she may continue as she has begun.

THE accomplished correspondents of the New York *Tribune* are becoming diffused. They are not only at Washington, they are also at Harrisburg. The object for which these masters of fiction seem to have been created is to make accusations against Republican officials. If they should turn out to be true, the *Tribune* will praise its own virtue, and if they should prove to have been malicious lies, as they usually do, there will be sure to be some few people who will read the false charges who will not see their refutation, and thus recruits are gained for the new party.

WE are glad to know that the Yellowstone Park bill has passed the House. Pittsburgh has long needed a park, and we know it has been quite common to say that the distance was no object. There will doubtles be a railroad to Yellowstone soon, and then when we or our families want a little recreation we can just run down to this breathing spot. There are all sorts of geysers and and natural curiosities in it, and it will be a pleasant place for men to take their children after a hard day's work and about as available for such purposes as if it were only six or eight miles out in the country.

AND NOW, oh, grave and reverend seignors and otherwise juniors! Mr. Sumner is to bring in his injuries received sixteen years ago, to excite sympathy for him in the French arms discussion. Of course President Grant is to blame for those injuries, and doubtless under the disguise of the miscreant Brooks he inflicted the blows which hurt Mr. Sumner's feelings so. But really and truly we can not see why those blows which are sixteen years old, and ought to be able to take care of themselves, should be brought into a bare-faced attempt to alienate the German vote from Grant. The sympathy which Mr. Sumner received then, is and ought to be entirely distinct from the contempt which is felt for him now.

"AN exchange says that Mr. Revels, the colored gentleman who represented Mississippi for a time in the United States Senate, has practically carried out civil rights in Pittsburgh." He got off the cars recently in that city, and took a hack to a first class tavern—his friend and companion Frederick Douglass, warned by previous experiences, going to a more humble hostelry. Alighting, Revels demanded entertainment, which the hotel keeper at first refused, whereupon the ex-Senator expounded the amendments and civil rights bill to him in such a convincing way that the hotel keeper ordered a servant to show him a room. We are not inclined to the opinion of the Springfield (Mass.) "Republican," that Mr. Revels has worked a miracle in Pittsburgh, or that civilization is advancing in that city. We presume that it grew out of a very natural mistake, which often occurs in that city, where it is so sooty that you cannot always distinguish a white man from a black one." The above was given as original in the Chicago "Tribune" of February 29th, 1872, and we never smiled the least bit at it. The fact is the first time we ever heard that joke we would have laughed consumedly, only we didn't know how, being an infant in arms, and although not more than sixty or seventy years have passed since then, we make it a rule to at it laugh only five hundred times a year, and the "Tribune" did not come soon enough with it this time.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

THE St. Petersburg correspondent of the Breslau *Gazette* writes to that journal that the protest of certain Germans in Milwaukee against tendering a formal reception to the Grand Duke Alexis has greatly exasperated the Imperial family of Russia. "The Empress," he says, "who has always watched with maternal solicitude over the progress of her favorite son through the United States, was loud in her denunciations of the boorish conduct of her countrymen in that city; the more so, as it is now well understood here that the Grand Duke Alexis, during his sojourn in Berlin last summer, was engaged to be married to the daughter of one of the most distinguished sons of Germany, the Princess Elizabeth Louise Frederica, eldest doughter of Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia. This engagement was brought about by the joint efforts of our Empress and of the Emperer William of Germany. The wedding will take place in autumn, after the return of the Grand Duke to Europe. The Czarh imself is also quite incensed over the Milwaukee incident, inasmuch as it gives the national press here a welcome pretext to vent its hostility the Germans, and covertly to attack the friendly policy of the Czar toward the German Empire. The "Golos" here, in effect, has already profited by tha wished-for opportunity, and published two characteristic articles, in which the editor tries to prove that the conduct of the Germans in Milwaukee toward Prince Alexis shows conclusively what the real sentiments of the German people toward Russia are."

THE latest literature of any weight on the question of the Alabama claims seems to be ex-President Woolsey's article in the "Independent" and Judge C. C. Nott's reply thereto in the "Nation". Dr. Woolsey's position is, in brief, as follows: The proceedings of the Geneva Tribunal are not amenable to the common law; they are to be controlled by the principles laid down in the Treaty of Washington, and only by those; at common law, if a case is once decided by a court, the settlement is a full and complete discharge from all liabilities, direct and indirect; since, however, this case is beyond the sphere of the common law, we can waive the question of consequential damages for the present, have the Geneva Tribunal award us a sum in satisfaction of our claim for direct damages, and then revive the other claim, if it ever seems best to do so. To this Judge Nott replies: "I am well aware that the controversies of nations are not in all things governed by the analogies of municipal law, and that the principles of international law must be applied untrammelled by many of its restrictions. This declaration is followed by the argument that, if we submit any part of our case to the Geneva Tribunal, we must take the award therefore in satisfaction of our claims for damages, direct or indirect, because the Supreme Court of the United States has decided that by the common law, if a case is submitted to arbitration, the decision must be final in regard to every point involved. In other words, Judge Nott rules out the common law, and then bases his argument upon it. Dr. Woolsey seems to have the better of the controversy.

THE New York "Times" says: All professions of peace and good-will, notwithstanding, the nations of Europe seem determined to continue the contest as to who shall be best prepared for war. In spite of the fact that Italy groans under a debt of some thirteen hundred millions of dollars, and of the further fact that the Italian Parliament has already voted nearly forty millions of dollars for the naval and military expenditures of the year, it is announced in a cable dispatch that the Minister of War wants two millions four hundred thousand dollars more (12,000,000) lire. The only use that Italy can have for a large army is to repel a possible attack from France in the interests of the Holy See; France, on the other hand, is spending millions on the reorganization of her army, for the avowed purpose of regaining the lost provinces, and Germany keeps up her military expenditure for the sake of being prepared for such a contingency. It is now, as it has been for the largest portion of the century—all Europe keeps armed because France pants for glory, and will not submit to the inevitable.

BROWNSVILLE, PA.

The Late Fire--Loss--I. O. O. F.--Hays' Lecture--Snowdon Works Sold--Planing Mills--Worrell's Store--Commercial's Correspondent, &c.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BROWNSVILLE, March 1, 1872.

Some of the persons burned out by the late fire have commenced business again, of course under disadvantages. Suitable business places are scarce. The entire loss is about as we gave it last week, viz. $30,000. Insurance about $25,000. The Odd Fellows lost all their furniture, books, etc. A "Ten Nights in a Bar-Room" entertainment was given for their benefit last week. A considerable sum was realized. Money cannot replace some of the things destroyed.

President Hays of Washington College delivered a very acceptable lecture in the Presbyterian church, here recently, on "Things Wise and Otherwise."

The "Snowdon Works" were sold yesterday at public sale. Price $25,000. Adam Jacobs was the purchaser. The Excelsior Planing Mill was offered for sale again on Wednesday, but did not go. Wm. Worrell is about to move his store into his fine new building erected on the site of the one that burned down about fifteen months ago. It is about the best business site in Bridgeport, and a fine building. One of the rooms is to be occupied by a savings bank, to be opened about the first of April. Business is reviving a little since the river opened, but it is very dull yet. The "Commercial's" correspondent "K" continues barking and snapping at our heels like a country cur, and seemingly taking it for granted that he who tells the truth, is necessarily his neighbor's enemy. In this he is in error; we are not his enemy, neither are we the enemy of any one in Brownsville or elsewhere. But we have cultivated the habit of telling what we believe to be the truth, and that too without respect to persons or places. This, it seems, does not suit "K," and his clique, therefore, a war of words is determined upon with "K," as chief speaker, perhaps because he is so small and insignificant that if he should be lost, he would scarce be missed, even "at home." Thus far the missiles thrown have consisted of contradictions, misrepresentations and slang impudence. Having no personal acquaintance, we scarcely know whether to regard "K," as a self-conceited, impudent, ignoramus, or to attribute his "unfounded and preposterous" statements to wilful wickedness. Perhaps a mixture of the two would make up the case. He says property and rents are higher than heretofore. It is one thing to ask a price and another to get it. We cannot now recollect any real estate having changed hands here for six months, but by passing under the hammer, and each case, had we a live town, and should have brought forty per cent. more. Two or three men do all the buying. Rents are high in the "neck," because it is the business center. Notwithstanding the mechanics have about all left the place, and many others of various crafts, there is not a comfortable house to rent in the place. Those available are old dilapidated shells. He says the glass factory here is "one of the finest, and best conducted in America." How does he know that? We think otherwise. He does not tell his readers that it has limped a good share of the winter. He says, "we have large foundries, machine shops, boat yards, coal mines, steam mills of all kinds, four banks, whose shares are selling at from five to eighty-nine per cent premium." We have not denied there are facilities for business here, but what are these "foundries" &c., doing? Very little indeed. Only one "foundry and machine shop" has done anything this winter, and that only part time. The planing mills have done nothing; the boatyards very little. "Steam mills of all kinds," Poor fellow. Is that a wilful untruth, or does he not know better? There are three banks here, and another to be opened about the first proximo. Why not tell the truth and then stop? Which bank's stock is selling for 89 per cent premium? He makes the impression that we said Brownsville is dead. Here is what we said, and still say: "O, for a railroad to bring in a few live men to resuscitate this dying old town." We wish the town prosperity, and try to do our part in our sphere, as a temporary citizen, but we are not disposed to close our eyes against facts. We claim the right to hold and express our convictions, and allow the same right to others. If "K" wishes to write for the "Commercial" let him do it. If he finds us in error, let him offer his version of the matter in a proper manner, trying to do as he would have others do to him, and we will not complain.

Yours, &c., C.

THE Waynesburg "Republican says: There seems to be an unusual amount of sickness in this county at the present time. The cause, we suppose, is the suddenness of changes in the weather.

KINDNESS TO KINDRED.

Want of the necessary means to supply the necessities which usually press upon people in the more moderate walks of life, may be an excuse for neglecting a disease which, like consumption, has often in times past been esteemed as incurable. But the common ties of nature, which ought to bind man to his own, overleap all these barriers in the estimation of right-thinking people; and when we see a medicine like Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure curing hundreds of people all around us, we feel it not only a pleasure, but a duty to point out to our readers such a valuable acquisition to medical knowledge. In the earlier stages of lung disease Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure is a specific. The cough and chill, the sputa streaked with blood, all give place to that healthy equilibrium of the circulation which is induced by that all-powerful remedy; and every bit of peccant and disorganizing material is expelled from the blood and removed from the system by the natural ducts and excretory organs of the body. The tens of thousands of lungs clogged with mucus and seething with corruption can be made to perform the office of respiration by a timely use of Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure. Office and store, 167 Liberty street.

PERIODIC DISORDERS.

The paroxysmal maladies, which are characterized by heat and cold, prevail extensively at this season, and it is a curious fact that in many parts of the country where they are prevalent, other diseases, that bear no general resemblance to fever and ague, or remittent fever, assume a periodic type. Thus, in many sections infested with chills and fever, rheumatism, neuralgia, hysteria, diarrhea, &c., sometimes become intermittent, thereby indicating that they have been engendered by the same poisonous exhalations which produce the first named disease.

In all these MASKED CASES OF AGUE—for such they are—as well as in the regular intermittents, the most safe and reliable remedy that can be administered is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Neither quinine nor arsenic are needed. Both are in the highest degree dangerous, and are sure to leave sad traces of their poisonous action in the system, whether they arrest the paroxysms or not. In many instances all the so-called specifics of the "regular" materia medica utterly fail to "break up" intermittent and remittent disorders. But the great vegetable Tonic never fails. The spasm of the minute blood vessels which causes the chill is the result of nervous weakness, produced by the debilitating operation of an unwholesome atmosphere, and the tone and vigor given to the nervous system by the Bitters, enable it to throw off the disease. The wiser policy, however, is to anticipate attacks of this nature by arousing all the latent energies of the body at the commencement of the moist and chilly season, with this incomparable antidote. By pursuing this course, intermittents, remittents, rheumatism, colic, billiousness, dyspepsia and pulmonary affections may always be prevented.

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK
in the city in the way of
FRESH AND PURE DRUGS
will be found at the corner of Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) streets.
JAS. E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE,
where you will find Family Medicines, Imported Soaps, Perfumes, Cologne of every kind, sold at the lowest prices. Also, Squire's Granulated Bicarb. Potassa. Sold at
JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE,
Cor. Penn and Sixth streets (old St. Clair.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Thos. P. Henderson,
DEALER IN
Lime, White Lime, Land Plaster,
WHITE CALCINED PLASTER,
HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
360 Penn Avenue.
LIME YARDS, 43d STREET, 17TH WARD.
fe19-k66

Steam Heating
BY
HIGH OR LOW PRESSURE.
Estimates furnished on application. Send for pamphlet, with references, to
GEO. W. BLAKE,
215 Centre Street, New York.
oc28-d38

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
New Prints,
NEW GINGHAMS.
New White Goods.
Plain and Striped P. K.'s,
Plain, Striped and Plaid Jaconets,
Plain, Striped and Plaid Nainsooks,
Victoria Lawns, Swisses, &c.
Curtain Laces, Vestibule Laces.
WHITE BED QUILTS.
Sheeting Muslins, all widths.
Pillow Case Muslins.
Shirting Muslins, Table Linens.
Irish Linens and Shirt Fronts.
At 6¼c., a new lot of short lengths Light Prints.
At 8½c., a new lot Light and Dark Prints, slightly misprinted, [...]
At 12½c., 4-4 Bleached Muslin, Soft Finish, extra good for the price.
At 8½c., a choice stock Huck and Diaper Towels, at [...]

WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FederalSt., Allegheny.

REMOVAL.
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON
& CO.,
Have Removed
TO THEIR NEW BUILDING,
Nos. 239 and 241 Liberty Street,
(Opposite Wood street,)
AND OFFER AN
ELEGANT NEW STOCK
OF
DRY GOODS,
Notions and Small Wares,
AT
LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.
Buyers are Invited to Call.
C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON.
J. G. STEPHENSON.

AMERICAN BROILER

An invaluable improvement on all preceding or existing methods. Brings into complete operation all the natural principles essential to perfect Broiling. Saves Fifty Per Cent. in Time, Fuel and Nutriment. One of the lightest, simplest and cheapest of kitchen utensils. No charcoal and no preparation of fire required. Equally good over wood or coal. Fits all sized stove or range openings. Now in use over three years, with universal satisfaction.. Guaranteed Explanatory Circulars sent on application. Price $2.00. Liberal discount to the trade.
All of our Broilers have Brass Labels attached, with Name and Trade Mark stamped thereon, and we caution all dealers against selling broilers that infringe in any respect on the American Broiler, as we will bring suit against any party so doing.
Messrs. LOGAN, GREGG & CO., No. 52 WOOD STREET, have the Exclusive Sale of the American Broiler in Pittsburgh.
American Broiler Mf'g Co.,
52 BARCLAY STREET, N. Y. City.

Faber & Van Doren,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS.
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.

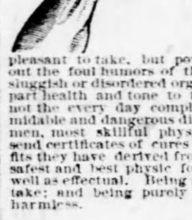
PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Works,
J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
PROPRIETORS.
Manufacturers of White Lead, Red Lead, Blue Lead, Zincs, Litharge, Putty, and all colors, dry and in oil.
OFFICE AND FACTORY—450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 REBECCA STREET.
We call the attention [...] strictly Pure White Lead [...] "Carbonate [...]" that is, free [...] is whiter and [...] erty. Guaranteed [...] and whiter [...] price of the [...] tion.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
New Spring Shawls,
RICH BROCHE AND ROMAN STRIPED.
NEW SILK NECK SCARFS.
New Hats,
Bonnets, Ribbons
and Flowers.
At 50c., Ladies' Kid Gloves.
At 50c., Ladies' White Merino Drawers.
[...]
New Laces and Embroideries.
Black Imitation White Laces,
Black Silk Laces and Guipure Laces,
[...]
A complete stock at Very Low Prices, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FederalSt., Allegheny.

New Establishment.
Marbleized Slate Mantles,
FURNACES,
RANGES, GRATES.
[...]
MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTLES,
[...]
COOKING RANGES
[...]
Old's Utility Fire Grate,
[...] gas and smoke, and saving from forty to fifty per cent. of fuel.
The New Cone Furnace,
which has a large amount of radiating surface, and for simplicity of construction, ease of management, economy in fuel and durability, will commend itself to all who will examine it. It will heat your building with one-third less coal than the common furnaces now in use. The BEST FURNACES for Coke, Bituminous and Anthracite Coal.
We solicit a liberal share of public patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.
JAMES OLD,
No. 193 Liberty Street,
fe10:129 PITTSBURGH, PA.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS,
For all the Purposes of a Family Physic, curing

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Billousness, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumor and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and Purifying the Blood, are the most congenial purgative yet perfected. Their effects abundantly show how much they excel all other Pills. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. They purge out the foul humors of the blood, they stimulate the sluggish or disordered organ into action, and they impart health and tone to the whole being. They cure not the every day complaints of everybody, but formidable and dangerous diseases. Most eminent clergymen, most skillful physicians, and our best citizens send certificates of cures performed and of great benefits they have derived from these Pills. They are the safest and best physic for children, because mild as well as effectual. Being sugar-coated, they are easy to take; and being purely vegetable, they are entirely harmless.
PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
WHOLESALE AGENTS.
ap15-MWF-W

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE,
New City Hall, Smithfield street,
PITTSBURGH, February 1st, 1872.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL OWNERS (whether resident or non-resident in the City of Pittsburgh), of

Drays, Carts, Carriages, Buggies, &c.,
TO PAY THEIR LICENSES
At this Office Forthwith.

All Licenses not paid on or before the FIRST MONDAY IN MARCH, 1872, will be placed in the hands of a Police Officer for collection, subject to a collection fee of 50 cents; and all persons neglecting to pay on or before the FIRST MONDAY IN MAY will be subject to a penalty double the amount of the Licenses, to be recovered before the Mayor or any Alderman of said city.

The old metal plates of last year must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or twenty-five cents additional will be charged on each License.

RATES OF LICENSES.

Each one horse vehicle	$7 50
Each two horse vehicle	12 00
Each four horse vehicle	15 00
Each two horse hack	15 00
Omnibus and Timber Wheels drawn by two horses	18 00

One dollar extra will be charged for each additional horse used in any of the above specified vehicles.

fe1:k60 C. L. MAGEE, City Treasurer.

50 Cents on the Dollar. Gold & gold plated Jewelry & Fancy Goods [...] Selling at Great [...]

LUMBER! LUMBER!
AT YARD AND FOR SALE BY
L. Walter & Son,
Nos. 160 and 263 River Ave.,
[...]

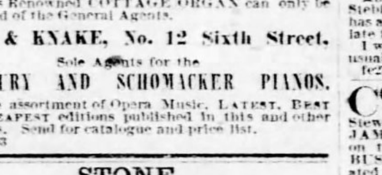
Great Western Gun Works.
Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers,
[...] Bags, Shot [...] Sporting [...]es. I deal [...] and have [...]ell at low[...] Call and [...] elsewhere. [...] Guns for [...]es and Re[...]
J. H. JOHNSTON,
179 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
New Dress Goods.
New Black and White Striped Alpacas,
New Black and White Striped Delaines,
[...]
DOLLY VARDEN
PRINTS.
New Chintzes and Percales.
DRESS SILKS.
Black and Colored Dress Silks,
Plain Gray Japanese Silks,
Striped Japanese Silks,
AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.
[...]
EXTRA GOOD BARGAINS IN
Bright Plaids,
For Misses' and Children's Wear, at
WM. SEMPLE'S.
165, 167 and 169
FederalSt., Allegheny.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.

L. R. NORTON,
DEALER IN
Pianos, Organs and Melodeons.
State Agent for Jewett & Goodman's Excelsior
ORGAN,
118 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
(Opposite New City Hall.)
Agents Wanted. fe28:MWS

Pianos and Organs.
Guaranteed 5 y'rs. FIRST-CLASS.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE CITY.
Ester's Renowned COTTAGE ORGAN can only be purchased of the General Agents,
BARR & KNAKE, No. 12 Sixth Street,
Sole Agents for the
BRADBURY AND SCHOMACKER PIANOS.
A large assortment of Opera Music, LATEST, BEST and CHEAPEST editions published in this and other countries. Send for catalogue and price list.
de15-g63

STONE.

Artificial Stone.
PATENTED NOVEMBER 10, 1868.
MILLS & CO.
Manufacture Stone
For Sidewalks, Fire-proof Floors, Building Stone, House Fronts, Belt Course, Sills, Corners, Lintels and Cemetery Work. Also dealers in best imported CEMENTS and FIRE CLAY. Native Cement, Plaster, White Lime and Sand. SEWER PIPE and CHIMNEY TOPS, &c., constantly on hand. Office and Warerooms—258 LIBERTY STREET. fe27:147

WEST COMMON MACHINE STONE WORKS.
Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.
Frederick Atvater & Co.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice, HEARTH and STEP STONES, FLAGS for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c., HEAD and TOMBSTONES, &c. Orders promptly filled and terms reasonable.

REINHOLD SIEDLE,
JEWELER,
(SUCCESSOR TO MEYRAN & SIEDLE,)
DEALER IN
Diamonds,
Fine Watches,
Jewelry,
Silver and Plated Ware,
French Clocks, and
English Cutlery.
No. 42 FIFTH AVENUE.
ja27

Hall's
VEGETABLE SICILIAN
HAIR
RENEWER.
Gray Hair
Restored to its Original Youthful Color
BY ITS USE.
It will make hair grow upon bald heads, except in very aged persons, as it furnishes the nutritive principle by which the hair is nourished and supported.
It will prevent the hair from falling out, and does not stain the skin.
No better evidence of its superiority need be adduced than the fact that so many imitations of it are offered to the Public.
IT IS A SPLENDID HAIR DRESSING!
Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all Druggists. mh4-M-W-F

BAGS.
Cotton Seamless Bags have advanced, but being fortunate enough to have a large stock (about 11,000) on hand, we ase selling them at the old prices. We manufacture a Bag called Philadelphia, a Bag which is equal, if not superior, to any in the market. Of them we have three sizes, 2, 2 1-2, and 3 bushels.
We also manufacture Paper Bags, Ropes and Twines.
JOHN T. BAILEY & CO.,
347 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; N. E. corner Market and Water Streets, Philadelphia.

MARION
U. S. WATCH CO. (GILES, WALES & CO.)
WATCHES
Best in the world. Ask your Jeweller to see them
For Sale by all First-class Dealers.
WHOLESALE ROOMS,
GILES, WALES & CO. 13 Maiden Lane, New York
de27:h59-MWF

LOOKING GLASSES
Pickersgill, Lyons & Co.,
No. 141 WOOD STREET,
Invite the attention of the public to their large assortment of LOOKING GLASSES and PICTURE FRAMES, embracing many new styles. Also, American, German and French Chromos, which we offer at reasonable prices.
FINE MANTLE AND PIER GLASSES a specialty. jy1:p55-TTHS

ONIONS.—125 BBLS. CHOICE SILVER Skins and Yellow;
BEANS—25 bbls Prime Navy;
10 bbls Medium Navy;
DRIED PEACHES—40 bbls and sacks Prime Halves;
LARD—10 kegs Choice for family use;
5 bbls do do do
CORN MEAL—5 bbls choice Yellow;
For sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
fe29 141 and 143 First avenue.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

CARPETS
For Spring Trade.
LARGE STOCK.
ALL GRADES.
Popular Prices.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fifth Av.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CARPETS.
MARCH, 1872.
New Salesroom on First Floor
NOW OPEN,
AND
Full of New Goods at the Lowest Prices.
M'Farland & Collins,
71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
no4 Next to Custom House and Postoffice.

A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 MARKET STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
We have opened for the SPRING TRADE the largest and best assorted stock of
PHILADELPHIA CARPETS,
Table, Stair and Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades and Paper, Carpet Chain, Cotton, Yarn, Batting, Wadding, Twines, Wicks, Clocks, Looking Glasses, Fancy Baskets, Brooms, Baskets, Buckets, Brushes, Clothes Wringers, Wooden and Willow Ware, in the United States.
Our large increase in business enables us to sell at low prices and furnish the best quality of Goods.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
Celebrated American Washer.
PRICE, $5.50.
OVER 13,00 SOLD IN SIX MONTH.
Terms: Carpets, 60 Days.
All other goods 30 Days, Net. fe13-k41

H. M'Callum,
CARPETS,
NO. 51
FIFTH AVENUE.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

PITTSBURGH, PA., February 26, 1872.

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Partnership heretofore existing between JOHN STREICHLER and JOSEPH STEBLER, under the firm name of

John Streichler & Co.,

Of the Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh, was dissolved on or about the 3d day of January, A. D., 1872.

And that all the business of the said firm will be settled by the undersigned, to whom all moneys due to said late firm must be paid.

And all parties are hereby notified that neither Jos. Stebler or any other person, except the undersigned, has any authority to collect any moneys due to the said late firm.

I will continue the business of STONEMASON as usual, individually.

fe27-159 JOHN STREICHLER.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED, having purchased the interest of Hays & Stewart, do associate themselves under the style of JAMES CALLERY & CO., who will continue to carry on the TANNING, CURRYING and LEATHER BUSINESS in all its branches, at the Tannery, situated in the Eighth ward, Allegheny City. Also, at the Store, 102 Liberty street, near Ferry street.

JAMES CALLERY & CO.

In retiring from the Tanning and Leather business, we would respectfully solicit a continuance of the liberal patronage, heretofore extended, to our successors, JAMES CALLERY & CO., who always have a full assortment of Leather on hand.

HAYS & STEWART.

PITTSBURGH, April 1, 1871. ap25-p68

DISSOLUTION.

PITTSBURGH, March 1, 1872.

Owing to the death of a member of the firm, (Mr. Robert Jamison,) the firm of Houck, Jamison & Co. is this day dissolved. All settlements with the firm will be attended to by J. C. Houck, at the office, No. 325 Liberty street.

Co-Partnership.

The undersigned have this day entered into Partnership under the firm name of HOUCK, McCAGUE & CO., who will receive and sell all kinds of Feed, Grain, Flour, Dried Fruits, &c. Office 325 Liberty street.

J. C. HOUCK,
R. S. McCAGUE,
D. MENTZER.

PITTSBURGH, March 1, 1872. mh1:175

DISSOLUTION.

The co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Kennedy, Irwin & Co., Steamboat Blacksmithing, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, James Kennedy retiring from the firm. The business will be continued as usual, at the old place, No. 38 Water street, Pittsburgh, by Irwin & McCaslin.

JAMES KENNEDY,
J. H. IRWIN,
A. W. McCASLIN.

In retiring from the firm I cordially recommend my former partners to my friends, patrons, and the public generally.

JAMES KENNEDY.

PITTSBURGH, February 29, 1872. mh1:177

NOTICE.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between William Miller, William Bruff, John M. Thorp and Jerome S. Bonnett, under the firm name of William Miller & Co., has been dissolved by the death of William Miller.

FOR SALE.

The Valuable Stock, Lease,

GOOD WILL AND FIXTURES

of the Wholesale Grocery and Liquor Business, lately conducted by William Miller & Co., and formerly by Miller & Ricketson, at No. 221 and 223 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh. Apply upon the premises, or by letter to

FRANKLIN B. GOWEN,
Administrator of Estate of Wm. Miller, dec'd,
mh1:176 227 South Fourth street, Philadelphia.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of D. F. AGNEW & CO., was, by mutual consent, dissolved January 15, 1872. All debts due to or by the late firm, will be settled by D. F. AGNEW.

JOHN D. McCORD,
JAMES S. McCORD,
D. F. AGNEW.

THE BUSINESS OF THE LATE FIRM will be continued in all its branches by

D. F. AGNEW,
PENN BOILER WORKS,
Corner 20th and Railroad Sts.,
fe20-151 PITTSBURGH.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

Jas. Gallagher,
MERCHANT TAILORING
Establishment,
No. 10 SIXTH STREET.
Mr. C. B. MUHLANBRING, the experienced and popular Cutter, has kindly consented to remain with me, and will be happy to see his old friends at the old place. Our stock in trade has been largely increased by a new supply of seasonable and fashionable
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
mh4

NEW WINTER GOODS.
A splendid stock of
Cloths; Cassimeres, &c.,
Just received by
HENRY MEYER, Merchant Tailor,
no29 73 Smithfield street.

MEDICAL.

DR. WHITTIER,
No. 296 PENN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
A regular graduate of Medicine, as his Diploma at office shows, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Venereal, Sexual and Private Diseases than any other Physician in Pittsburgh.
Syphilis, Stricture, Orchitis, all forms of Hernia and Rupture, all Urinary Diseases, and Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones are treated with unparalleled success.
Spermatorrhea, Sexual Debility and Impotency, the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, which produce some of the following effects, viz.: Nervousness, debility, blotches, dizziness, dimness of sight, confusion of ideas, evil forebodings, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, rendering marriage improper and life miserable, are permanently cured. Sealed pamphlet relating to the above sent for two stamps. Correspondence confidential; consultation free. It is self-evident that a Physician who treats thousands of cases every year must acquire great skill; many Physicians knowing this, recommend patients to his care. Medicines sent everywhere.
Office Hours, 9 A.M. to 9 P.M. Sundays, 1 to 3 P.M.

MANHOOD; WOMANHOOD!
"Books for the million!" Who may marry, who not. Why? Impediments, causes and cure. Every father, mother, young man and young woman should read them. 100 pages. Sent in SEALED ENVELOPE; 15 cents each; both for 25 cents.
Address DR. WHITTIER, 296 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers, BANKERS,

78 Fourth Avenue.

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders executed for the purchase and sale of STOCKS at the New York Stock Board.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Ira B. McVay & Co., BANKERS.

We offer for sale the following desirable securities:

City of Pittsburgh Water Loan and Penn Avenue Bonds.

Bearing 7 per cent. Interest at par and accrued interest.

Pittsburgh & Connellsville 6 Per Cent. Bonds,

DUE IN 1887. First Mortgage on Turtle Creek Division, at 86 and Accrued Interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Geo. B. Hill & Co.,

BROKERS AND DEALERS IN

BONDS, STOCKS AND MORTGAGES.

Orders promptly executed for the purchase and sale of all Reliable Securities.
Collections made.

Cor. Third Avenue and Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

Buy and sell all kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS,

On Most Favorable Terms.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money Loans on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.
Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, March 2, 1872.

The eastern money market is unchangeable to any great extent from our previous reports on its condition. Gold closed to-day at 110¼.

The close approach of Spring renders the loan markets active, as merchants are engaged in making their purchases with borrowed money, anticipating their Spring collections. 8 per cent. on first quality paper is exacted by the lenders, while 9 per cent. is the ruling ordinary rate, although on some loans as high as 12 per cent. is exacted.

There is little activity in the local stock market, and prices generally remain firm. The movement against the petroleum producers has weakened oil stocks very materially, and has forced a considerable quantity on the market. The fright of the holders seems to us to be unwarranted by any development thus far made.

Real estate is in fair demand, and fancy prices are well maintained in favored sections. Speculators have been busy during the winter season in sketching plans for the Spring campaign of lot selling. We learn of a number of schemes of a speculative character that are on foot, similar to that successful one at Homestead. Speculators in the heavier real estate in the city are holding off from any operations just now, awaiting the development of the project for new Government buildings, and aiming to get in somewhere near whatever site will be selected if Congress allows the appropriations. Trade is very good in all lines. The manufacturers are overpressed with work. Our wholesale merchants have laid in their goods for the Spring demand, and country customers have already commenced purchases. The indications are very favorable for a prosperous season.

Robinson Bros. No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations of bonds and stocks, from their latest advices by wire:

	Friday.	Saturday.
Bonds—1871	114⅞	115¼
5-20—1862	111	111¼
" 1864	111	111¼
" 1865	111¼	111⅛
" 1865 new	110¼	110½
" 1867	111¼	111½
" 1868	111¾	111⅝
10-40s	107¾	107½
Currency 6's	114	114¼
Gold	110¼	110¼
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	97⅞	97⅞
Do Scrip	93⅛	93¼
Erie	33⅛	33½
Reading	113⅞	113¾
Lake Shore	91⅞	91⅞
Fort Wayne	98	98⅛
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	90⅛	90⅛
Rock Island	111½	111⅝
Chicago & N. W.	77	78
Do. Preferred	90⅜	90⅜
St. Paul, Common	56½	56⅝
Do. Preferred	77½	77⅛
Wabash	75¼	75¼
Union Pacific	34⅛	34⅛
Ohio & Mississippi	44½	44⅛
Pacific Mail	61	60⅞
West. Union Telegraph	69⅝	69⅝
Adams Express	92⅞	92½
American Express	68¼	68⅛
U. S. Express	65⅛	65⅛
Wells, Fargo	73	73

—Messrs. Gilbough, Bond & Co., bankers and brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the prices to-day of the most active stocks:

	Friday.	Saturday.
Penna. Central	59⅞	60½
Penna. Allotments	57¼	58
Reading R. R.	56⅜	56⅜
Camden & Amboy	125	123
Lehigh Navigation	39½	39⅛
Oil Creek & Alleg'y R. R	39⅞	40¼
Central Transportation	46	46
Empire Transportation	55	55
Union Transportation	—	—
Pittsburgh City 5's	73½	73¼
A. V. R. R. 7-30's	93½	93½
Lehigh Valley R. R.	62⅞	62⅛
Philadelphia & Erie	26	26⅞
Schuylkill Navigation	16½	16½

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.

Loans, decrease	$ 206,400
Specie, increase	443,000
Legal Tenders, decrease	1,272,500
Deposit, decrease	2,845,400
Circulation, increase	21,700

NEW YORK, March 2, 1872.

Money opened firm at about 7 per cent. gold, and loaned as high as 1-32. After the bank statement some loans were made at 6. The bulk of the loans were at 7. After brokers had made up their bank accounts unemployed balances were offered down to 3 and 4 per cent. The bank statement is a better exhibit than was generally looked for. The banks have made a net loss of only $123,575 in their legal reserve. They now hold $2,444,450 above the twenty-five per cent. required by law. The gold market was weaker at the close, when the quotations were 110⅛@110¼. Loans were 3 to 7 per cent for carrying. The clearings were $35,000,000. Specie exports for the week $678,388. Governments steady, without any special feature. State bonds dull. The stock market was strong and higher at the close, when the best prices of the day were generally current. North-western common was the leading feature, and advanced to 87½. Pacific Mail rallied from 60⅝ to 61⅛. Panama rose from 82 to 84. The advance in the balance of the list was not so great as in the case of the above-mentioned stocks. Dealings were larger than usual of late on Saturday afternoons.

Sterling exchange 109¼.

GOVERNMENTS.—Coupons 1881, 115; 5-20s, '62, 111⅛; '64, 111¼; '65, 111⅛; new, 110¼; '67, 111¼; '68, 111⅜; 10-40s, 107¼; currency sixes, 114.

STATE BONDS—Mississippi, 94⅛; Tennessee old, 66; do new, 66; Virginia new, 51; do old, 50; North Carolina old, 35; do new, 18⅛.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraph, 69⅞; Quicksilver, 36½; Adams Express, 92½; Wells, Fargo & Co. do, 73; American Merchants Union do, 68½; United States do, 65½; Pacific Mail, 63; New York Central, 97⅞; scrip, 93⅜; Erie, 32⅞; preferred, 60; Harlem, 108½; preferred, 125; Reading, 114¼; Michigan Central, 117⅞; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 90⅛; Northwestern, 78⅛; preferred, 90⅞; Rock Island 111⅞; New Jersey Central, 111½; St. Paul, 57; preferred 77⅝; Wabash, 75¼; preferred 87; Ft. Wayne, 98; Terre Haute, 20; preferred, 54; Chicago & Alton, 115; preferred, 119; Ohio & Mississippi, 44⅞; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 88⅛; Burlington & Quincy, 136; Lake Shore, 92⅛; Panama, 22⅜; Illinois Central, 133; Union Pacific, 35⅝; Central Pacific bonds, 102; Union 91⅛.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, March 2.—Flour firm; XX spring $6,50@6,50. Wheat dull and drooping; No. 1, $1,27½; No. 2, $1,24. Oats steady at 31⅝c. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 39c. Rye active; No. 1, 72½c. Barley dull and nominal; No. 2 fall 61½c. Hogs dull. Mess pork firm at $12,00.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, March 2, 1871.

ASHES—Soda Ash is in limited supply and firm at the recent advance; common, 5¼ cts; refined (high test) 6 cts; Nitrate Soda, 5½ cts. Pots, 10 cts; Pearls, 11 cts.

APPLES—There is a steady demand and we can report regular sales at $4@5 ₩ bbl for fair to prime and $5 for choice.

APPLE BUTTER—May be quoted at 55@65 for common to medium and 70@75 for prime to choice.

BUTTER—Prime to choice roll is in demand and scarce while common and medium butter is dull and in good supply; sales of the former at 25@28 cts.

BEANS—Quiet and unchanged; small sales at $2@2,50 ₩ bushel, according to quality.

BROOM CORN—Is still reported dull but prices are nominally unchanged; 6@9 cts ₩ lb.

CRANBERRIES—Sales at from $12 to 16 ₩ bbl, according to quality.

CHEESE—Is firm with an increased demand and stocks in this market are light; we continue to quote at 17¾@18 cts for Goshen; 16¼@17 cts for Factory and 14@15 cts for Dairy.

CANNED GOODS—Peaches unchanged at $6@7 ₩ case and Tomatoes at $4,25@4,50. Corn is somewhat excited and higher; we no quote at $7@7,50 ₩ case, an advance of $2 within the past few weeks.

CARBON OIL—Continues dull but prices are nominally unchanged; 19¼@20 cts by the car load and 2@3 cts additional for small lots.

COUNTRY LARD—8½@9 cts ₩ lb.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches quiet and unchanged 10@10½ cts for halves; 8@8½ cts for mixed; 7@7½ cts for quarters and 15@20 cts for peeled. Apples in steady demand and firmer at 7½@8 cts for common to fair and 8½@9 cts for prime to choice. Blackberries, 14@15 cts. Pitted cherries, 28@30 cts; unpitted, 8@10 cts.

FEATHERS—Sales of No. 1 at 72@73 cts to the trade; usual advance over these quotations for small lots. Mixed stock 40@60 cts, as to quality.

FLOUR—Our dispatches, of Friday reported nearly all the leading markets both east and west dull, but as long as wheat keeps up, there is not much hopes of a decline; indeed, flour has been lower relatively all winter than wheat. We continue to quote at $7,25@7,50 for fair to good spring wheat; and $7,50@7,85 for choice do; $7,50@7,75 for fair to good red winter wheat and $7,90@8 for choice. Rye Flour $5,50. The stock in our market although not large is fully equal to the demand.

GRAIN—The operations in all kinds of grain have been comparatively light during the past week, and the markets, in a general way, present but little that is new or important. Wheat has been coming in pretty freely since the resumption of navigation, but the mills are taking all that offers within the range of our quotations, $1,60@1,63 for red, and $1,65@1,68 for white. Oats continue dull, the market, for the present, being overstocked, but prices remain unchanged; sales, on track, at 48@50 cts for mixed to white—the latter considered an outside quotation. Shelled Corn is dull but unchanged; sales, free in elevator, at 60 cts, which is just about cost, no more; sales of car, in bulk, at 58 cts for mixed, and 60 cts for prime yellow—1@2 cts more for bagged. Rye is in light supply, and dealers are taking all that offers at 98c@$1. Barley is unchanged, with a comparatively light supply, and, while the market is stronger, especially for the best grades, prices are no better; 75@80 cts for spring, and 80@85 cts for fall.

GROCERIES—Trade in our market has been fair during the past week, and, navigation having been resumed, it will doubtless improve from this out. Coffee continues weak and unsettled. Sugars, dull and heavy, and we reduce our quotations on refined ¼ of a cent. Molasses and Syrups steady, with a good jobbing trade, and prices are fully sustained.

HAY—Continues dull, the market being considerably overstocked, but there is no change in prices; sales of baled, on wharf and track, at $20@23 ₩ ton, according to quality. Some dealers are indifferent about selling at present prices, being pretty confident that it cannot go much, if any, lower, and that there may be an improvement, as the recent decline will no doubt result in diminished receipts.

HOMINY—Sales at $4,50 ₩ bbl to the trade, and $4,75@5,00 in a jobbing way.

OILS—No. 1 Extra Lard Oil, 85@87 cts; No. 2, 63@65 cts. Linseed, 90@92 cts.

ONIONS—We can report a fair jobbing trade at $2,50@3,00 ₩ bbl.

POULTRY—Dressed Chickens, 14@16 cts; dressed Turkeys, 18@20 cts.

POTATOES—Quiet and unchanged; sales at 75@80 cts ₩ bushel for small lots.

PEA NUTS—Sales at 8½@9 cts ₩ lb.

PROVISIONS—Bacon shoulders, 7 cts; sugar cured do, 8½ cts; ribbed sides, 8 cts; short rib, 8½ cts; clear, 9 cts; sugar cured hams, 12 cts. Mess Pork, $14,50. Ham sausage, 10½ cts. Dried beef, 16½ cts. Lard: in tierces, 10 cts.

RAGS—Sales at 4@4¼ cts ₩ lb.

SEEDS—Clover Seed continues dull, with considerable offering; may be quoted at $6,25@6,50 for small lots. Timothy Seed, quiet and unchanged; $3,75@4,00. Flaxseed is in steady demand at $1,80@1,83.

TALLOW—Rough, 8½@9 cts ₩ lb.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, March 2, 1872.

The refined market has been a shade firmer within the past two or three days, with rather more inquiry, particularly for immediate delivery, and prices are a shade better; business, however, continues very quiet, as there are but few sellers at the prices bid, and refiners seem to have concluded that, having held off so long, they will wait awhile longer, in hopes that the market will assume a better shape, and it is earnestly hoped that their expectations will be realized. The refining business, not only here but all over the country, has not been in a very flourishing condition for some years past, in consequence of crude being higher, relatively, than refined, and, consequently, the margins have not by any means been commensurate with the risks incurred; the great trouble lies in the fact that the refining capacity of the country is entirely too large, and it is this that has kept up the price of crude and, at the same time, depressed refined. For the 1st half of March, 22 it was thought could be realized to-day, and there was but little inquiry beyond this month. April, quoted nominally at 23¼@23½, and May at 24. Crude has undergone little or no change during the past two days, though it is considerably lower than it was at the commencement of the week. Parker may be quoted at $3,40@3,42½ ₩ bbl. or $3,90@3,92½ delivered here.

Receipts of Crude this week, 31,076 bbls; last week, 26,549; January 1st to date, 180,023; same time last year, 115,866. Exports refined this week, 13,438; last week, 11,124; January 1st to date, 99,022; same time last year, 75,926. From the above it will be seen that we have received 64,157 bbls of crude oil more then during the same time last year, while our shipments of refined exceed those of last year 24,096 bbls.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY A. V. R. R.

Woodville O W, account W Stewart	234
H. W. C. Tweddle, account J. Clark	80
Standard O W, account W. Stewart	850
Peerless O W, account P. Hutchinson	924
Total	2,088

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER WEST PENN R. R.

Holdship & Co., 150 bbls ref oil to Waring, K. & Co., Phila.
Union Refining Co., 100 bbls ref oil to Logan Bro., Phila.
Total ... 250 bbls.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CENTRAL YARDS, EAST LIBERTY, SATURDAY, MARCH 2, 1872.

RECEIPTS STOCK.

The receipts of stock at the Central Yards for the week ending to-day, were as follows:

	This week.	Last week.
Cattle	323 cars.	320 cars.
Hogs	151 "	129 "
Sheep	126 "	85 "
Horses	61 "	57 "
Mules	20 "	25 "
Total	681 "	616 "

CATTLE.

As will be seen, there was very little difference in the arrivals, as compared with last week; trade opened up slow, and dragged all the way through, and, while the common and medium grades were reported as ruling a shade lower, there was but little difference in the best grades, though they did not sell as readily as last week. The eastern markets continue sluggish and unsatisfactory, and eastern buyers, in consequence, were "bearish;" they came out resolved to get cheaper cattle or none at all, and, with this feeling on the part of buyers, trade could not be otherwise than slow and unsatisfactory, and the market, taking all in all, was generally pronounced a hard one, and both buyers and sellers were disappointed, and of course dissatisfied. The former expected to get prices down, and the latter hoped for an advance, and, as already noted, neither realized their anticipations. The lenten season is having considerable influence on the cattle trade, both here and in the east; butchers are having very poor meat markets, the demand for all kinds of meat having fallen off materially, and the consequence is they do not require as many cattle as usual, and, with an average supply and a diminished demand, business is slow and prices weak with a drooping tendency. After lent is over, trade will doubtless improve, but until then, drovers expect dull and unsatisfactory markets.

As already intimated, however, there was but little, if any, change in prices for the best grades, as compared with last week. Prime 1,400 to 1,500 lb steers, fat and smooth, sold at from 6¼ to 6¾, though there were but few sales at these quotations, and, furthermore, the offerings of this particular kind were light; good 1,200 to 1,300 lb steers may be quoted at 5¾@6¼, and 1,000 to 1,100 lb at 5¼@5½. Stock steers, 4¼@4¾, according to quality.

No.	Wgt.	Price.	No.	Wgt.	Price.
Holmes, Lafferty & Co., sold:					
27	34,340	5 87	13	21,520	5 75
13	21,520	5 85	18	21,120	5 50
50	49,440	5 00	7	7,430	5 30
10	11,510	5 30	34	44,200	5 70
34	44,270	6 00	3	3,850	4 00
Sadler, Havens & Co., sold:					
2	3,500	6 00	16	20,450	6 10
36	43,830	5 75	51	62,360	5 50
18	21,300	5 55	2	2,460	5 50
Smith, Watson & B., sold:					
18	19,180	5 25	14	14,550	5 12
19	23,760	5 60	15	18,180	5 90
Hedges, Huff & Co., sold:					
17	19,050	5 75	16	14,690	4 85
15	17,850	5 00	17	18,310	5 37
18	21,870	5 87	10	11,350	5 62
17	16,650	5 00	103	120,410	5 75
17	19,270	4 50	18	20,320	5 81
86	100,040	6 00	18	20,320	5 81
15	21,820	5 62	17	21,620	5 62
10	14,100	5 75	5	6,770	4 00
16	7,070	6 37	9	11,030	6 00
5	5,760	5 00	4	5,900	6 12
Hazlewood & Blackstock sold:					
19	21,060	5 12	3	4,080	5 50
8	9,500	5 75	2	2,820	6 00
..	......	..	15	21,170	5 75

HOGS.

As will be seen the receipts were light, 151 cars for the week, and mostly common in point of quality, but with scarcely an average demand caused in part by the lenten season, the market has ruled quiet though it closes firmer than it opened with the pens pretty well cleared. In prices there has not been much change one way or the other; Philadelphia hogs may be fairly quoted at $5,25@5,30 for good and $5,35@5,40 for prime selected, and as already noted, the feeling is a shade stronger in consequence of diminished arrivals. York hogs are also a shade stronger and as compared with the early part of the week, prices are 10@15 cts per cwt higher; sales yesterday and to-day at $4,60@4,70 for fair to good and $4,80 for prime. The situation in regard to the immediate future of the market is, of course, uncertain, but the general feeling among operators is that prices are not likely to go much lower, and this is based on the expectation that the arrivals will be comparatively light for some weeks to come.

No.	Wgt.	Price.	No.	Wgt.	Price.
Holmes, L & Co., sold:					
19	6,240	4 70	70	26,680	5 35
80	13,920	4 60	128	26,840	4 85
90	13,920	4 60	91	29,150	4 50
21	3,380	4 60	40	6,710	4 70
29	6,050	5 15	86	22,110	5 40
24	6,680	4 55	24	3,370	4 70
61	19,670	5 45	27	6,850	4 60
75	15,510	5 00	106	17,140	4 65
Hedges, Huff & Co., sold:					
173	32,630	4 75	82	13,550	4 65
108	23,920	4 85	74	14,060	4 85
63	13,130	4 75	60	17,250	5 30
43	9,260	4 65	29	6,080	5 30
40	7,880	4 65	144	24,670	4 50
159	26,000	4 63	29	6,840	5 10
77	14,440	4 65	51	10,720	4 60
102	24,070	5 25	48	10,030	4 75
151	25,700	4 70	25	2,230	4 75
42	6,090	4 50	17	3,200	5 00
.....	.....	.....	150	34,060	4 95
Hazlewood & Blackstonk sold:					
6	1,350	4 75	37	7,500	4 60
.....	.....	.....	78	21,740	5 30
Sadler, Havens & Co., sold:					
24	5,510	4 75	34	7,280	4 75
44	11,020	4 75	60	11,430	4 75
52	12,520	5 20	50	10,820	4 75
42	9,570	5 25	99	16,440	4 70
86	16,240	4 75	18	4,010	4 40
Smith, Watson & B, sold:					
45	8,380	4 60	74	10,380	4 65
106	23,650	5 25	44	5,740	5 25
35	8,520	5 30	8	1,480	[illegible]
Ulery Bro, sold:					
61	13,140	4 50	11	2,320	5 20
113	14,090	4 80	131	21,180	4 62

SHEEP.

The "run" of sheep as will be seen was large, 126 cars against 85 cars last week. Common and medium sheep were slow in consequence of an over supply and ruled a shade lower, but for the best grades, the demand was fully equal to the supply and full prices were realized. Sales were made at 8@8½ for good to prime fine wool sheep averaging from 100 to 110 lb and at 8¾@9 for extra averaging 118 to 125 lb. This class of sheep have been in steady demand for some two months for shipment to New York and the indications are that they will rule steady at present prices until after shearing time. Farmers are expecting to realize 75@80 cts ₩ lb for wool, some of them have set their figure at the even dollar, and the consequence is they are very indifferent about selling. In fact they are out of the market unless they can realize very full prices. However, the lower grades were slow this week, in consequence of an over supply, as well as to the fact that the inquiry is mainly for the best and quotations may be given at 5½@6½.

No.	Wgt.	Price.	No.	Wgt.	Price.
Holmes, Lafferty & Co., sold:					
164	16,190	8 13	84	6,830	7 00
84	6,560	6 90	130	11,550	6 85
160	14,800	7 50	169	15,570	7 30
....	.....	....	725	66,150	7 90
Sadler, Haven & Co., sold:					
80	6,610	6 25	291	26,290	7 25
81	5,110	7 23	100	15,910	7 90
156	12,350	7 00	232	21,730	7 00
....	.....	....	73	5,810	6 00
Smith, Watson & B, sold:					
45	3,910	6 00	85	9,820	8 30
303	24,380	7 00	173	13,020	6 65
139	13,140	7 30	96	8,120	7 25
Hedges, Huff & Co., sold:					
80	7,790	6 55	172	13,090	6 75
190	14,840	7 00	103	8,240	6 87
....	.....	....	87	7,800	6 75
Hazelwood & Blackstock, sold:					
239	30,150	9 00	84	5,790	6 40

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.	cars.		cars.
Zug & Co., ore	1	Lewis, O & P, ore	3
McKnight, P & Co. o	2	Graff, B & Co., ore	2
Zug & Co., metal	3	Spang, C & Co., ore	5
Hussey, W & Co., ore	1	Union Iron Mills, m	2
Shoenberger B & Co o	6		
Total			24
PITTSBURGH F. W. AND C. R. R.			
Lindsay & McC, ore	1	J. A. Caughey, met	1
J. Wood, Son & Co m	10	Wm. Smith, metal	3
Rogers & B. metal	1	J. Moorhead, metal	2
Lewis, O & P, metal	2	J. W. Porter, metal	2
Nimick & Co., metal	17	Coleman, R & Co. m	5
Brown & Co., metal	1	Rees, G & Co. metal	5
Total			48
PENNSYLVANIA R. R.			
J. Reamer, metal	12	J. W. Porter, metal	5
J. Moorhead, metal	8	Brown & Co., metal	3
J. A. Caughey, met	5	Totten & Co., metal	3
J. Woods & Co., me	5		
Total			41

Iron Markets.

NEW YORK.—Pig iron has been in good demand and buoyant, with sales reported of 500 tons Glengarnock at $41; 500 tons Gray Forge, on private terms, with No. 1 American Pig quoted up to $45 at the close. Iron Rails have been in quick request, and 2,300 tons American have been purchased on private terms. Wrought Scrap Iron has been more sought after, and quoted decidedly stronger, closing at $50@55, as the extremes, with 500 tons reported sold, to arrive, on private terms.

ST. LOUIS.—Hot blast No. 2 ₩ ton, $42; do. No. 1, $44; Cold blast, $51. Bluff and surf. ore, $5,50; common bar ₩ lb, 4 9-10c; horseshoe, 6 9-10c; common sheet, 6 5-10@7 1-10c; charcoal, 9 3-10@10 3-10c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, March 2—2 P. M.—Consols: money 92⅝; account 92¼@92⅝; 5-20s 91¾; do of '65, 92¼; do of '67, 92¾; 10-40s 88½.

FRANKFORT, March 2.—5-20s of 62, 95¾.

PARIS, March 2.—Rentes 56f 50c.

LIVERPOOL, March 2.—Cotton heavy; middling upland 11d. Red spring wheat 11@11s 5d; red winter wheat 11s 9d. Flour 25@27s. Corn 28s. Cheese 70s.

New York.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Cotton unchanged; middling upland 22¼c. Flour dull and declined; superfine western and State $6,10@6,50; common to good State $6,70@7,00; good to choice $7,50@7,60. Rye flour and corn meal unchanged. Whisky steady at 90c; wooden bound 89c. Wheat quiet; No. 2 Milwaukee $1,59; prime white western $1,70. Rye, barley and malt unchanged. Corn steady; new western mixed afloat 70@70½c. Oats a shade firmer; western in store and afloat 52@54½c; Ohio 54@56c. Eggs quiet at 36@39c. Hay quiet; shipping $1,25. Hops quiet at 25@65c for 1871, 10@30c for 1870, 10@15c for 1869, and 8@12c for 1868. Leather firm; hemlock sole, Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande 28@29c; Orinoco 26½@27c. Wool quiet; extra Ohio 80@85c; unwashed 63c; fall clip California 39@41c. Coffee steady at 19@21c. Sugar dull; fair to good refining 8¾@9½c; Cuba 8¾@9½c. Molasses firm; New Orleans 48@63c. Rice dull at 8@9c. Crude petroleum 13⅝c; refined 22¾c. Turpentine heavy at 13¼c. Pork heavy; new mess $13,75@13,90; old $13,50; prime $12,00; new prime mess $13,75; mess June $14,00; March $13,75. Beef quiet; mess 8½@10½c; extra 11@12½c; hams quiet at 25@26c for tierce; mess 16@18c; India 19@21c. Dressed hogs firmer at $6,00. Cut meats steady; hams 8¼@9½c; shoulders 5@6c. Lard dull; No. 1 to prime steam 9¼@9½c; kettle 9⅝c. Butter quiet at 11@22c. Cheese 13@17½c.

METALS.—Manufactured copper firm; Ingot Lake quiet and firm at 28¼@28½c cash. Iron: Scotch pig scarce and firm; held at $41@46; United States firmer and more active at $41@45; bar very firm at $86; Russia sheet very firm at 16c gold. Nails firm; cut $5,00; clinch $6,10@7,00; horse shoe 20@33c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The market was rather quiet; prices for staple fabrics favor sellers. Best eastern brown sheetings 14½@15c; Nashville and Augusta do 13½c; Laconia 9-4 do 35c do 10-40 do 40c; do 11-4 do 45c; Pequot 9-4 do 42½@45c; do 10-4 do 47½@50c; Hamilton ticks 22c; Methuen AA do 26@27½c; Masonville muslins 18@18½c; New York Mills do 22@22½c; Pequot 5-4 bleached sheeting 25c; do 6-4 do 35c; do 9-4 do 50c; do 10-4 do 55c; Pepperell do 50c for 11-4, 45c for 10-4, 40c for 9-4, 35c for 8-4. Prints, delaines, dress goods and all colored cottons in fair demand, steady and firm. An active inquiry for Pacific percales has forced prices up to 23½c, Pacific organdies to 18c, and Pacific Mills lawns to 16c. Carpets and worsted braids in improved request at advancing rates. Wool of all kinds very scarce and on the rise. The market has been swept of native fleece; 80c for Michigan and 82½@85c for Ohio—mostly the latter rate, with sales of the latter at the close at 90c.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 2.—Flour quiet, but firm. Wheat: No 2 spring steady; $1,13¼@1,13⅝. Corn: mixed steady; 37⅝c. Oats: No 2 dull and heavy; 31¼@31⅜c. Rye: No 2 dull, 72½c. Barley: No 2 fall quiet and firm; 57@57¼c. Mess pork strong and 5@10c higher. Lard stronger; $8,60@8,70 cash and October. Hams in pickle steady; 7½@9½c. Bulk meats steady; shoulders 4½@4¼c; sides 5½c; sides clear rib 5⅞@6c; clear 6⅛c. Dressed hogs quiet; $5,00@5,10. Highwines a shade firmer and in better demand; 85@85½c, iron bound. Hogs quiet; $4,31@4,61.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, March 2.—Tobacco: sales of 220 hhds; lugs 6½@7¼c; low to medium leaf $7,50@9,50. Bagging firm at 16@16½c. Cotton quiet; middling 21½c. Flour active and firm; family $7. Wheat firm; red and white $1,60@1,70. Corn in fair demand; shelled 60c. Oats quiet; mixed sacked 48c. Rye: demand fair at 92c. Barley 96c. Mess pork $13,25. Bacon firm; shoulders 6c; sides clear rib 7½c; clear 7⅝c; packed hams firm; demand good for sugar cured; 12½c plain; 12c for canvassed and packed. Bulk meats steady. Lard: demand good at 9¼@10c. Whisky quiet at 84c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, March 2.—Pork dull and lower; $14,25. Bacon dull; 5@7⅝c. Hams: sugar cured 11⅝@11¾c. Molasses quiet; centrifugal 40@42c; prime 48@60c; strictly prime 61c. Coffee quiet; ordinary 20c; fair 20½c; half good 20½@21½c; prime 21½@21¾c. Cotton dull and nominal; sales 1,200 bales of good ordinary at 20½c; low middling 21c; middling 21½c; receipts 3,540 bales; exports to Liverpool 3,613; Falmouth 4,416; Rival 3,099; Cronstadt 1,319; Antwerp 2,130; Barcelona 1,125; New York 927; stock 20,441.

Detroit.

DETROIT, March 2.—Wheat dull; no sales; buyers at yesterday's prices. Corn dull; no buyers; No. 1 mixed offered at 49c. Oats steady; white 45c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, March 2.—Cotton dull; middling 21⅜@21¾c. Flour and grain unchanged. Coffee dull and nominal. Eggs active and advanced; 25c. Butter and cheese firm. Provisions quiet and weak; nothing done; prices nominally unchanged. Pork offered at $12,50; no demand. Hogs dull and drooping; receipts 785. Whisky firm; 85c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, March 2.—Wheat stronger but dull; No. 1 red winter held at $1,59, and $1,58 is freely bid; No. 2, $1,50. Corn firm at 52c. Oats dull at 42c. Refined petroleum firm at 21¼@21½c in car lots; nothing done in crude.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, March 2.—Flour dull; extra family $7,25@7,50; superfine $5,25@5,75. Wheat firm; red $1,60@1,62; amber $1,64@1,65; white 55c; mixed 53@54c. Mess pork $14,25. Lard 9¼@9½c. Crude petroleum 1.5⅝c. Whisky dull 91½c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, March 2.—Flour dull and nominal. Wheat quiet and dull; amber Michigan $1,56¾. Corn: a shade better and quiet; high mixed 46@46½c; low mixed 46c. Oats: a shade better; No 1 40c; No 2 39c; Michigan 40c. Dressed hogs $5,30@5,35.

Cotton Markets.

MOBILE, March 2.—Cotton quiet; middling at 21½c; net receipts 259; exports to Great Britain 4,707; sales 500; stock 51,897.

GALVESTON, March 2.—Cotton dull and nominal; good ordinary 19½c; net receipts 213; exports to Great Britain 889; coastwise 806; sales 200; stock 4,190.

CHARLESTON, March 2.—Cotton steadier; middling 21¼c; net receipts 807; exports coastwise 233; sales 400; stock 24,977.

SAVANNAH, March 2.—Buyers and sellers are apart; tendency downward; middlings 21¼@21⅜c; net receipts 929; exports to Great Britain 8,070; coastwise 588; sales 700; stock 59,533.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

The river was about stationary last evening, with four feet in the channel. The weather continues changeable, and we regret to say, not very favorable for water. There has been less rain this winter than for several years, and but little snow; in consequence the ground is unusually dry, and many of the springs and small streams tributary to our rivers are very low—some of them entirely dry.

The arrivals since our last report included the Carrie Brooks from Marietta; Argosy from Wheeling; and Exchange from New Orleans. The Brooks departed again on Saturday evening.

The West Virginia from Geneva arrived on Friday night and returned as usual on Saturday afternoon.

The Exchange will at once commence loading for St. Louis. Capt. Ed. Evans is in command and Mr. Wm. Harbinson still retains charge of the office.

The Messenger for Nashville and Wild Duck for St. Louis have most of their cargoes on board and engaged and will depart as soon as there is a little more water.

It was expected, at Cincinnati, on Friday, that the Belle Vernon would be raised on Saturday.

The E. H. Durfee left Cincinnati for this port on Friday, with about 350 tons, drawing four feet. James Hamilton and Barney Given are her pilots.

The Juniata was to have left Cincinnati for this port on Sunday.

The Esperanza was to have left Cincinnati for this port on Saturday.

The Argonaut and three barges were sold at St. Louis, the other day, to the Missouri Sand Company, for $18,000. The Argonaut was built here, some 8 or 10 years ago, by Capt. Martin Brickell and others.

The Mollie Ebert reshipped her Pittsburgh freight on the E. H. Durfee, at Cincinnati.

The Comet, en route for St. Louis, passed Cincinnati on Thursday.

Capt. Josepe Dunlevy, of the Esperanza, left Cincinnati for St. Louis, on Thursday night, to look after his interests in the Government transportation contract on the Upper Missouri.

The Collier commenced loading for St. Louis on the 8th of May, 1871, and she did not arrive at her destination until about one week ago, taking her something over ten months to make the trip.

The Big Sunflower was sold by the United States Marshal at Vicksburg, last Saturday, and brought $6,000, the Mississippi Valley Bank being the purchaser.

—A late St. Louis telegram says: The mountain trade promises to be quite large this season. Merchants manifest a disposition for the river more than for the railroad as a means of transportation. This will call into trade at this and other points a large number of steamers, and Kountz, Hazlett & Co. and others are preparing for work. The Government contract awarded to Durfee & Peck will, it is expected, cover some twelve to fifteen thousand tons. They own nine steamers, and will probably charter several more. The Silver Lake, Far West, Nellie Peck and Miner are now being fitted up at Sioux City. The E. H. Durfee will load at Pittsburgh, and the Western and Esperanza will soon go on berth there. Altogether, the season promises to be lively.

—The New Orleans *Picayune* says: The patent appliances for steamboats, concocted by the new law of Congress, though very numerous, include neither baby jumpers nor Mrs. Winslow's soothing syrup. This oversight is unaccountable considering that the law was framed for the so-called safety of travelers, many of whom may have little cherubs in need, under way, of the above restoratives. For the honor of the new law—which is a blessing to the already overtaxed boatmen—let us have protection for our baby travelers.

—Articles of association have been filed in the office of the Secretary of State, of the Western Iron ship & Boatman's Building Company, the business to be carried on in the city of St. Louis, the object being to build wharves and docks, steamboats, barges, and other water craft; capital stock placed at three million dollars; may be increased by a vote of the stockholders to any amount not exceeding ten million dollars. Among the the Directors are ex-Gov. Stanard, Lee R. Shyrock, Capt. E. W. Gould, Capt. John N. Bofinger E. W. Fox, and other prominent citizens.

—The letter of the Secretary of the Treasury in answer to a resolution of the United States House of Representatives, and dated Feb. 13, gives the following recapitulation of statistics for the year 1871, in reference to steam vessels on waters flowing into the Gulf of Mexico: Casualties by fire, 88; by explosion, 25; by collision, 37; by sinking, 187; by wreck, 2; No. of lives lost, 695; value of property destroyed, $6,023,650.

—The wing of the dam at the head of Marietta Island is lower by four feet than when finished, caused by settling and washing away. Chief Engineer Merrill says the damage shall be repaired as soon as the Government appropriation for such purposes can be reached.

—The steamer A. Baker and one barge have been sold to Capt. Alexander for $2,500. She will be loaded at Mount Vernon with corn for the Ouachita. Capt. Kelly will command her.

—A Washington special says that the Committees on Commerce, in both the Senate and House, have agreed to report in favor of appropriating $300,000 for the completion of the Louisville Canal.

—It cost the Potomac $250 to come up through the canal, and it will cost her that amount going down, making $500 in all. The Potomac's measurement is a fraction less than 500 tons.

—The Belle Yazoo broke her pitman strap and cylinder heads just above Vicksburg, last week. The Lucy Keirn takes her place in the Yazoo trade.

—Four young men of Dubuque are making preparations to start on a trip from that place to Cuba in a boat 25 feet long and 6 feet beam.

—A new wharfboat is being built at Concord, Ky., for Rocks Springs, Ky.

—A new wharfboat is to be built and placed at the Catlettsburg landing.

—The Celeste came off the docks at Memphis Wednesday.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Drs. Jordan and Davieson,

Beg to inform their friends, patients and the public generally, that owing to their increase of practice they are compelled, reluctantly, to discontinue their branch office in this city, and in future are to be consulted only at their HEAD OFFICE,

1625 Filbert Street, Philadelphia.

Just published: PRACTICAL OBSERVATIONS ON NERVOUS DEBILITY AND PREMATURE DECAY, being a synopsis of Lectures delivered at the great Institute of Anatomy, 807 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, to which is added an important essay on MARRIAGE, the whole illustrated with numerous interesting cases from actual practice. This interesting work will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, stamps. Address DRS. JORDON & DAVIESON, 1625 Filbert street, Philadelphia. All letters will receive immediate attention. Address 1625 FILBERT STREET, Philadelphia. mh29:c69

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Long standing constitutional diseases skillfully treated, and the effects of mercury completely eradicated.
The Doctor gives particular attention to female complaints, Sterility, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhoea, Dysmenorrhoea, and all irregularities giving annoyance and trouble. A medical pamphlet is published in plain language on venereal diseases sent by mail for two stamps. Correspondence strictly confidential. Hours—9 A. M. to 8 P. M., Sundays excepted. Pittsburgh Medical Institute, 264 Penn street. ja10:id&W

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Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the first days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.
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All kinds of FUSE constantly on hand. Orders promptly filled at
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Near old St. Clair Street. ap1

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Security Trust Co.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL,

$1,000,000.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.
President ... DAVID GREGG.

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Dealers in Government Bonds.

Deposits solicited and interest allowed on same. Dividends, Coupons, etc., collected without charge. All classes of Securities bought and sold on commission. ja29:i74

American Bank

No. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,
Pittsburgh.

CASH CAPITAL, ... $200,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

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Collections made to all points in the United States and Canadas. Prompt attention paid to correspondents. je10:k43

MAX SCHAMBERG,

No. 163 Smithfield Street,

(Between Sixth and Seventh avenues).
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Foreign Exchange,

OCEAN PASSAGE AND Railroad Tickets.

Collections Made ON ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.
jy21:w54

DUQUESNE SAVINGS BANK,

64 Fourth Avenue.

Incorporated by Act of 1870.

PAID IN CAPITAL STOCK ... $100,000.
ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1872 ... $281,000.

Solicits Deposits in Large or Small Amounts.

Interest allowed, 6 PER CENT. per annum.
Investments made in Mortgages upon Real Estate, etc., etc.

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D. CAMPBELL, Treasurer.
H. BRADY WILKINS, Solicitor. fe7

Commercial Banking Company,

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Interest allowed on Time Deposits.
Prompt attention given to all business of Correspondents.

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No notice required to withdraw sums less than Fifty Dollars.

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N. P. SAWYER, President.
ALEX. M. GUTHRIE, Cashier. fe7:k12:MFW

N. Holmes & Sons.

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No. 57 Market Street,
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Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities Bought and Sold on Commission.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.
fe13

Hart, Caughey & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Cor. Fourth Ave. and Wood St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

(Successors to Hanna, Hart & Co.)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Also, Sight Drafts on London.
de1:s82

CITY BANK,

112 Fifth Avenue,
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CAPITAL ... $100,000.

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Interest Paid on Deposits.

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JOS. M. GAZZAM, Solicitor. ja17:k5

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK,

No 42 OHIO STREET, ALLEGHENY.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - - $100,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Interest paid on Time Deposits.

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GEO. R. RIDDLE, President.
JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier. my15

ALLEGHENY SAVINGS BANK

Allegheny, Pa.

Organized in 1845.

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ALLEGHENY Real Estate Bank,

140 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY, PA.

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Allegheny National Bank,

OF PITTSBURGH.

No. 33 Fifth Avenue.

CAPITAL STOCK, $500,000.

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FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET and TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES and HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGES, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROWBAR, WEDGES and HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW and CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS and MOULDS, cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A B STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES, CUT NAILS and SPIKES.

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EMERSON'S INSERTED TOOTH SAW.

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Manufacturers of every description of

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Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches. Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.
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ja8:147

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Capital All Paid Up.

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JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
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Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Marine Risks.
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OF PITTSBURGH.

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je24. W. J. CARSON, General Agent.

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jy1

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OTIS Safety Hoisting Machinery.

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PATENTEES AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

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PASSENGER ELEVATORS FOR HOTELS, OFFICE BUILDINGS, STORES, APARTMENTS AND PRIVATE HOUSES.

The only machine in use combining perfect safety with smoothness, noiselessness, rapidity of movement, and the greatest economy in the use of fuel.
Safety Hoisting Machinery for Merchandise and Freight, for Stores, Manufactories, Furnaces and Mines.
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Cast Iron Bowl Pipe

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

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For Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of

RETORTS.

The Triumph Cooking Stoves.

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Cook Stoves,

Used by thousands of housekeepers. There are no better operating or more substantial Cooking Stoves in the market. Warranted to Bake or Roast as well as any other make.

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Patent Semi-Steel

AND

CAST IRON CHILL ROLLS,

Sand Rolls and Pinions

Cast and Finished to order at the Lowest Current Rates. Our Semi-Steel Mixture gives an additional strength and wearing surface of at least Fifty Per Cent.

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HASKINS' PATENT DOUBLE SPIRAL PINIONS. no8:p43

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Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions, Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office—No. 12, CORNER FIRST AVENUE and SMITHFIELD STREET.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r82

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry & Machine Works,

SANDUSKY STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Built to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes.

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Iron City Foundry,

Manufacturers of Bridge, Rolling Mill, Blast Furnace and Machinery Castings.
CORNER LIBERTY and TWENTY-THIRD STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa. no4:g46

COPPER.

Pittsburgh Copper Rolling Mill,

MANUFACTURES

Braziers, Bolt and Sheathing Copper,
Pressed Copper Bottoms,
Patent Blanished Copper,
Locomotive Copper,
Raised Still Bottoms and Flats of all Sizes,
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Spelter, Solder, Copper Rivets, etc.

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C. G. HUSSEY & CO.,
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Sheets Copper Cut to any Pattern.
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Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,

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OFFICE AND YARD, corner Butler and Morton streets, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward, also, Second street, Eighth ward, and at the foot of Ross street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward.
Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to me through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.
Refer to whom I am supplying: Hussey, Wells & Co., Wm. Smith, Union Iron Mills, S. S. Fowler & Co., Mitchell, Stevenson & Co., Bissell & Co., Graff & Hugus, Alexander Bradley, Park, Bro. & Co., Park, McCurdy & Co., Reese, Graff & Dull, Wm. M. Faber & Co., J. B. Lyon & Co., James Marshall & Co., Allen, McKee & Co., Union Depot Hotel, Connellsville railroad, Pennsylvanknia railroad, Allegheny Valley railroad.

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Peach Hill, Vermont and Peach Bottom Roofing

SLATE.

Also, SLATING NAILS AND FELT.
Corner of Eleventh and Liberty Streets.
Opposite the Grain Elevator, Pittsburgh, Pa.
SLATE ROOFS put on by experienced workmen. ap7:p78

HARDWARE.

Oscar F. Lamm & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

HUBS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

CARRIAGE AND GENERAL HARDWARE,

Spokes, Felloes, Shafts and Poles.

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ja23:i38 ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

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PITTSBURGH WIRE WORKS,

(ESTABLISHED 1842.)

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Jas. R. Taylor,

MANUFACTURER OF

WIRE GUARDS

FOR STORES, FACTORIES, &c.

Wove Wire Sieves, Sand and Coal Screens, Fenders, Traps, Cages and Wire Work OF ALL KINDS. de30:h76

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GEO. H. ANDERSON & CO.,

128 SECOND AVENUE.

1,000 Sides Buenos Ayres Sole;
400 " Springfield Oak Sole;
100 doz. French Calf and Kip of the most approved brands,
with a full assortment of Saddlers and Shoemaker's Stocks, wholesale and retail.

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ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND

Commission Stables

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD

After November 12th, 1871, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD. Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD. Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Express	2:50am	Mail Train	1:05am
Mail Train	7:35am	Fast Line	1:35am
Cincinnati Ex	12:50pm	Cincinnati Ex	8:20am
Phila. Ex	5:20pm	Southern Ex	9:10am
Fast Line	7:20pm	Thro' Pass'ger	1:35pm
		Pacific Express	2:05pm
		Way Passenger	8:30pm
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Wall's No. 1	6:30am	Wall's No. 1	6:20am
Wall's No. 2	7:55am	Brinton Accom. No. 1	7:50am
Wall's No. 3	10:20am	Wall's No. 2	8:50am
Wall's No. 4	11:51am	Wall's No. 3	10:05am
Wall's No. 5	3:20pm	Wall's No. 4	1:20pm
Johnstown Ac	4:05pm	Wall's No. 5	3:20pm
Brinton Accom. No. 1	4:50pm	Wall's No. 6	5:30pm
Braddock's Ac'n No. 1	5:35pm	Brinton Accom. No. 2	6:50pm
Wall's No. 6	6:05pm	Braddock's Ac'n No. 1	7:20pm
Brinton Accom. No. 2	9:20pm	Brinton Accom. No. 3	11:10pm
Wall's Ac. No. 7	11:05pm		

Cincinnati Express, Pacific Express and Brinton Accommodation No. 2 leave daily.
All other trains daily except Sunday.
PACIFIC EXPRESS, leaving Pittsburgh at 2:50 A. M., arrives at Harrisburg 11:35 A. M.; Philadelphia 3:40 P. M.; Baltimore 3 P. M.; Washington 5:05 P. M.
CINCINNATI EXPRESS, leaving Pittsburgh at 12:50 P. M.; arrives at Harrisburg 10:35 P. M.; Philadelphia 3:05 A. M.; Baltimore 2:30 A. M.; Washington 3:50 A. M.
PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS, leaving Pittsburgh at 5:20 P. M., arrives at Harrisburg 2:30 A. M.; Philadelphia 6:40 A. M.
FAST LINE, leaving Pittsburgh at 7:20 P. M., arrives at Harrisburg 3:55 A. M.; Philadelphia 8:05 A. M.; Baltimore 7:20 A. M.; Washington 10 A. M.
The Church Train leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:15 A. M., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 A. M. Returning, leave Pittsburgh at 12:30 P. M. and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:05 P. M.
For further information apply to
W. H. STORY, Agent, Union Depot, Pittsburgh.
A. J. CASSATT,
no15 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY.

From Nov. 12th, 1871, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:58am	Pacific Express	2:23am
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:43am	Wheeling Ex	10:53am
Erie & Yo. Ex	7:13am	Chicago Express	12:23pm
Chicago Mail	7:23am	Ch. & St. L. Ex	4:58pm
Pacific Express	9:43am	Cleveland Ex	4:13pm
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:23pm	Erie & Yo. Ex	6:13pm
Chicago Express	2:43pm	Chicago Mail	8:48pm
Wellsville Ex	4:38pm	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	6:53pm
Erie Express	4:18pm	Erie Express	11:18pm
DEPART FROM ALLEGH'Y.		ARRIVE IN ALLEGHENY.	
Beaver Falls Ac	8:38am	Leetsdale Accom	6:53am
Leetsdale Accom	10:23am	Beaver Falls Ac	8:08am
Leetsdale Accom	11:53am	Enon Accom	8:58am
New Castle Ac	1:33pm	New Castle Ac	10:23am
Enon Accom	3:58pm	Leetsdale Accom	12:43pm
Leetsdale Accom	5:28pm	Beaver Falls Ac	2:23pm
Beaver Falls Ac	6:23pm	Leetsdale Accom	4:33pm
Leetsdale Accom	10:43pm	Leetsdale Accom	7:33pm
Fair Oaks Sunday church	12:43pm	Fair Oaks Sunday church	9:38am

Chicago Express leaves daily. Chicago Express arrives daily.
Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted. Pacific Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted.
All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
J. N. McCULLOUGH, General Manager.

PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE RAILROAD, CONNELLSVILLE ROUTE.

On and after Monday, Nov. 20, 1871, Trains will arrive and depart from Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, as follows, (City Time):

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Baltimore Ex	6:30am	1st McKeesport Accommod'n	6:40am
Cumberl'd Mail	6:59am	2d McKeesport Accommod'n	7:40am
1st McKeesport Accommod'n	11:00am	West Newton Ac.	8:35am
Mixed Way	1:00pm	Uniontown Ac	9:30am
Uniontown Ac'n	3:10pm	Pittsburgh Ex	11:00am
West Newton	4:40pm	3d McKeesport Accommod'n	2:10pm
2d McKeesport Accommod'n	6:25pm	Cumberl'd Mail	6:10am
3d McKeesport Accommod'n	11:00pm	Mixed Way	7:20pm
West Newton *Church Train	12:50pm	West Newton Church Train	10:05am

* Sunday only.
Baltimore Express departs and Pittsburgh Express arrive daily. All other trains daily except Sunday. The Baltimore Express and Pittsburgh Express, Mail and Uniontown Accommodation east and west will connect at Broad Ford and Connellsville with trains to Mt. Pleasant and Uniontown.
Central Office, corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.
Tickets sold and Baggage checked to all points East and South.
D. D. ANGELL,
no13 Master of Transportation.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after MONDAY, November 20, 1871, THREE THROUGH TRAINS daily, (except Sunday) will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh, city time, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

	LEAVES.	ARRIVES.
Day Express	7:40am	8:45pm
Night Express	8:10pm	6:33am
Mail	11:26am	5:50pm
First Hulton Accommodation	6:55am	6:45am
Brady's Bend Accommoda'n	3:20pm	10:20am
Freeport Accommodation	9:50am	2:00pm
Soda Works Accommodation	6:00pm	8:15am
Second Hulton Accommodation	4:35pm	8:55am
Third Hulton Accommoda'n	10:50pm	7:15am
Special Sunday Train for Parker	7:40am	7:45pm

Church train to and from Soda Works, (Sundays) arrives at Pittsburgh 9:50 am and leaves at 12:30 pm.
Express trains stop only at principal points.
Accommodation trains stop at all stations.
A Special Sunday train leaves Pittsburgh every Sunday at 7:40 am, arriving at Parker at 11:31 am. Returning, leaves Parker at 3:00 pm and arrives at Pittsburgh at 8:45 pm.
Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on night Express trains between Pittsburgh and Titusville. Through coaches on Day Express trains between Pittsburgh and Brocton.
J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen. Sup't., Pittsburgh.
JAS. H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, Pan-Handle Route.

After December 3d, 1871, trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh time.

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:58am	Southern Ex	2:33am
Columbus Mail	7:28am	McDonald Ac	7:28am
Wash. Accom	9:08am	Wash. Accom	8:48am
Pacific Express	9:43am	Steubenville Ac	10:13am
McDonald Ac	11:38am	Cincinnati Ex	12:13pm
Southern Ex	3:13pm	McDonald Ac	4:13pm
Steubenville Ac	3:38pm	Columbus Mail	5:48pm
McDonald Ac	5:58pm	Fast Line	6:38pm
Sunday Church train	12:58pm	Sunday Church train	9:58am

3:13 pm Southern Express will leave daily.
12:13 pm Cincinnati Express will arrive daily.
All other Trains will run daily, except Sundays.
Trains on Chartiers Railroad will leave Mansfield on the arrival of Washington Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 9:08 am and Steubenville Accommodation leaving Pittsburgh at 3:38 pm, returning will connect at Mansfield with Washington Accommodation due in Pittsburgh at 8:48 am, and Mail Train due in Pittsburgh at 5:48 pm.
Sleeping Cars, without change to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
J. N. McCULLOUGH, General Manager.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. On and after Monday, November 13, 1871, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will leave from and arrive at the Federal street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows, (Allegheny time):

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Springdale No. 1	6:35am	Mail	6:50am
Freeport No. 1	8:30am	Freeport No. 1	9:30am
Express	10:30am	Claremont Ac	11:20am
Claremont Ac	1:18pm	Springdale No. 1	2:45pm
Freeport No. 2	3:35pm	Express	3:35pm
Mail	5:10pm	Freeport No. 2	4:40pm
Springdale No. 2	6:20pm	Springdale No. 2	6:25pm

The above Trains run daily except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Freeport every Sunday at 8:10 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:30 P. M., and arrives at Freeport at 2:50 P. M.
The 6:30 A. M. train and 3:35 P. M. train from Allegheny City make direct connection for Butler.
For further information apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent, Federal Street Depot.
Local Tickets to all important stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.
A. J. CASSATT, General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.
ROBT. NEILSON, Superintendent, Blairsville.

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Chimneys, Breeching and Ash Pans,
Settling Pans, Salt Pans and Condensers,
Steam Pipes, Gasometers and Iron Bridges
Prison Doors and Coal Shutes.

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COR. SECOND, THIRD, SHORT AND LIBERTY STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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SMITH & DAWSON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

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NARROW GAUGE CARS,

And Mining Machinery in General.

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Corner Point Alley and Duquesne Street,

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PROPRIETOR,

Manufacturer of Steamboat and Stationary Engines of all kinds.
Special attention is invited to their new Stationary Oil Well Engine and Portable Boiler, 15 horse power.
Castings of all kinds can be had on short notice and warranted to be of the best metals.

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Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, OIL TANKS, STILLS, AGITATORS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, SETTLING PANS, PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS, BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c.

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THE PITTSBURGH LOCOMOTIVE AND CAR WORKS manufacture all descriptions of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS AND TANKS.
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HOUSE, SIGN AND FRESCO PAINTERS,

Graining and Glazing. No. 37 SIXTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa. Churches, Parlors, &c., &c., done in the best manner, on reasonable terms. jy6:v61

[H]OME NEWS.

[Pittsb]urgh Letter Carriers' Report.

...g is the statement of the Pittsburgh ...rriers for the month of February:

	Delivered.	Collected.
...er	137,772	167,059
...ters	19,547	16,659
...ers	51,385	3,973

...t collection is made at 7 P. M.

...pprehension seems to prevail with re... ...r. Geo. H. Keyser on account of his visits ...e city. He desires us to say that he is ...ncipal office 167 Liberty street every ...e week except "Sunday" and "Tues... ...he Tuesdays of each week are devoted ...own, Kittanning, Butler and Steuben... ...t is the first Tuesday of each month in ...n, the second in Kittanning, the third ...and the fourth in Steubenville. ...yser's practice being mainly confined to ...diseases, this arrangement need not in... ...aterially with his home business.

The Last Week.

...Hacke announces that he will vacate ...er about the 12th inst., preparatory to ...ing down of the adjoining property on ...street, and annexing the same to his ...tore room, and will re-occupy the whole ...by early fall. During the progress of ...ments he will occupy No. 21 Fifth ave... ...e doors above his present store. Hacke ...out the balance of his stock, consisting ...choice and seasonable dry goods, many ...t purchase, regardless of cost, and now ...e most tempting bargains. Ladies do ...eet this great opportunity.

Wendell Phillips.

...ever popular "silver tongued" orator will ...t Library Hall to-morrow night. The ...of his effort has not been announced, but ...matter of perhaps small moment, as he is ...to say something that will lead to thought, ...y it too in that irresistible, charming ...which has won for him his ...fame as a platform speaker. No ...ho comes to Pittsburgh is a ...favorite on the rostrum than ...hillips; his popularity seems to in... ...ather than diminish, as was evident in ...flowing houses which greeted him on ...asions last winter. His is a reputation ...needs no puffery, for his discourses in ...and manner never fail to commend them... It is expected that the lecture to-mor... ...ht will be one of those new ones, with ...e has been electrifying audiences in the...

Reward Home Enterprise.

...ave a large class of people in our county ...nk that anything to be first-class must ...om the workshops of the East, and they ...no other. But we are pleased to notice ...s disposition is fast giving away before ...erprise and energy of the present day, es... ...those engaged in the carriage business. ...Workman & Davis, of Nos. 167, 169 and ...n street, have turned out work from their ...ve shops which for style and beauty of ...as not been surpassed by any ever brought ...e East to this city. This firm make all ...of Carriages, Buggies, Top and Buck... ...s, and their work can be relied on as good, ...only use the very best material and em... ...st-class workmen. The citizens of Alle... ...county should patronize this establishment ...ourage home manufactures. Messrs. W. ...so attend to the repairing of vehicles of ...is at their shops, on Arch, corner of South ...d street, Allegheny.

Death of Josiah R. Welden.

...many friends will be grieved to learn of ...th, from erysipelas, on Saturday evening, ...very brief illness, of Mr. Josiah R. Wel... ...e of our best known and most estimable ...llers. Our knowledge of Mr. Welden ex... ...ack to the days of Johnston & Stockton ...hom he learned the business of a booksell... ...bookbinder. He has, himself, been for ...five years in the same business and had ...mall beginning, by diligence and care, ...course of the strictest integrity, gradually ...rely prospered until at his untimely death ...ablishment had come to be one of the finest ...city. We suppose his age to be about 55 ... He was a gentleman of a generous nature, ...make acquaintances, but when a friend... ...as established, he was unwavering in its ...tinance. He delighted in social inter... ...with his friends, enjoyed their wit and ...but was himself singularly reticent in his ...r, undemonstrative and quiet, with a fine ...of honor, and of the proprieties of life. ...who knew him intimately were much at... ...to him. He will be missed and lamented ...business men generally, and especially by ...sonic brethren. He was one of the oldest ...most advanced members of their order, and ...t Knight Templar in the city.

Success the Test of Merit.

...t of merit, the material ...tificial Stone Company ...s, &c., has the highest ...ic favor. For the past ...years this material has been in use in ...e, and for a number of years—ever since ...roduction there—it has been the popular ...material for such purposes in New York. ...Blunck laid this pavement in New York ...d some of the most palatial dwellings and ...nent streets, where it has never failed to ...atisfaction. Mr. Blunck has given especial ...ion to the business, and understands it ...ry detail. His success in New York in... ...the Company here to make him a ...ing offer, and thus he was secured as a ...er of the organization—coming here for ...press purpose of demonstrating by practi... ...amples, the great superiority of this artifi... ...one. Already it has been laid in various ...of the two cities and is subject to inspec... The first pavement at the Robinson House ...h laid some time ago, is yet apparently as ...as when first put down. Persons who ...o make the walks about their dwellings, ...iful and at the same time durable, should ...ne some of this make and leave an order at ...1 Federal street Allegheny or at the office ...German Insurance Company No. 214 Lib... ...street Pittsburgh.

A Brief Chapter on Soap.

...eling clean ourself this morning, in our ...t new spring attire, we incline to think of ...and so write about it. It is not our prov... ...o become essayist on the grand virtues of ...argarates or oleates of potassa or soda in ...relationship to dirty humanity in common, ...mply to divulge the secret as to where ...ry finest foreign soaps can be obtained. ...secret is not absolutely our own, for thou... ...of our people have found it out, and taken ...tage of its possession to bestow on Mr. ...Johnston, the well-known druggist and ...ter, corner of Fourth avenue and Smith... ...street, their patronage in the direction of ...toilet soaps. Importing directly from ...and having full knowledge, de... ...e finest soaps ...upply his cus... ...election from ...manufacturers. ...stock is always large and among ...other fine brands embraces the fol... ...: Lubin's soap, all orders, Breck... ...Skin Soap, Low's Brown Windsor Soap, ...size, Rieger's Paris and London Soap, ...re's true Glycerine Soap (contains 40 per ...pure glycerine) Price's Concentrated Gly... ...e Soap (contains 33 per cent. glycerine) ...'s Vienna Soap (contains 33 per cent. ...glycerine), Kesan (Russia) Soap, &c. Im... ...ing these direct himself, Mr. Johnston can ...antee every cake or bar to be genuine, and ...abled to sell at prices in competition with ...rior home soaps. His collection of fine per... ...s and toilet articles of American and Euro... ...n manufacture is also very large and entic... ...and, with the announcing this truth, we ...our chapter on soap, a subject in which all ...ld be more or less interested, for it would be ...le and filthy world if the chemical article had ...er been invented, and Pittsburghers should, ...e than any other class of people, appreciate ...fact.

OVER A DAM.

[Y]oung Man Drowned in the Ohio, Near McKees' Rocks, while Shooting Ducks.

...n Friday afternoon a party of young men, ...n the vicinity of Saw Mill Run, were shoot... ...wild ducks along the Ohio river, just above ...unot's Island. One of the party, William ...ers by name, shot a fowl just above the dam, ...ich has been constructed from the left bank ...he river to the island for the purpose of turn... ...g the current to the right of the island. The ...k floated on the surface of the water, ...could not be reached from the ...re, ...along the shore until ...came to the dam. Here he undertook ...walk out over the rocks, which was covered ...h a foot or two of water. Slipping, he fell ...rolled over the dam into ten feet of water. ...e unfortunate man never arose after sinking ...first time, until he struck the bar some ...tance below. He seemed to make no ...rt towards saving himself here, and again ...led over the riffle into deep water, and was ...n no more until an hour or two after ...mbers of the party ...body of ... ...time, was about ...years of age, and unmarried. He ...s a railroader and lived in Union township.

THE OIL CASES.

[Th]e District Court Engaged for this Week.

...he affairs of the Pittsburgh Petroleum Com... ...y—an organization which created some ex... ...ment in the city and around the Oil Regions ...ut the close of the year 1869—are about to be ...y investigated in the District Court. To-day ...first of a number of cases, will be called up ...ore Judge Kirkpatrick, who will doubtless be ...gaged for some time to come. The litiga... ...n is so complicated, and the various cases so ...ny in number, that it would be im... ...sible to particularize them at length. ...fice it to say that "trials" are looked forward ...with the greatest of interest by the business ...mmunity generally. An "investigation" into ...e affairs of a company which controlled over a ...llion and a half of dollars and at one time al... ...st controlled the petroleum trade of Pitts... ...rgh, could hardly fail to be of an attractive ...aracter. Aside from this the importance of ...e matter be estimated from the fact that so much ...the talent and eloquence and knowl... ...ge of the bar is represented in the ...uit engaged, being the legal gentlemen ...no take prominent parts in this legal tourna... ...ent, see Messrs. John Barton, Mark W. Ache... ...n, ...and S. Woods, John Hampton, George ...airas, R. F. Lucas, Thomas M. Marshall, and ...udge Veech and Son. The first case to be called up is that of Mc... ...urkan vs. Lockhart & Frew, of which we will ...ve our readers full particulars to-morrow.

TURNING ON THE LIGHT.

The Oil Combination of '69—A Bit of History—A Million and a Half Scramble—Facts and Figures of Interest to Oil Men—The Pittsburgh Petroleum Company—Something of Its Workings—What was Proposed, What was Accomplished and What was the Failure—A Page or Two From Their Note Book.

Oil dealers and business men generally, who have heard of the great "Bull Oil Ring of '69," as the popular parlance now has it, will be interested in learning that there is at last a reasonable prospect that the facts regading this gigantic combination, are to be developed, and what is mere exaggergation separated from that which rests upon a solid basis of truth. The agency through which this is to be brought about, is a Court of Justice, into which the affairs of the alleged ring have gradually drifted—or rather been brought by the actions of the dissatisfied members of the combination who display some anxiety to have the business more clearly elucidated.

The preliminary proceedings, towards this end were instituted several months ago when the matter was first called to the attention of Court by the filing of bills in equity in which the complainants asked for a new full final statement of the business, under direction of the Court. At the time, we gave our readers one of these bills in full but as it was somewhat an *ex parte* statement of affairs but little real light was obtained. The other side however has now been heard and has in a measure the whole story is told, so far as it can be made known, previous to the detailed examination in Court, which is to come. On Saturday afternoon this "other side" was filed, being the answer of Dr. David Hostetter to the complaint made by Mr. Samuel Lewis, several months ago. It should be borne in mind that this is merely the answer of one of the defendants—the others not having yet replied to the complaint made.

These statements which have never been published, will be found interesting to all who are desirous of hearing both sides. In arranging them, we have, as will be seen, first given the allegation contained in Lewis' complaint, and followed it directly with the answer of Dr. Hostetter, which brings the matter before the reader in a succinct style.

THE COMPANY FOEMRD.

TO THE HONORABLE THE JUDGES OF SAID COURT.

Your orator complains and says:

1st. That on or about the thirteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, your Orator and the said defendants, Charles Lockhart, William Frew, D. Hostetter, Joseph Fleming, Alexander Byers, William K. Nimick, Alexander Nimick, Arnold Herz and Charles Lennig entered into co-partnership, and then and there formed a company or co-partnership under the name and style of "The Pittsburgh Petroleum Oil Company," for the purpose of purchasing crude and refined petroleum oil in the city of Pittsburgh, or any other market in the United States, wherever, in the opinion of the executive committee therein named, it could be purchased to the best advantage, and the same oil again to be sold by the said executive committee in any market in the United States or elsewhere for the highest and best price that could be obtained therefor.

ANSWER—Part first is true, except as to Chas. Lennig.

2d. That the capital stock of said company or co-partnership was to be one million of dollars, to be subscribed by the individual members and firms therein named respectfully, and as the same should appear opposite their respective signatures.

ANSWER—Part second is true as to the formation of the partnership of the "Pittsburgh Petroleum Oil Company," but the amounts were afterward changed by agreement of the parties, as hereinafter stated.

3d. That it was then and there agreed that all gains and profits which should grow or arise from or by reason of said co-partnership should, after paying all debts and expenses, be divided in *pro rata* percentage in accordance with the subscription made and paid in by each individual member or firm signing said article of co-partnership, and in case of loss the same was to be borne by the said individuals or firms in the like proportion.

4th. That in and by said articles of co-partnership the said Charles Lockhart, James Fleming and your Orator were constitued the executive committee of the said company or co-partnership, for the purpose of carrying out the intentions of the said company as therein named, and to employ such agents and assistants as in their opinion might appear best for the interests of the company, and also to attend to or direct all other matters of business pertaining to the welfare of the company.

5th. That in and by the said articles of co-partnership, it was stipulated and agreed that no member of the said company should engage in purchasing or selling, either directly or indirectly, any refined or crude oil during the continuance of the said company, without the written consent of the said executive committe to their doing so.

6th. That by the terms of the said articles of co-partnership, a set of books was to be purchased and a competent book-keeper to be employed to keep correct accounts of all and every contract or transaction of any kind pertaining to the business of the company, which were to be open at all times for the inspection of any or all of the members of the said co-partnership.

7. That by the terms of the said articles of co-partnership, the whole or any part of the amount subscribed by each individual or firm becoming members of the said co-partnership, as the executive committee might demand, was to be payable on five days notice.

8th. That the said co-partnership should continue until the same should be dissolved by mutual consent of the parties, or by operation of law. ANSWER—Parts 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 are true.

CASH CAPITAL AND CONTRACTS.

9th. That the whole amount of capital stock of the said company specified in the said articles of co-partnership, to wit, one million of dollars, never was subscribed; but there was subscribed to the said capital stock the sum of six hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($650,000), of which sum the said Charles Lockhart and William Frew, composing the firm of Lockhart & Frew, subscribed the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000), the said D. Hostetter subscribed the sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000), the said Joseph Fleming for himself and the said Alexander Byers, the said William K. Nimick, and the said Alexander Nimick, subscribed the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000), the said Arnold Herz, for himself and the said Charles Lennig, subscribed the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), one James Lyon subscribed the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), and your Orator subscribed the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.

ANSWER.—As to part nine, the amounts originally subscribed to the articles of Copartnership are as follows, viz:

William Frew and Charles Lockhart, together	$150,000 00
Joseph Fleming, for himself, William K. Nimick, Allexander Nimick and Alexander M. Byers	150,000 00
D. Hostetter	100,000 00
Samuel Lewis	50,000 00
James Lyons, (representing Kirkpatrick & Lyons)	50,000 50
Arnold Hertz	50,000 00
Making the sum of	$550,000 00

Afterward, on the 24th of November, 1869, a further agreement was made and entered into as to the amount of Capital Stock of said Company. Different firms and individuals embracing the members of said Copartnership, held contracts for the purchase by them of large amounts of crude oil, deliverable during the balance of the year 1869, as follows, viz.:

Lockart & Frew, about	57,500 bbls.
Byers & Co., composed of Alexander M. Byers, William K. Nimick, Alexander Nimick and Joseph Fleming, being the same composing the firm of Fleming & Co., about	31,500 bbls.
Kirkpatrick & Lyons, represented by James Lyons, about	31,244 bbls.
Samuel Lewis, about	27,500 bbls.
Arnold Hertz, about	7,500 bbls.

Which it was then and there agreed, that said parties so holding said contracts, should put the same, or the oil delivered thereon into the said concern, and each party increase their Capital Stock in said Copartnership, the amount of the value of said oil at 15 cents per gallon, for all of said oil delivered 45 to 46 gravity, and 15½ cents per gallons for 40 to 45 gravity, and in consideration thereof, I, David Hostetter agreed to increase my subscription to the Capital Stock of said Company to $200,000, and I accordingly subscribed said additional amount of $100,000 to the articles of association, which amount I paid in cash. Thus the Capital Stock of the said Company was $1,581,467.75 distributed as follows, viz:

D. Hostetter, cash subscription	$200,000 00
Lockhart & Frew, cash subscription, $150,000; oil contracts, 57,500 bbls. at $6; $345,000	495,000 00
Joseph Fleming or Byers & Co., J. Fleming for Fleming & Co., cash subscription, $150,000; Byers & Co. contracts, 31,500 bbls at $6: 189,000	339,000 00
Jas. Lyons, K. & L., ...1,244 bbls.	237,467 75
S. Lewis, cash subscription $50,000; oil contracts, 27,500 bbls. at $6, $165,000	215,000 00
Arnold Herz, cash subscription $50,000; oil contracts 7,500 barrels at $6, $45,000	95,000 00
	$1,581,467 75

The said Kirkpatrick & Lyons, by J. Lyons, only paid in on their cash subscription to the said Capital Stock, $10,000, and afterwards, on the 7th of of February, 1870, an agreement was entered into with the said company, by the said Kirkpatrick & Lyons, whereby they were permitted to withdraw from the Association, by taking out their cash paid in, and all the oil put in by them as aforesaid, at cost of same, with 9 per cent. interest per annum for the time it was held by the Company, with which agreement the said Kirkpatrick & Lyons promptly complied; thus reducing the Capital Stock of the said Company to $1,344,000.

THE DEBTS NOT YET PAID.

10th. That the several sums so subscribed by the said parties respectively, were paid in full and in cash, and the said company commenced the business contemplated in and by the said articles of co-partnership, under the name and style in the said articles of co-partnership designated and carried on the same, with and upon the said capital so subscribed and paid in as aforesaid, for a few months only, during which time very large quantities of petroleum oil both crude and refined, were purchased for and on behalf of the said company, and much larger quantities than were authorized by the executive committee thereof.

ANSWER—Part ten; as to *all* the parties having paid their subscriptions in full as alleged, see my answer to part nine. As to the phrase "for a few months only," it can, and does only apply to the PURCHASING OF OIL, as the whole of the said oil is even at the present time not DISPOSED OF, nor are the debts of the said company paid. In other respects part ten may be true.

11th. That after the purchase of the said large quantities of crude and refined oils, for and on behalf of the said company, as hereinbefore stated, and before the same had been sold, the prices thereof became greatly depreciated. ANSWER—Part 11 is true.

12th. That during the summer of the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, your Orator purchased a large quantity of refined oil amounting to about 20,000 barrels, to be delivered in the city of Philadelphia during the month of December, 1869, and January and February, 1870, which said oil could have been sold between the twentieth day of October and the tenth day of November, 1869, at a profit of six thousand dollars, and your Orator requested and tried to induce the said defendants to sell the said oil through the executive committee of the said Company, or to permit your Orator to sell it, so as to enable him to realize the said profit, but the said Defendants wholy refused to permit the said oil to be sold by your Orator or otherwise, until the price thereof had so greatly depreciated that your Orator was forced to and did sell the same at the said greatly depreciated price by reason whereof and also of the actions and refusals of the said Defendants your Orator was forced to and did, suffer a loss on the said 20,000 barrels of oil amounting in the whole to the sum of (26,000) twenty-six thousand dollars. ANSWER—Part twelve. I am ignorant as to the allegation set forth in this specification, except, that according to the articles of the said association, the plaintiff or any other member or firms composing said Company, were debarred from dealing either directly or indirectly on their privtae account in oil, either as individuals or firms.

ALL ABOUT THE "POOL."

13th. That before and at the time of the formation of the said company or co-partnership, your Orator was the owner in his own right, of a large quantity of oil, which oil was, in or about the month of October, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, sold by the said company, and the price thereof was collected and received by the said Defendants, and is wholly uncounted for to your Orator, amounting to the sum of sixteen thousand two hundred dollars, ($16,200.). Answer—Part thirteen. I am ignorant as to the matters therein alleged.

14th. That on or about the nineteenth day of February, eighteen hundred and seventy, the said company had on hand about two hundred thousand barrels of oil in the "pool," which your Orator was then anxious to sell, but the said Defendants wholly refused to sell the same of my part thereof, when your Orator, upon such refusal by the said Defendants, demanded of them his proportionate part or share of the said oil in the "pool," which proportionate part or share of the said oil would then and there have amounted to about eighteen thousand (18,000) barrels; and your Orator then and there was ready and willing to pay to the said company such proportionate part or share of the said oil so much money as was then equal to his proportionate part or share of the losses which had then accrued upon the said oil; but the said Defendants then and there refused to permit or allow your Orator to have or take his proportionate part or share of said oil, or any part thereof, or any oil whatever, for the reason that so much oil sold or thrown upon the market would "break" the market. And your Orator further showeth that at the time he made the said demand for his proportionate part or share of the said oil, the said Pittsburgh Petroleum Oil Company had ceased to purchase oil, or to carry on business under their articles of co-partnership by the mutual consent of the members of the said firm. ANSWER—Part fourteen. The Company should have had much more oil on hand at that time than the quantity stated by plaintiff. The final auditing of William Frew's account can only determine the exact amount. I was in favor of selling and believe the plaintiff was also, but we were overruled by others of the Company. I believe the plaintiff's share of the said oil at the time stated to be much larger than 18,000 barrels. Have a recollection of a desire on his part to obtain his portion of said oil, but do not remember of his offering to pay for it, nor to make good any apparent loss on same. The said company at the time referred to, had ceased to purchase oil, but was then, and still is in existence for the purpose of disposing of its oil, paying its indebtedness, which at that time amounted to about $600,000, and closing up its business.

SELLING FROM THE "POOL."

15th. That soon after the time of making the demand by your Orator, in the fourteenth paragraph of this bill mentioned, your Orator was obliged by his business engagements to go to the Territory of Montana, where he was detained until the fall of the year, eighteen hundred and seventy; that while he was so absent, the said defendant s, or some of them, took the whole amount of the said oil in "pool" belonging to the said company, amounting to about two hundred thousand barrels, and sold or disposed of the same for their own use and benefit. ANSWER—Part fifteen. I, as President of the said Company hold receipt of Lockhart & Frew for 74,007 barrels of said crude oil referred to, subject to ten days call, also that of Arnold Hertz for 8,941 25-40 barrels of said crude oil, also subject to ten days call, which was authorized by the said Company.

I individually received about 38,000 barrels of said crude oil on account of my interest in said firm, and of the large indebtedness of the said concern to me.

Byers & Co., Lockhart & Frew, Arnold Hertz and myself, each received and paid for to the Company 3,000 bbls. of said Oil at the rate of $6 per bbl., which was the fixed price agreed upon by the said Company. The aggregate amount of same (say $72,000) was received into the Treasury and applied to the payment of the indebtedness of said Company, with the understanding that in adjusting all accounts between the members of the said Company, each of the said four parties (viz: Byers & Co., Lockhart & Frew, Arnold Hertz and myself) are to receive credit for having received and paid for said quantity of crude oil (say each 3,000 bbls. at say $6 per bbl.) in the contemplated division of all of said oil, at the fixed price of $6 per bbl. before referred to.

There is supposed to be at the "Standard" works about 12,000 bbls. of said oil.

The balance of all of said oil is in the hands of Lockhart & Frew and Byers & Co.

16th. That upon the return of your Orator from the Territory of Montana, in or about the month of October, eighteen hundred and seventy, and at various times since, he has requested the said Defendants to come to a just settlement and account with your Orator of and concerning the price and value of the said two hundred thousand barrels of oil so taken and sold or disposed of as stated in the fifteenth paragraph of this bill, but the said Defendants have wholly neglected and refused to come to any account with your Orator of and concerning the said two hundred thousand barrels of oil or the proceeds thereof, or to pay to your Orator his just share or proportionate part of the proceeds, price or value of the oil, as in justice and equity, they ought to have done. ANSWER—Part sixteen is true, except that I refused to settle. I am ready, anxious and willing to have a settlement of the business of said Company, and have been trying for over two years to get a settlement, but Wm. Frew who was disbursing agent of the Company, has failed and neglected to render a satisfactory account of his receipts and disbursements thus preventing a settlement.

17th. That said Defendants have received other divers large sums of money belonging to the said Pittsburgh Petroleum Oil Company in which your Orator is interested, and to which he is entitled to his proportionate part as a member of said company, but of which the same defendants wholly refuse to come to any account with your Orator, or to pay him his proportionate part or share, or any part thereof whatever. ANSWER—Part seventeen, I have received no other moneys of the said Company, except what has been used in paying the debts of the company. I have no moneys of which the plaintiff is entitled to a portion; but there is a large sum of money owing to me from the said Company or the members thereof.

18th. That the said Defendants wholly refuse to come to any account whatever with your Orator, of and concerning the business of the said company, and of and concerning the several sums of money and property of the said company, received or taken by them, and that they, the said defendants, also refuse to pay to him the said several sums of money to which your Orator is justly entitled. ANSWER—Part eighteen, I deny that I ever refused to have an account taken, but desire that the same be done, and am ready and willing to pay said plaintiff anything coming to him (if anything.)

19th. Wherefore your Orator prays equitable relief as follows:

FIRST—That the said Defendants, and each of them, may be required at a day certain to appear, and upon their several and respective corporal oaths, to make full, true, direct and perfect answer to all and singular the matters in this bill alleged.

SECOND—That the said Defendants, and each of them, may be required by the injunction and decree of this Honorable Court to come to a full, just and true account with your Orator, of and concerning all the partnership transactions of the said firm known by the name and style of "The Pittsburgh Petroleum Oil Company," and also of all moneys received by them, and each of them, belonging to your Orator or in which he has an interest, together with all oil or other property belonging to the said company, which came to the hands of, or was taken by the said Defendants and each of them.

THIRD—That they, the said Defendants, and each of them, may be required by the injunction and decree of this Honorable Court to pay to your Orator any and all such sums of money as may be found, upon such account being taken, to be due and owing from the said Defendants, and each of them, to your Orator. ANSWER—Wherefore, I pray that an account of the business and dealings of said firm may be taken, and that your Honors will order, decree and direct the payment to me of such sum or sums of money as be found due and owing to me by said plaintiff, or any of said co-defendants.

Think Well Before You Act.

It is always best before doing anything of importance to think will over it, and count the cost, if possible. More especially when about to purchase an article intended to last for many years, and be constantly in use; for instance a Sewing Machine. Now we would advise our readers who want a machine to call at the office of the American Overseaming Button Hole and Family Sewing Machine, and examine it and its work. The salesrooms are at the corner of Fifth avenue and Market street, over jewelry store.

Manufacturing Jeweler.

Official badges for the members of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Police, instead of coming, as formerly, from the East, are now made in this city by an ingenious and skillful artist, at No. 116 Fifth avenue. His name is A. B. Hoelscher, who excels in all branches of his art, doing for our jewelers much of their finest work, as all his work is executed with great accuracy and finished in the most workmanlike style. We hope he will receive the liberal patronage he deserves.

Where to Purchase Silverware.

Fine Silver Ware.
Elegant Silver Plated Ware.
Silver Plated Tea Sets and Coffee Urns,
Dinner Castors, Pudding Dishes & Butter Bowls,
Berry Dishes, Cake Baskets and Ice Pitchers,
Silver Plated Forks and Silver Spoons.

A beautiful assortment of the above at S. M. Orr's, 114 Federal street, Allegheny, at prices to suit the times.

A JOHNSTOWN HORROR.

A Woman Found Murdered in the Woods—The Attempt to Consume the Body—Discovery of the Crime—The Victim Unknown—A Case for the Detectives.

Johnstown, a town on the Pennsylvania Railroad about sixty miles from Pittsburgh, is just now excited over the details of a mysterious murder which was developed on Saturday. The facts in the case, separated from rumor, narrate that same persons were passing a small clump of woods, near Mineral Point, a short distance out from Johnstown, when their attention was attracted by smoke issuing from a heap of underbrush. Upon going to the spot they were horrified to find, lying in among the brush, the body of a woman, with the legs a charred mass, burned by the fire. Upon closer examination they found

SEVERAL DEEP WOUNDS

in the victim's breast, any of which would have been sufficient to produce death. The surroundings gave every indication that there had been a terrific struggle. A few feet from where the woman lay there was a pool of blood, and the ground in the vicinity was torn up, indicating the fierce scuffling which must have preceded the murder. The murderer, it appeared, not finding the knife sufficient, had fastened a rope around the woman's neck, with which he strangled her, and then dragged the body to the brush heap which he

SET ON FIRE.

The fire was still burning when the body was discovered, and the villain who had performed the deed evidently had not long been gone.

Both legs had been burned off and the remains greatly disfigured with blows and stabs. The woman had been terribly beaten, and evidently had not yielded up her life until her strength failed. Lying around on the ground near the body were a pair of spectacles, a full set of artificial teeth back and side combs for a woman's hair, and a small blue flower. The which was unconsumed was neatly made and from its character indicated that the woman had been of tidy habits. From her countenance it was supposed she was about forty years of age. There were no papers or marks upon the clothing that furnished any clue to her identity.

As soon as possible Coroner J. A. Harrold was notified, and he came down when under his directions the remains were boxed up and taken to Johnstown. On Saturday an inquest was held and the witnesses who had first made the discovery examined but

NOTHING NEW IN THE MYSTERY

was developed.

After this preliminary examination the remains were interred and the inquest adjourned until to-day.

Speculation of course was rife as to the probable cause of the murder, and as to the perpetrator, but upon these points little real information could be obtained, and the matter remains as much of a mystery, after the inquest, as when the body was first found.

Information of the affair was sent to the authorities here, and Chief of Police Irwin at once started for Johnstown. It is said that a slight clue has been obtained which may lead to the detection of the criminal. There were evidences to show that a man and woman had gotten off the train at Mineral Point some time

THE DAY BEFORE,

and it is rumored that if this man could be secured the mystery would be cleared up. A man answering the description of this traveler was seen going through Altoona on Saturday toward the east, and the police are on his track with hopes of his apprehension.

The excitement in Johnstown is very high and, as is usual on such occasions, threats of lynching are very freely intermingled with the speculations indulged in by the people. But thus far there is little chance of the criminal becoming the victim of their wrath.

POLITICAL.

Suggestion Meeting Saturday Night.

A meeting of the Republican voters of Birmingham was held at the Public School House, on Saturday evening, March 2d, 1872, for the purpose of suggesting names of candidates to be nominated on Saturday next to fill the different borough offices, for which an election will be held on March 15th.

Charles Evans in the chair, and D. Wenke as Secretary.

The following gentlemen were then recommended for

BURGESS—W. C. Aughinbaugh.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—W. B. Hartzell.

COUNCIL, 1st Precinct—T. B. Atterbury, John Phillips, J. J. McDonald, James Hammett, Stephen Strantz, John Hahn, Isaac Cline, Geo. Schafer.

COUNCIL, 2d Precinct—Dr. J. D. Thomas, J. P. Schneider, John Adams, Chas. Horstmeyer, Dr. F. Tundte, S. M. Boyd, W. H. Wakefield, George Duncan.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS—Dr. A. V. Chessrown, D. J. Thomas, E. G. Krehan, Chas. Evans, Jacob Ulrich, Geo. Schaefer, R. H. Conway.

FOR ASSESSOR—P. N. Pearson.

FOR CONSTABLE—Wallace Gardner; H. Husted.

JUDGE OF ELECTION, FIRST PRECINCT—W. D. Andrews.

INSPECTOR, FIRST PRENINCT—J. J. McDonald.

RETURN INSPECTOR, FIRST PRECINCT—D. A. Jones.

JUDGE OF ELECTION, SECOND PRECINCT—Joseph McIntosh.

INSPECTOR, SECOND PRECINCT—Job Wareham.

RETURN INSPECTOR, SECOND PRECINCT—John Diehl.

On motion it was resolved to hold the primary election on Saturday next from 5 to 8 P. M., each Precinet to vote at the regular places of holding election.

On motion Martin Schafer, D. Weake and G. A. Powell were appointed a committee to select an Executive Committee to serve for the ensuing year.

On motion the following gentlemen were appointed to hold the primary elections on Saturday next.

FIRST PRECINCT—J. J. McDonald; G. A. Powell.

SECOND PRECINCT—J. P. Beech; Wm. Barr.

EAST BIRMINGHAM SUGGESTION.

The Republicans of East Birmingham held a meeting in the Walton Engine House, Saturday evening, to make "suggestions" Merrick Munson presided and Mr. James Reed acted as Secretary. The following suggestions were made.

BURGESS.—[One to be chosen,] Nicholas Jones, M. Munson.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS.—[Three to be chosen,] C. J. Shultz, J. L. Jordon, Dr. Rawhouser, J. G. Kruepp, Jacob Gue, Geo. Norcross, John Bryce. [The Burgess and the School Directors are to be voted by all the borough.]

FIRST WARD.

COUNCILS—(six to choose)—Leonard Hohn, Geo. L. Fisher, John Hughes, Walter Chess, Adam Diehl, Wm. Sankey, Geo. Troutman, Geo. D. Scharp, John W. Kemler, Wm. Ross.

ASSESSOR—(one to choose)—D. Baldwin, James Milligan, L. Hohn, John Shepherd.

ASSISTANT ASSESSOR—(one to choose)—L. Breakiron, J. N. Jarrett, D. P. Steele.

JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—(one to choose)—Wm. Schraur, J. N. Jarrett, L. Breakiron, J. Shepherd.

INSPECTOR OF ELECTIONS—(one to choose)—James Cline, Geo. Sehraur, D. Baldwin, D. Breakiron.

SECOND WARD.

COUNCILS—(four to choose)—Robert Brown, J. A. Phillips, John Sankey, W. C. Bracey, John Shoob, Aug Schwarm, M. M. Felker, Wm. Sprouts, John F. Wolters, Jacob Kinn.

ASSESSOR—(one to choose)—W. H. Parmor, W. Barcroft, R. J. Spielman,

ASSISTANT ASSESSOR—(one to choose)—Wm. McAllister, F. Schutte, D. Shepherd, Wm. Finch, Thomas Ward.

JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—(one to choose)—D. Shepherd, M. Church, F. Schutte.

INSPECTOR OF ELECTIONS—(one to choose)—N. Jones, C. J. V. Pitts, A. Doerflinger.

RETURN INSPECTOR—two to chose—S. Duvall, H. Ratleman, J. C. Brown, L. Hohn, C. Fackner, C. Wharton.

AUDITORS—four to chose—George Trautman, J. H. Burt, James Brown, D. C. Phillips.

ALDERMAN—four to chose—J. M. Jarrett, Jas. McWillock, P. Hoerr, M. Munson, N. Jones, R. E. Mercer, W. J. Miller.

CONSTABLE—two to elect—Wm. Schlutz, Thos. Ward, John Cunningham, Jas. McSwiggen.

The primary meeting will be held Saturday, March 9th.

GUARDIANS OF THE POOR.

Monthly Meeting Saturday.

The Board of Guardians of the Poor held a regular monthly meeting yesterday afternoon at their office on Fourth Avenue.

Present Messrs. Hays, Shaw, Smythe, Rowley, Arthurs, Fitzsimmons, Hartley, Sweitzer, Torrens and President Kincaid.

After the reading of the minutes, on motion Mr. James J. Kountz was continued as Solicitor of the Board.

The annual report of the Superintendent of the Home, Mr. W. D. Patterson, was read and filed.

The annual report of Dr. Benham, showed 239 visits during the year, 313 patients, and 73 office patients. During the month of February Dr. Benham paid 31 visits, attended 7 patients in the office and 22 outside.

Dr. W. S. Foster, assistant physician, reported 50 visits outside, 9 patients attended to at office and 50 outside.

Dr. McCandless reported 34 visits, perseriptions 13, office patients one.

Dr. Ward, Physician at the Home, reported ten admitted then during the month, nine discharged, three births and ten deaths.

The reports were all received and filed.

A number of small bills were received and warrants ordered.

Mr. Smythe moved to take up the resolution in reference to the establishment of an insane department at the Home.

The motion was lost by a vote of four to four, President Kincaid voting in the negative.

The Board then adjourned.

Board of Health.

The Board of Health held a semi-monthly meeting Saturday afternoon. In the absence of President Gross Mr. Arthurs was called to the chair.

Bills were presented and ordered to be paid as follows:

Mercy Hospital, $265. Fourteen interments in Uniondale Cemetery, $25. J. A. McKelvy & Co., $20. Vehicle hire, $102.

During February there were 118 nuisances abated. Small-pox cases, 76; sent to hospital, 14; buried, 6; permits granted, 46.

Amount received during month, $47; paid out, $19.30, leaving balance in Treasury, $27.70. There were 264 births, 197 deaths, and 1 death from small-pox during January. Since last meeting there were twenty cases of small-pox reported; all sent to hospital.

On motion it was resolved that a committee of two be appointed in connection with the Hospital Officer, to request the Mayor to notify his police to arrest all night scavengers found driving their carts out of the regular route laid down by the board. Carried.

Adjourned.

BREVITIES.

THE Semple robbery case will be before the Grand Jury to-morrow.

MR. WM. D. BAXTER has been re-elected to the position of messenger to the Third National Bank.

THE Board of Health of New York City had 41,401 persons vaccinated during the month of February.

SEVERAL bank statements—proof of them having been sent us, after we had gone to press on Saturday, appear in to-day's paper.

THE Republican Executive Committee of this county will meet to-morrow, at Lincoln Headquarters. Let there be a full attendance.

THE St. Louis Gas Company have reduced the price of gas from $4 to $3.75 per 1,000 feet. Why don't the Pittsburgh monopoly reduce their price?

WE REGRET to learn that W. A. Taylor, Esq., of the "Post" is seriously unwell with pneumonia, and confined to his room under the care of a physician.

THE Etna schools will give literary entertainments on the 21st and 22d inst. These schools will compare in proficiency equally with any of the suburban schools.

THE REV. MISS OLYMPIA BROWN, of Bridgeport, Connecticut, is to occupy the desk of the the Universalist Church, this city, next Sabbath, morning and evening.

DR. DUNCAN, the attending physician of Holtzman, the man who was severely cut by Corey last week, states that he entertains hopes of the injured man's recovery.

THE REPORT that Commodore George R. Cochran will be absent from his office for several days is not true. He informs us he will be on hand to attend to all who may want his professional service.

SATURDAY afternoon Prothonotary Ross issued a capias for the arrest of J. J. Lawson, to answer W. H. Wacker in a suit for slander. The accused is charged with circulating reports derogatory to the character of plaintiff's wife.

CAN it be that the whisky shops are allowed to keep open doors on the Sabbath day, for the purpose of bringing "grist" to the mill? It certainly looks very much like it, as is well-known at headquarters where the drunks get their "fire water" on Sunday.

THERE is an old saying to the purpose that every person must swallow at least a peck of dirt before he or she dies. But there is a professional dyer in this city who goes one better than this, for he says that his establishment has become so impregnated with dirt during this carnival of the dust-king that he cannot dye at all.

ON Saturday, while a funeral procession was on its way from Hazlewood to the Allegheny Cemetery, the horses attached to one of the barouches took fright, and backed over an embankment at the road side. The vehicle was badly demolished, and one of the occupants, Mrs. Oliver, sustained serious injury.

BABES born on the 29th of February will be compelled to live for eighty-four years before they reach their twenty-first birthday, and be subjected to the inconvenience of not being able to tell exactly, during three years of every four, upon what day to celebrate the anniversary, and to levy upon generous parents and grandparents.

A SLIGHT fire occurred yesterday afternoon in a small tenement house in the rear of the National Trust Company's Bank, on Penn avenue, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets. The family were absent at the time, and a quantity of wood convenient to the cooking stove ignited. The flames were discovered before much damage was done.

CAPTAIN RICHARD WILSON, of the Allegheny night police, on Saturday night received a neat gold badge, from the men under his command. Mr. Hugh McNeill made the presentation address in behalf of the men. Captain Wilson briefly replied, after which Mayor Callow made a few remarks and the force was dismissed.

THE excitement in the oil regions over the proposed operations of the South Improvement Company continues unabated. We imagine that a little more temperance should be exercised by the oil producers in the discussion of the subject, especially as they have not been entirely free from the suspicion that they too would bull or bear the market if fair opportunity and their own profit would render such movement practicable.

YESTERDAY AFTERNOON a man named Greenwalt attempted to cross between two cars of a train which had blockaded the Sandusky street crossing, Allegheny. In doing so he missed his footing and one of his legs fell between the bumpers which came together at that instant and severely crushed it. He received medical attention from Dr. P. W. Heron, and was afterwards taken to his home on Martin street. It is thought that amputation will not be necessary although the wound is a painful one.

THE COURTS.

Saturday's Proceedings.

COMMON PLEAS—FULL BENCH.

This Court was engaged in the hearing of motions, petitions, &c., during the session. Jury trials will be resumed this morning.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

36. (N. L.) Kerr vs. McCormick, et al.
132. (O. L.) Smith vs. Gray.
91. (N. L.) Geibert, et al. vs. Shoth, et al.
103. (N. L.) Mehoffey vs. MacKeown.
106. (N. L.) Buchanan & Co. vs Shiner & Co.
111. (N. L.) McClurg vs. McCombs.
118. (N. L.) O'Rourke vs. Shaum.
120. (N. L.) Hillebucht vs. Mahoney.
121. (N. L.) Yeaney vs. Dillon, et al.
123. (N. L.) City of Pitts'gh vs. Hershbauser.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGES HAMPTON AND KIRKPATRICK.

No business of special interest was transacted in this Court, on Saturday. This week both benches will be in session. Judge Hampton will proceed with the regular list, and Judge Kirkpatrick with the special. Should Judge Kirkpatrick get through his special list before the week closes, he will take up cases from the special list. Following is the

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

[To be taken up by Judge Hampton.]

45. Steinhauser vs. Steinhauser & Schmidt.
67. Kinch vs. Kinch.
92. McCloskey et al. vs. Wm. Demslee.
93. Grady et al. vs. Wm. Hoarler.
97. Gorbach vs. New Jersey Mutual Life Insurance Company.
103. Kaufman vs Mentel.
105. City of Pittsburgh vs. Gill's heirs.
104. Same vs. Same.
107. Same vs. N. Gill's heirs.
108. Same vs. Alexander King.
109. Same vs. Garvin Elevator Company.
110. Same vs. Riddle.

[Special list before Jude Kirkpatrick.]

74. Samuel McClurkan vs. Lockhart & Frew.
75. Port Pitt Banking Co. vs. Lockhart & Frew.
75. Same vs. Byers & Co.
169. (O. L.) Samuel McClurkan vs. Lockhart & Frew.
170. (O. L.) Same vs. same.
171. (O. L.) Same vs. Same.
172. (O. L.) Same vs. same.

CRIMINAL COURT.

Commonwealth vs.

Sarah Casey,	Ellen Clarey,
Louis Shafner et al.,	John Berger,
Wm. D. Hannle,	Leopold Hart,
Michael Fox,	Fred. Fritch,
Wm. Moell,	Eccles Robinson,
Bernard Aikins,	Frank Byrne, 9 cases,
Barbara Stein,	John Grant.

OIL NEWS.

[From the Oil Man's Journal.]

PARKER FIELD.

Some nine or ten wells are drilling on the Wilt farm. The well sunk by Harrington and others continues to pump about fifteen barrels per day.

On the Hutchison farm eight wells are now drilling, and one pumping some 15 barrels per day.

On the Esq. Campbell farm, three wells are drilling and one pumping about 25 barrels per day.

On the Shepard farm, one well is drilling in which the tools have been stuck for several weeks. This farm, it is thought will all prove excellent territory, as it is surrounded by good wells.

On the Martin tract, just south of the Stone House farm, a well has been sunk which is pumping about 20 barrels per day.

On the Say farm, near Martinsburg, one well is pumping four or five barrels per day, and two others are being drilled.

The Lambing well on the Fletcher farm, is pumping about 12 barrels per day.

The Lambing well on the Robert Campbell farm continues to yield about 40 barrels per day.

It is said that the Lambing well on the Shakely farm, continues to pump 50 to 55 barrels per day.

A well owned by Cook and others, on land of Judge Weating located on the Clarion river a short distance below the mouth of Turkey Run, was drilled into the third sand some depth during the latter part of last week and commenced flowing at the rate of over 100 barrels per day. This extraordinary flow of oil was kept up for some days. It is thought this well will prove one of the largest in the district.

POLICE NOTES.

Brief Mention of Criminalities.

The hearing in the case of Peter Corry, charged with the cutting of Holtzman, which was to have taken place on Saturday, was postponed one week, the wounded man not being yet considered out of danger.

John Shubert and his wife, Margaret, were arrested on Saturday, and brought before Alderman O'Donnell, charged, on oath of Nathaniel Lebman, with keeping a bawdy house on Mulberry alley. In default of $1,000 they were committed to jail for a hearing on the 7th inst.

Fine Silverware.

Dinner Castors, Butter Bowls and Ice Pitchers.
Coffee Urns, Tea Sets and Cake Baskets.
Pudding Dishes, Berry Dishes, Waiters and Goblets.
Spoons, Knives and Forks.

S. M. Orr, 114 Federal street, Allegheny, has on hand an elegant assortment of silver and silver-plated ware at reasonable figures.

Mr. A. Cook, No. 27 Sixth (late St. Clair) street, intends to remove to New York. This is a rare opportunity to buy Millinery, Trimmings, White Goods, Hosiery, etc., 50 per cent. BELOW COST. Lease of three years for the whole building, fixtures, ets., also for sale. For particulars inquire at No. 27 St. Clair street. tf.

AFTER two columns and a half of the most undoubted prose, a paragraph in the Chicago "Evening Post" says: "The rhymes in the above are not very good, but no better can be furnished at this office until higher salaries are paid." We suppose that is intended for a joke, but really no one can tell—until higher salaries are paid—what the "Post" intends for jokes and what it does not.

"REPORT me and my cause aright," said the Bard of Avon, but there were no "Tribune correspondents" then or he would have known such a request was utterly useless.

FAVORABLE REPORT.

Public Buildings Delegation.

The members of this delegation, except Col. J. M. Cooper, who remains over for a few days before proceeding to Boston, and Col. J. P. Barr, who went to Philadelphia, arrived home on Saturday. Their reception at the Capitol by the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, was very cordial, and, so far as can be guessed from the intimations of its members, justifies the expectation that their report will be in favor of granting somewhere from $300,000 to $600,000, or so much thereof as is necessary to purchase a site for new Government buildings in this city. Mr. Garfield, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations gave but little encouragement to expect favor from his committee, but the delegates hope, however, that he will exhibit the good sense to discriminate among the numerous applications for public buildings in favor of that from Pittsburgh as one of more pressing necessity than any other.

The Secretary of the Treasury seems set for restricting all demands on the treasury to the lowest possible limits; nevertheless he seems to see good reason why a suitable site for our buildings should be secured without delay.

The President was visited on Friday morning. The call was one of ceremony rather than on business. He will throw no obstacle in the way of the desired improvements.

The delegates bring with them a strong persuasion that, while money to *erect the building* will be denied, a site for it will be provided for this session, and further appropriations for the erection follow a year hence.

Our representative Gen. Negley is most zealous and indefatigable in his efforts for this and other interests of his constituency; the Delegation could see everywhere evidences of his industry and tact, and of his influence with the committees of Congress. We think our District has never been represented more energetically and efficiently than by Gen. Negley. Several members of Congress from different parts of the State, and from other States were, interviewed, and upon learning the peculiar need of new buildings in this city, were free to pledge their support of any bill for our relief. Gen. Foster, of Westmoreland, McClelland, of Greene and Washington, Gratz, of Berks and others are committed to our interests, so that unless the bill is opposed by the Committee on Appropriations and by Gov. Boutwell, we will almost certainly get an appropriation. If it fails it will be despite the most able and persistent efforts of our Representative.

SECOND LIST, 1872,

Of Applications to Sell Liquor Filed in the Clerk's Office:

CITY OF PITTSBURGH.

FIRST WARD.

Patrick Reagan, Tavern, No. 16 Diamond street; Charles Harbaugh, Tavern, No. 7 Penn street; Edward McDermott, Tavern, No. 21 Penn street; Andrew Hawn, Tavern, No. 5 Diamond Square; Reinoaid Hohman, Tavern, No. 7 Union street.

SECOND WARD.

E. Reineman & Son, Tavern, Nos. 65 and 67 Smithfield street; John Ullrich, Tavern, No. 64 Diamond street; Ernest Niehel, Tavern, Nos. 60 and 62 Diamond street; A. G. McGrew & Co., O. G., No. 197 First avenue; H. Gallsaith, Tavern, No. 69 Diamond street.

THIRD WARD.

Albera Young, No. 105 Sixth avenue.

FOURTH WARD.

Levy & Wood, Tavern, No. 25 Sixth street; Wm. Rueckeisen, Tavern, No. 34 Sixth street; Daniel Meennan, Tavern, No. No. 48 Seventh street.

SEVENTH WARD.

B. H. Lubbers, O. G., No. 16 Clark street.

NINTH WARD.

John Lorosch, Tavern, No. 130 Penn street; Anthony Specht, Tavern, No. 544 Penn street; Frank Lofink, Tavern, No. 188 Penn street; Joseph Reigner, Tavern, No. 559 Penn avenue; Joseph Kuester, Tavern, No. 515 Penn avenue; Daniel Voltz, Tavern, No. 507 Penn avenue; Deshon & Martin, Tavern, No 109 Liberty street.

TENTH WARD.

Joseph Stadtleman, Tavern, No. 720 Penn avenue; Bolin Smith, Tavern, No. 646 Penn avenue; Henry Thompson, Tavern, No 603 Penn avenue.

ELEVENTH WARD.

Geo. W. Gillespie, O. G., No. 41 Arthur street; James Snevalin, Tavern, No. — Wylie street.

SEVENTEENTH WARD.

John Kelley, Tavern, No. — Penn avenue; Henry Fuchs, Tavern, No. — Penn avenue.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD.

Andrew Miller, tavern, No. — Centre avenue.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

FIRST WARD.

William Tephold, tavern, No. 36 West Diamond.

SECOND WARD.

E. P. Byrne, tavern, No. 81 Irwin avenue; John Grant, No. 2 Taylor avenue; Patrick McGrady, tavern, No. — Irwin avenue; Geo. Lautz, tavern, No. 17 Charles street; Michael Seifert, tavern, No. — Perryville Road.

THIRD WARD.

Sautter & Gerst, Tavern, No. 109 and 111 Second street; Valentine Arnold, Tavern, No. 153 Madison avenue; Frank Keupleka, Tavern, No. 233 Ohio street; John Shulthels, Tavern, No. 132 East street; Magdalena Wacker, Tavern, No. 150 Madison avenue; Henry Heinnaman, Tavern, No. 48 Pike street; Joseph E. Eshenlauer, Tavern, No. 174 Madison avenue; Michael Hock, Tavern, No. 127 Chestnut street; Martin Nestle, Tavern, No. 56 James street; John Bayer, Tavern, No. 229 Ohio street; E. Hess, Tavern, No. 219 East Ohio St; Anthony Breigel, Tavern, No. 67 Ohio street; Fred. Mohn, Tavern, No. 36 East street; Frederick Lang, Tavern, No. 148 Madison avenue; A. F. Pauline, Tavern, No. 111 Ohio street; Theodore Huesken, Tavern, No. 13 East street; Jacob Sigmund, Tavern, No. 90 East street; John Shultheis, E. H., No. 85 Middle street; Frederick Kochendoerfer, O. G. No. 249 Ohio street; Henry Bork, O. G., No. 70 East street; Jos. Raab, O. G., No. 161 Madison avenue.

FOURTH WARD.

John Miller, Tavern, No. 264 Ohio street; Geo. Gerber, Tavern, No. 26 South East street; Geo. Schopp, Tavern, No. 248 Ohio street; John S. Coney, Tavern, No. 49 Chestnut street; Wm. Hoffman, Tavern, No. 86 Federal street; Conrad Saker, Tavern, No. 112 Ohio street; John C. Bittner, Tavern, No. 81 Liberty street; J. P. Wacker, Tavern, No. 374 Ohio street; Ferdinand Schlotter, Tavern, Nos. 86 and 88 Ohio street; Herman T. Ehlers, Tavern, 43 Main street; E. T. Cooper, O. G., No. 53 South Diamond.

SEVENTH WARD.

Christopher Yaggi, Tavern, No. 95 Spring Garden avenue; Damus Lutz, Tavern, No. 1 Spring Garden avenue; Peter Rischner, Tavern, No. 196 Spring Garden avenue; John Wetzler, Tavern, No. 17 Spring Garden avenue; Joseph Glamser, Tavern, No. 16 Spring Garden avenue; A. Kiedusch, Tavern, No. 173 Spring Garden avenue; Frederick Stahle, Tavern, No. 184 and 186 Spring Garden avenue.

EIGHTH WARD.

Michael Kautz, Tavern, No. 10 Pine street; Herman Brandt, Tavern, No. 387 Ohio street; Leopold Bertsch, Tavern, No. 595 Ohio street; Joseph Chiverton, Tavern, No. 23 Ohio street, Ninth ward.

BOROUGHS.

Gertude Och, Tavern, No. 1206 Washington street, Birmingham; Frederick Richenbach, O. G., No 1818 Sarah street, East Birmingham; Henry Seitz, Tavern, No. — Butler Plank Road, Etna; William Grossgloss, Tavern, No. — Sarah street, Ormsby; John Eberle, O. G., corner Main and Walnut streets, Sharpsburg; Wendell Daub, E. H., No. — Pine street, St. Clair; Geo. Pauley, E. H., No. — Fulton street, Union.

TOWNSHIPS.

Joseph Dierstein, Tavern, No. — Perrysville Road, independent district; Jacob Bronder, Tavern, Ormsby avenue, Lower St. Clair; C. Froelieg, Tavern, Perrysville Plank Road, Reserve; Christian Brergal, Tavern, No — Lowry street, Reserve.

The License Board will hear the above applications on Thursday, March 14th, 1872 at 10 A. M. JOSEPH BROWNE.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The Spanish iron-clad Numancia has arrived ta Havana.

—A Republican mass meeting at Concord, N. H., on Saturday night, was addressed by McKee, of Mississippi, and James H. Wilson, of Iowa.

—Tompson's wadding mill in Ellington, Ct., was burned last Friday night, together with 1,000 bales of manufactured goods. Loss $40,000; no insurance.

—Mrs. Kramer, who was brutally beaten at the time her husband was murdered, in Washington township, Schuylkill Haven, Pa., died yesterday morning.

—The Terre Haute (Indiana) *Journal* publishes a letter from Hon. D. Voorhees, in which he peremptorily declines to be the Democratic candidate for Governor of Indiana.

—Jules Valli, a member of the great iron firm of Chutan, Harrison & Valli, of St. Louis, and for many years connected with the iron and lead mining interests of Missouri, died yesterday.

—A dispatch announces the suddden death of Nathan Englemann, proprietor of the Englemann Transportation Company, at Aiken, Ga., where he had gone for the benefit of his health.

—The motion of Ex-Alderman James Walsh, of Chicago, for a new trial, has been overruled by Judge Farewell, and the bribe-taker fined $100 and sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

—A Franklin special reports a horrible mutilation of a youth named Amos McKinney by Patrick Tracey, who had been discarded by a young lady to whom he was to be married. Lynchers are after Tracey.

—One train on the Union Pacific Railroad is reported stuck in the snow between Sheremen and Red Butes Station, one at Rock Creek and another at Medicine Bow. The extent of the present blockade is not known.

—Grand Duke Alexis, accompanied by his staff and by Governor Morens and others, attended a cock fight, at Havana, yesterday. The day being Sunday, a large crowd was present. A ball was given at the Palace last night.

—Dennis Little shot dead a young man named White at Dix Island, Maine, on Saturday afternoon. Little then shot himself three or four times, cut his own throat, and gave himself up to the other boarders; but will die. Little accused White of writing to the former's wife in Quincy, Mass.

—The Lower House of the Missouri Legislature on Saturday passed what is known as the "Gerhart Park" bill, which provides for the purchase of one thousand acres of land, more or less, in the extreme western part of St. Louis for a central park, and the issuance of one million dollars of bonds to pay for it.

—The trial of Peter Schwad, at Hamilton, O., charged with stuffing a ballot-box in October, 1870, at the above place, ended on Saturday, with an acquittal of the defendant. This decision was looked upon with interest in political circles, as it is claimed to affect the contest of L. D. Campbell's seat in Congress.

THE STATE.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

THE contract for the erection of the new poor house for this county has been awarded to James Hamilton and Nelson Vankirk, at the sum of $80,700.

THE Washington borough councils think of buying a Babcock fire engine. There is to be a trial in Washington, and if that is successful the machine will be purchased.

ON Thursday last, a child of Thomas Houseman of Waverly about one year old, upset the coffee pot, and was scalded so badly as to cause its death on the following morning.

MARTIN NOON, employed in the Tigress coal works, in Union township, was killed on Thursday last by the accidental explosion of fire damp in said works. An inquest was held on the body by John Holland, Esq., of Monongahela City, the same day, and a verdict of accidental death rendered.

THE Farmers' Club met on the 22nd inst., and elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President, J. C. Chambers; Vice President, S. K. Weirich; Secretary, Wm. Paul; Treasurer, Richard Fitzwilliams.

The next meeting of the Club will be held in the Arbitration Room on the second Saturday of March. Subject for discussion; "The most economical way of feeding stock—whether by steaming, grinding or feeding whole."

A CORRESPONDENT of the Monongahela "Republican" says that a few nights ago some dogs attacked a flock of sheep belonging to Robert McKean, of Fallowfield township, killing and wounding between thirty and forty of the best, including some of his finest Cotswold and Leicester ewes. His loss is between three or four hundred dollars. A day or so afterward they attacked the flock again, but this time they were discovered before they had done much harm, and one of the dogs was killed. They afterwards made an attack on Smith Fry's flock, but were seen and driven off before doing much harm.

MERCER COUNTY.

2,500 TONS of block coal is shipped from Crawford & Patterson's bank, near Middlesex, per month.

A LITTLE boy named Willie Bellig, about six years old, broke through the ice on the canal in Sharon at twelve o'clock Tuesday, and was drowned.

A BARN belonging to Charles Koonce, situated near the Clarksville station, was destroyed by fire about seven o'clock last Thursday morning. The barn contained ten tons of hay, and its destruction was completed in a short time. No insurance. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

THE dwelling house owned and occupied by Mr. T. A. Williamson, situated about a mile northeast of Greenville, in Hempfield township, was, with all its contents, totally destroyed by fire last Friday morning, the inmates barely escaping with their lives. The fire originated in the kitchen, but in what manner could not be ascertained.

THE tannery of Battelger Brothers, in Clarksville, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night. The origin of the fire and the loss sustained we have been unable to learn. That Clarksville is infested with incendiaries is scarcely to be doubted, as fires in that vicinity are of frequent occurrence. Still we do not hear of any efforts being made to ferret out the scoundrels and bring them to justice.

THE woods and fields in the vicinity of Hermitage caught fire last Friday, and on Saturday the flames, owing to the high wind which prevailed, had gained such headway that the miners in the Phillips' Bank were called on to assist in "fighting the fire." About seventy-five acres, belonging to Messrs. Fish and Koonce, were burned over. After great efforts, the fire was eventually got under control and prevented from spreading. The fire originated by sparks from a locomotive alighting in a brush heap.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

THIS county has twenty-six prisoners in the Penitentiary and House of Refuge.

THE Uniontown woolen mills are now running eight looms, two cards and two spinning jacks, employing twenty hands.

D. STURGEON GOODWIN, ESQ., the senior member of the Board of Directors of Poor, Fayette county, died on Wednesday of last week, of pulmonary diseases, after a protracted illness.

ELIZABETH MAULER, daughter of Jas. Mauler, of North Union township, who was severely burned about twelve weeks ago, by her dress coming in contact with the fire in the grate, died on last Saturday, after suffering intensely for eleven weeks.

THE "Genius" says: "We understand that the White School House, in Dunbar township, was the scene of an outrageous and disgraceful row on the night of the 21st inst., on the occasion of a spelling school. Handy billys, iron knuckles, stones, &c., were used in profusion. We are not well enough acquainted with the facts to warrant us in giving all the names of the parties engaged, but hope that the good citizens of that vicinity will have the matter investigated and the guilty ones punished."

ON Monday afternoon last, between the hours of one and two o'clock, a train of forty-five cars, laden principally with Dunbar iron and coke, jumped the track at White Rock, while making the curve at that point. The train was running at a high rate of speed in order to ascend the deep grade, and in doing so the engine was forced from the track, and with the first car, plunged through a house near by, carrying away half the building and furniture. The family happened to be in the upper story, and so no one was hurt, although the stairs were carried away, and the people had to be brought out on ladders.

BEAVER COUNTY.

DR. WHITE FEATHER is the name of an Indian who is lecturing in the neighborhood of New Brighton.

ON LAST Saturday between 10 and 11 A. M., an accident occurred near Darlington, which resulted in the loss of a young gentleman's life. The young man's name was Robert Hannah, and at the time of the casualty himself and his brother John were engaged in cutting down a tree on a hill side. Before the tree fell it split, and a portion of it struck him on the right side of the head and broke his skull, killing him almost instantly.

ON Sunday last, the body of a man was found floating down the Ohio river, near Georgetown, this county. The deceased had on a dark jacket, coat, pants and vest, undershirt and drawers. He was about five feet eight inches in height, had black hair and chin whiskers, and is supposed to be between twenty-five and thirty years of age. He had one gold and one silver ring on the fingers of his left hand, and also wore ear rings. He had the appearance of having been in the water for some time.

GREENE COUNTY.

A DISGRACEFUL affair recently occurred at Setstill, Greene county. A few evenings since the society that is in the habit of worshipping at that place had prayer meeting, and when the audience was dismissed, and before the audience had time to get out of the house, the lights were extinguished, and four young ladies were immediately seized by some ruffians, who handled them in a very rude and wanton manner, to the great mortification of the girls who belong to the most respectable families in the neighborhood. Yet the Greene county boast is that the jail is empty.

MR. NATHANIEL CLARK, of Waynesburg, was scraped off his horse by a clothes line which he did not observe, and had his collar bone broken.

THERE is a sort of a split in the Republican party in Waynesburg, but both sides are in favor of re-nominating Grant.

BUTLER COUNTY.

THE new postoffice building in Butler is nearly completed.

BUILDING will be brisk in Butler during the coming season.

THREE new oil wells are to be commenced near Butler at once; several coal shafts are being sunk thereabouts also.

The Butler "American" says: On Saturday last, the whole southern end of the town was thrown into a state of great excitement by a terrible combat in and around Stoke's shop. The conflict lasted for several hours, during which time, many persons were injured, and materials for several law suits manufactured.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

KITTANNING wants to sell its fire-engine.

THE Republicans of this county are called to meet in the court house at Kittanning on the evening of March 5th at 7 o'clock to select a County Executive Committee, and elect delegates to the Republican Convention to be held at Harrisburg on the 10th of April.

A MAN named Geo. Carson, while under the influence of liquor, on Friday night last, fell down a pair of stairs, in the hotel at the Mouth of Mahoning, and was killed. He was a carpenter by trade, resided in the neighborhood, and had built the hotel in which he met his death.

INDIANA COUNTY.

SCARLET FEVER is prevailing in Smicksburg.

HOMER had a handkerchief party on the 22d.

ON the 4th and 5th there are to be tabaleaux in the town hall at Blairsville for the benefit of the Academy library.

WASHINGTON'S birthday was celebrated in Indiana by the meeting in the court house of a County Temperance Convention.

A MAN named Wm. Duke at Smicksburg has caught 21 skunks during the past fortnight and now wants to sell the scent bags.

WESTERN CORRESPONDENCE.

DEAR GAZETTE:—At last you come, and you are the same good old GAZETTE, only we were used to reading your daily, while now we must be content with the weekly. But then we were citizens of your Sister City, now we are three hundred and seventy-five miles west of Chicago, on the Iowa prairie. We have here a town of about one thousand inhabitants, and will soon have facilities equal to any western town, as we expect this season, to have cars running to this place on the Missouri, Iowa and Nebraska Railroad, under the control of the Pennsylvania Central, we have a railroad five miles south, and twenty miles north. We have four churches, United Presbyterian, Presbyterian, Methodist and Baptist, all of which have settled pastors. We have a graded school employing three teachers. We have seven practicing physicians, and as this is the county seat, we have no scarcity of the legal fraternity. We have two weekly papers published here, both Republican, and we all rejoice in the opinion that Grant will do for four years more. We have three dry goods, two grocery, four drug, two furniture, two stove and tin, one boot and shoe, and one hardware store. We have one good steam flouring mill; a lumber yard, and repair shops of all kinds. We have three hotels and one under contract, which is to be 42x64, three stories high, four new business houses will be built in one block, the whole being eighty feet square. We have two livery stables, and hacks running north, south, east and west, and in true western style I would say come *here* and settle.

SYLVESTER V. SUMMIT.

CORYDON, WAYNE CO., IOWA.

—Extensive preparations are making for the reunion of artillery officers of the Army of the Potomac at Providence, R. I., on the 6th inst. A large number of officers from different States have signified their intention of being present.

ST. LOUIS

The Liberal Republican Movement Not as Popular as was Expected—The Recent Investigation into Election Frauds—Sinking of Steamer Sallie—Coadjutor to Archbishop Appointed—Suit Filed for Damages—St. Patrick's Day.

THE LIBERAL REPUBLICANS.

ST. LOUIS, March 3.—A special from Topeka, Ks., to the *Democrat*, says the call which has been issued for a State Convention to send delegates to the Liberal Republican Convention at Cincinnati, has not met with the success its originators expected. Auditor of State Thoman and Senator Haas, of Leavenworth, both Germans, signed the call, and it was boasted that the whole German element would follow the movement; but after a week's work but few have fallen into line, and according to present prospects not one-quarter of the German vote in the State will leave the Republican party.

THE RECENT INVESTIGATION.

The Secretary of State has not yet been furnished with a copy of the concurrent resolutions which directed him to forward a copy of the testimony taken by the Investigating Committee to the Vice President of the United States, to lay it before the Senate. It would seem as though the organized effort to keep important testimony out of the way during the investigation is kept up to prevent anything official from going to Washington. Numerous efforts have been made to get hold of the testimony on a pretended wish to copy it since it went into the hands of the printer, but is believed the real object was to destroy portions of it.

SINKING OF STEAMER SALLIE.

A telegram received here to-day says the steamer Sallie was sunk near Swan Lake, on the Arkansas river, to the boiler deck. She will probably be a total loss, and but a small part of her cargo was saved. The Sallie was owned by the St. Louis, Arkansas and White River Packet Company. She left here last Sunday with a cargo valued at $15,000. She was rated by Pittsburgh underwriters at $18,000, and was insured in that city for $12,000, but the names of the companies cannot be given. The freight list was partly insured, and the cargo is believed to be fully covered.

COADJUTOR TO ARCHBISHOP.

ST. LOUIS, March 2.—Very Rev. Father Ryan, of St. Johns Church in this city, has been appointed Coadjutor to Archbishop Kennick, and will be consecrated as such on Easter.

SUIT FILED.

John L. Norman filed a suit to-day against the St. Louis, Vandalia and Terre Haute Railroad Company, claiming $25,000 damages in consequence of having been poisoned and physically ruined for life while assisting in building the depot for said company in East St. Louis last summer. The timber used in the construction of the depot was saturated with arsenic and other poisons to prevent decay, and it may be remembered that five or six workmen died from the effects of the absorption of poison into their systems. Eleven other workmen filed suits against the company in Belleville, Illinois, last summer, claiming heavy damages for injuries received in this manner.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

Representatives of various Irish societies of this city met on the 1st and decided to have a grand parade on St. Patrick's day. All benevolent, Hibernian, temperance and other societies and several military companies will be in procession, and the display will be one of the finest of its kind ever witnessed in this city.

PHILADELPHIA.

National Bureau of Immigration.

PHILADELPHIA, March 2.—At a meeting of the National Bureau of Immigration, held last night, W. F. Parker presiding, Horace Greeley gave an account of the formation of a colony in Colorado, and also of the advantage of associated capital and labor accruing to the working classes in colonies in new States. J. T. Goodenough, of Kansas, gave details of agriculture, prices of land, live stock and fruit culture. The next meeting will be held at Boston, to promote colonization on the line of the Northern Pacific. Another will be held at Charleston to colonize the Southern States.

INDIANA.

Report on Indiana Coal.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 2.—By invitation of the Board of Trade, Col. Carrington, U. S. A., Professor of Military Science at Wabash College, exhibited at their rooms this afternoon some large specimens of bituminous and semi-block coal from Parke county, Indiana, which, in his judgment and that of Prof. Cox, State Geologist, who accompanied Col. Carrington to the field, demonstrates that for steel and iron manufacture and for fuel and gas and charring purposes, Indiana has a bed of coal equal to every demand.

IN Boone county, Kentucky, there is a family whose singular manner of living, and other peculiarities, excite general interest. The head of the family is a native of Scotland, an educated man, well read, and of fine conversational powers. He does nothing for the support of his family, and, although they are in an almost starving condition, is devoting his time to the study of the Greek language. While he is thus engaged they are living in a miserable hut without floor or windows, and with scarcely food enough to keep them from starving. The woman has neither education nor sense; in fact, the only thing she has worth speaking of is fits. She gives the family what attention it gets, and prepares the food sent them by neighbors, while her husband is engaged in his classical studies, or in prowling about the neighborhood, reading essays to his acquaintances. People suppose that he is crazy, and in the spring an effort will be made to provide in some way for him and his helpless family.

SARATOGA
"GEYSER" SPRING WATER.
(Medicinally the best.)
PITTSBURGH DEPOT,
RANKIN'S APOTHECARY,
45 SIXTH STREET, under Hotel.

MARRIED.

COBURN—BURNS—On Sunday, March 3d, 1872, at the residence of the bride's mother, at Florence, Pa., by the Rev. A. P. Rockwell, of Frankfort Springs, Mr. WILL A. COBURN, to Miss AGNES D. BURNS, sister of James E. Burns, of this city.

[We tender our heartiest congratulations to the "twain made one," and hope all manner of happiness may fall to their lot. May joy ever attend them and their pathway through live be strewn with the roses of contentment and peace.]

DIED.

WELDON—On Saturday, March 2d, at 11 P. M., J. R. WELDON.

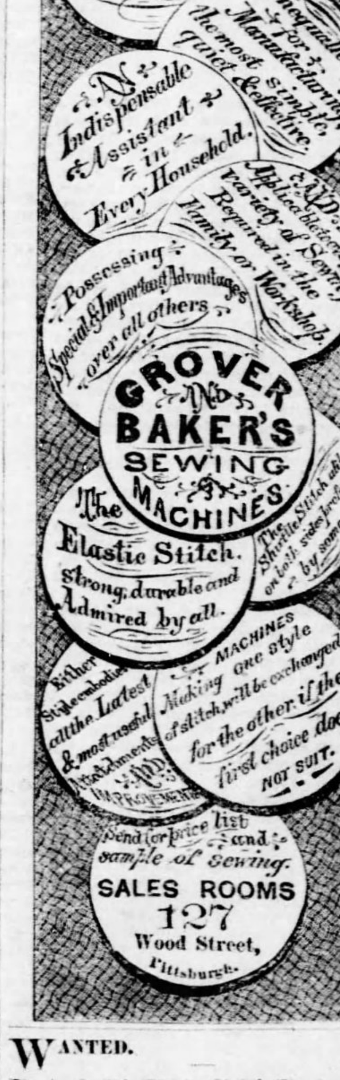
The funeral will take place on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 150, Fourth avenue.

CARROLL—On Saturday evening, March 2d, CHAUNCEY W. CARROLL, aged 14 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence in Temperanceville, opposite the Methodist church, on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectively invited to attend.

ALEXANDER AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 156 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins of all kinds, Shrouds, Crape, Gloves, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



WANTED.

RAGS! RAGS! RAGS!

The highest price paid for good Rags, in large or small quantities, at

H. R. M'Clellan & Co.,

362 PENN STREET.

We have also the best and largest stock of BROOM, BROOM MATERIAL and WRAPPING PAPER in the city, to which we call the attention of the trade. Call and see us.

H. R. M'CLELLAN & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

FIFTH AVENUE.

EVERY EVENING. SATURDAY MATINEE.

B E R T H A

BERTHA

THE SEWING MACHINE GIRL; OR DEATH AT THE WHEEL.

OPERA HOUSE.

Secure seats early.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
JOHN ELLSLER....Sole Lessee and Manager.

First engagement of the Beautiful and Gifted Artiste,

MRS. F. S. CHANFRAU.

MONDAY EVENING, March 4, 1872, the new play, written expressly for Mrs. Chanfrau by C. W. Tayleure, Esq., entitled

Isabel's Expiation.

Lady Isabel, Ferdinand Moulton, } ....Mrs. F. S. Chanfrau.

LECTURES.

MERCANTILE

Library Lectures.

LIBRARY HALL.

The Fourteenth Lecture of the Course by

WENDELL PHILLIPS,

On TUESDAY EVENING, March 5th.

ADMISSION 75 CENTS.

Tickets can be had at the Library.

PROF. TOERGE'S ORCHESTRA

Will execute some of their finest Selections.

The Committee have not received the title of Mr. Phillips'

NEW LECTURE,

but feel assured that in such able hands any subject will prove interesting. mh1

LIBRARY HALL.

REV. JOS. R. KERR

WILL LECTURE ON

"FICTION,"

Thursday Evening, March 7th,

For benefit of Central Mission Sabbath School. Admission, 50 cents. Doors open at 7. Lecture to commence at 8. Tickets can be had at all the principal Music and Book Stores of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and at the hall on evening of Lecture. mh4:80

FREE LECTURE

AT THE ROOMS OF THE

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION,

Penn and Sixth streets,

ON TUESDAY, MARCH 5th,

By Hon. T. J. Bingham.

Subject: Constitutional Reform in Pennsylvania Historically Considered.

A cordial invitation is extended to all. fe29:109-T&MF

AUCTION SALES.

$100,000.00

WORTH OF SPLENDID

ENGLISH BOOKS,

In Splendid Bindings,

COMPRISING ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY CASES, at auction, sent direct from the great publishing houses of

ENGLAND	SCOTLAND
Longman's,	Blackwood,
John Murray,	Chambers,
Henry J. Bohn,	Makenzie,
Moxon,	Ninons,
Fegg,	Black.
Rlindington.	

And JAMES DUFFY, of Dublin.

The whole to be sold by Public Auction in Pittsburgh, No. 65 Wood street, under Lafayette Hall. Now on exhibition.

Sale to commence MONDAY EVENING, March 4, at 7 o'clock, continuing day and evening untill all sold. This is the best collection of Valuable English Books ever offered at one sale in the United States. The sale will be conducted by

N. Whiting & Co.,

Auctioneers, assisted by the well-known English Book Auctioneer, Mr. SHAW.

P. S.—Ladies and gentlemen wishing to purchase at private sale will be most ably and constantly waited upon by Mr. McAdams, a gentleman of large experience in the business. mh2-19

UTILITY WORKS,

Fulton and Juniata Streets,

FOR SALE.

The real Estate, buildings, machinery, patterns and all other working material of these established works are for sale.

Persons competent to conduct the business will find this an excellent opportunity. A decided bargain will be given. Apply to

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,

fe9 159 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, February 29, 1872.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of the following streets will be received at this office until 3 P. M. on FRIDAY, March 15, 1872:

Hatfield street, from First alley, east of Forty-sixth to Forty-seventh street.

Granville street, from Webster avenue to Wylie avenue.

Thirty-ninth street, from Penn avenue to Mary street.

John street, from Penn avenue to Mary street.

Race street, from Penn avenue to Butler street.

Thirty-eighth street, from Penn avenue to Iron City Park.

Liberty street, from Frankstown avenue to Mellon's Line.

Also, Grading of Devilliers street, from Bedford avenue to Rose street.

Also, Grading and Paving of Young's alley, from — alley to Vine alley.

Also, the following sewers:

Sewer on Thirty-third street, from south line of Penn avenue to Allegheny river.

Sewer on Ninth street, from Liberty to Fayette streets.

Sewer on Grant street, from Fifth avenue to Strawberry alley.

Specifications can be seen and blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids will be received unless made upon blanks furnished by this office.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

fe29:136

OFFICE OF COTROLLER, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, February 29, 1872.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 3 P. M., MONDAY, March 11, 1872, for supplying the Allegheny Water Works during the current year with the following supplies, viz.: pipes, branches, and sleeves of different calibres;

Stop cocks and fire plugs, stop cock, fire plug and washout boxes, ferrules, miscellaneous castings, &c. Best quality of nut coal.

All of which is to be delivered at such times and places as the Superintendent of Water Works may direct.

Forms of proposals can be had and specifications seen at the office of William Paul, Jr., Superintendent of Water Works.

All pipe to be weighed on the Diamond scales.

Payment will be made quarterly.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

WM. M. PORTER, Controller.

fe29:166

PROPOSALS FOR THE ERECTION OF a Public School Building in South Pittsburgh will be received until TUESDAY, March 12, at 4 o'clock, P.M., at the office of Justice W. H. BARKER, No. 86 Carson street. Plans and Specifications can be seen at the office of Barr & Moser, Architects, 2 and 4 Sixth street, Pittsburgh. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, February 2..., 1872.

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENTS FOR the Grading, Paving and Curbing of High street, from Fifth avenue to Old avenue, are now ready for examination and will remain in this office ten (10) days, when they will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

fe23

Foreign Soaps.

LUBIN'S SOAPS, all odors;
BRECKNELL'S SKIN SOAP;
LOW'S BROWN WINDSOR, large size;
RIEGER'S PARIS AND LONDON SOAP;
SQUIRE'S TRUE GLYCERINE SOAP, (contains 40 per cent. pure Glycerine;)
PRICE'S CONCENTRATED GLYCERINE SOAP, (contains 33 per cent. pure Glycerine;)
SARG'S VIENNE SOAP, (contains 33 per cent. pure Glycerine;)
KESAN (Russian) SOAP, &c.,
Of my own Importation.

Simon Johnston,

Cor. of Smithfield street, and Fourth Ave.

OFFICE OF THE TRIUMPH OIL COMPANY, No. 99 First avenue, PITTSBURGH, February 24, 1872.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following Certificates of Stock in the Triumph Oil Co., having been lost or destroyed. Duplicate certificates will be issued in lieu thereof after March 20th, upon Bonds of indemnity with satisfactory sureties being filed with the Company, after which time the originals, if in existence, will be null and void:

Certificates No.	36 and 390 issued to	J. T. Ryerson.
"	25 and 383 "	Geo. S. Bown.
"	31 and 387 "	Robt. L. North.
"	60 and 450 "	Tomlinson Bros.
"	49 and 397 "	Geo. T. Abbey.
"	47 and 396 "	John Nutt.
"	16 and 395 "	Henry Brooks.
"	71 and 403 "	L. J. Gage.

fe26-118 WILLIAM LOEFFLER, Secretary.